

Regular & Multicolour Editions of

High School English Grammar

Composition

S. CHAND



**Key to**Wren & Martin's

Regular & Multicolour Editions of

High School English Grammar

Composition

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to

Regular & Multicolour Editions of High School English Grammar &

Grammar & Composition

WREN & MARTIN

Revised by N.D.V. PRASADA RAO

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EXPERIENCED TEACHERS

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# BOOKI

#### EXERCISE 1

- I. The cackling of geese—Subject saved Rome—Predicate
- 2. The boy—Subject stood on the burning deck—Predicate
- 3. Tubal Cain—Subject
  was a man of might Predicate
- 4. Stone walls—Subject
  do not a prison make—Predicate
- 5. The singing of the birds—Subject delights us—Predicate
- 6. Miss Kitty—Subject
  was rude at the table one
  day—Predicate
- 7. He—Subject
  has a good memory—
  Predicate
- 8. Bad habits—Subject grow unconsciously—Predicate
- 9. The earth—Subject revolves round the sun—Predicate
- 10. Nature—Subject is the best physician— Predicate
- 11. Edison—Subject invented the phonograph—Predicate
- 12. The sea—Subject
  has many thousand sands Predicate
- 13. We—Subject cannot pump the ocean dry—Predicate
- 14. Borrowed garments—Subject never fit well—Predicate

- 15. The early bird—Subject catches the worm—Predicate
- 16. All matter—Subject is indestructible—Predicate
- 17. Islamabad—Subject is the capital of Pakistan—Predicate
- 18. We—Subject
  should profit by experience—Predicate

  19. All roads—Subject
- 19. All roads—Subject
  lead to Rome—Predicate
  20. A guilty conscience (C. L.)
- 20. A guilty conscience—Subject needs no excuse—Predicate
- 21. The beautiful rainbow—Subject soon faded away—Predicate
- 22. No man—Subject can serve two masters—Predicate
- 23. A sick room—
  Subject
  should be well
  aired—Predicate
- 24. The dewdrops—Subject glitter in the sunshine—Predicate
- 25. I—Subject shot an arrow into the air—Predicate
- 26. The shepherd—Subject
  a barking sound .... hears—
  Predicate
- a hermit Subject
   On the top of the hill lives —
   Predicate

- 1. Adjective—adds something to the meaning of the noun 'waters'.
- Adverb—adds something to the meaning of the verb "lives".
- 3. Preposition—shows the relation between 'storm' and 'comes'.



- Adjective—adds something to the meaning of the noun 'effects'.
- Adjective—adds something to the meaning of the noun 'train'.
- Adverb—adds something to the meaning of the verb 'weigh'.
- 7. Preposition—shows the relation between 'all' and 'battle'.

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# 2 KEY TO HIGH SCHOOL GRAMMAR & COMPOSITION

- 8. Preposition—shows the relation between 'vard' and 'me'.
- Adverb—adds something to the meaning of the verb 'came'.
- 10. Verb expresses an action.
- 11. Noun—the name of something.
- 12. Preposition—shows the relation between 'is' and 'committee'.
- Adverb—adds something to the meaning of the verb 'moves'.
- Noun—the name of something.
- Conjunction—joins the two parts 'I will watch' and 'you sleep'.
- 16. Verb— expresses an action



#### EXERCISE 3

- I. crowd-Collective
- 2. truth—Abstract
- 3. honesty—Abstract
- class—Collective; pupils—Common
- elephant—Common; strength—Abstract
- Solomon—Proper; wisdom—Abstract
- cleanliness—Abstract; godliness— Abstract
- fleet—Collective; ships—Common; harbour—Common
- class—Collective; grammar—Abstract
- Nile—Proper; bank—
   Common; year—Common
- 11. committee—Collective
- Nelson—Proper; victory—
   Abstract; Trafalgar—Proper



- action
- soldiers—Common; bravery—Abstract
   health—Abstract; happiness—Abstract
- 15. bunch-Collective; grapes-Common
- 16. voice-Common
- 17. team-Collective
- 18. lie-Abstract
- 19. wisdom—Abstract; strength—Abstract
- value—Abstract; time— Abstract
- 21. innocence—Abstract
- room—Common; feet—Common;
   length—Abstract
- 23. days—Common; childhood—Abstract
- 24. streets—Common; cities—Common; crookedness— Abstract 25. verdict—Abstract;
- 25. verdict—Abstract; gentlemen—Common; jury—Collective



#### EXERCISE 4

A. (1) herd

B. (1) laziness

- (2) army (2) cruelty
- (3) crew
- (3) bravery
- (4) foolishness

#### EXERCISE S

length	strength	width	breadth	height
youth	truth	wisdom	freedom	poomess
humility	shortness	goodness	pride	justice
decency	prudence	vacancy	bravery	vanity
cruelty	darkness	sweetness	novelty	sanity
bitterness	depth	humanity	quickness	ignorance
laughter	belief	choice	defence	freedom
obedience	service	movement	thought	sight
life	hatred	concealment	protection	judgement



expectation	)			
expectancy excellence knowledge stealth	pleasure action starvation occupation)	seizure flattery departure	advice punishment death	relief pursuit conversation
	occupancy	perseverance	success	discovery
kinghood	infancy	motherhood	priesthood	friendship
manhood	ownership	agency	boyhood	captaincy
theft womanhood bankruptcy	roguery regency authorship	heroism beggary cowardice	bondage piracy pilgrimage	rascality patriotism gluttony
MERCHANIST STATE	CONTRACTOR OF THE PERSON NAMED IN	THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF	EXERCISE 6	POWER WHITE



- heavy-Adjective of Quality. (Descriptive Adjective)
- several-Indefinite Numeral Adjective
- 3. Every-Distributive Numeral Adjective
- live-Adjective of Quality better-Adjective of Quality dead-Adjective of Quality
- Every-Distributive Numeral Adjective
- same—Demonstrative Adjective
- Several Indefinite Numeral Adjective present-Descriptive Adjective
- 8. few-Indefinite Numeral Adjective
- Neither-Distributive Numeral Adjective
- 10. What-Interrogative Adjective
- 11. Which-Interrogative Adjective
- 12. long Adjective of Quality cold Adjective of Quality infirm-Adjective of Quality old Adjective of Quality
- 13. every—Distributive Numeral Adjective
- 14. several—Indefinite Numeral Adjective
- 15. much—Adjective of Quantity

- little-Adjective of Quantity
- 16. second Definite Numeral Adjective
- 17. great-Descriptive Adjective
- 18. absent-Descriptive Adjective
- 19. glorious Descriptive Adjective
- 20. small—Descriptive Adjective great - Descriptive Adjective:
- Good-Descriptive Adjective
- 22. little—Adjective of Quantity crooked-Adjective of Quality
- 23. hearty—Adjective of Quality royal-Adjective of Quality
- furrowed—Adjective of Quality toilsome-Adjective
- of Quality 25. next-Descriptive
- Adjective Some-Indefinite Numeral Adjective
- cross-Descriptive Adjective
- ill-Descriptive Adjective any Adjective of Quantity

#### EXERCISE 7

1. fearful 5. grand 9. remaining 13. every 17. several 21. ready

25. great

violent 10. wide 14. early 18. angry 22. heavy 26. complete

first

- DOOL deliberate
- medical 11. 15. valid 19. five
- 23. such

- 4. scrious
- 8. sad 12. both
- 16. constant 20. eternal
- 24. silver



Tea.

#### EXERCISE 8

easy book
pitiful sight
piteous sight
timely help
heavenly vision
healthy climate
wealthy person
lovely garden
hilly region
needy people
greedy fellow
roomy building
costly watch

painful experience
doubtful case
wonderful weather
peaceful reign
childish argument
princely behaviour
mountainous country
ridiculous position
picturesque scenery
laborious task
wooden leg
pompous language
artistic device

progressive outlook
slavish mentality
contemptuous looks
tempestuous mood
sensible suggestion
quarrelsome neighbour
thoughtful speech
hopeful pupil
friendly terms





#### EXERCISE 9

Their marriage has been a happy one.

It was a sad day for Padma when her mother died.

Mohan is an industrious boy.

A lazy man accomplishes little. Gopal got a big prize at the

flower show.

This coat is too small for me.

A soft reply turns away wrath.

A harsh judge may become unpopular.

He is a hard man to please.

A polite man commands the love of all.

It was rude of him to behave like that.

Wise men must be respected.

You were foolish to reject the offer.
He is a very rich man.
My father is in poor health.
My sister is too young to go to school.
New brooms sweep clean.
Old men are usually wise.

I have known her for a long time.

He is too short to reach the picture.

He walked at a quick pace. He is slow to make up his mind.

He is as strong as a horse. His argument has many weak points.

He gave her handsome presents.

He is staying in ugly surroundings.

It was clever of the driver to avert a terrible accident.

Even dull pupils can understand this lesson.

It has been kind of you

to help us.

One should not be **cruel** to animals.

Though he is seventy, he looks quite healthy.

He proved to be a dutiful son

We had a distant view of

Mt. Everest.

I accepted the offer on certain conditions.



# EXERCISE 10

a fierce storm; a sudden siege; sound sleep; a glorious victory; valuable advice; a violent blow; dead silence; slender hands; hot water; a reliable servant; a beautiful flower; a big city; a popular artist; an honest dealer; a harsh voice; a loving husband; a loyal subject; a pretty child; an ideal king; a faithful dog.

#### EXERCISE II

good fortune; bad fortune; ill fortune; great fortune; small fortune.

a great man, a good man, a bad man, a famous man, a wicked man, a poor man, a rich man, a lucky man, an honest man.

good news; bad news; sad news; happy news; pleasant news; dreadful news; important news. a violent storm, a fierce storm, a terrible storm, a fearful storm.

good health; bad health, ill health, poor health, indifferent health, delicate health.

a good novel, a great novel, an interesting novel, a humorous novel, a historical novel, a romantic novel, a detective novel.

good progress, rapid progress, slow progress, satisfactory progress, poor progress.

a large room, a big room, a small room, a spacious room, a dark room, a crowded room.

an unfortunate incident, an unhappy incident, an unexpected incident, a striking incident, an amusing incident.

#### EXERCISE 12

courageous—cowardly, timid; many—few; wild—tame; hot—cold; lean—fat; heavy—light; costly—cheap; barren—fertile; beautiful—ugly; patient—impatient; honest—dishonest; civilized—uncivilized, savage; careful—careless; strong—weak; experienced—inexperienced; slow—fast; friendly—unfriendly, hostile; cruel—kind; soft—hard.

#### EXERCISE 13

black, blacker, blackest; excellent, more excellent, most excellent; ill, worse, worst; gloomy, gloomier, gloomiest; mad, madder, maddest; safe, safer, safest; bad, worse, worst; unjust, more unjust, most unjust; gay, gayer, gayest; able, abler, ablest; dry, drier, driest; timid, more timid, most timid; ugly, uglier, ugliest; true, truer, truest; severe, more severe, most severe; exact, more exact, most exact; agreeable, more agreeable, most agreeable; difficult, more difficult, most difficult; little, less, least; few, fewer, fewest; numerous, more numerous, most numerous; merry, merrier, merriest.

#### EXERCISE 14

(a)	1.	latter	2.	latter	3.	later	4.	latter	5.	later
(b)	1.	elder	2.	older	3.	elder		elder		
(c)		eldest		oldest	3.	eldest	4.	oldest	5.	oldest
(d)	1.	farther/further	2.	further	3.	further	4.	further	5.	further

(e) 1. latest 2. last 3. last 4. latest 5. last (f) 1. nearest 2. next 3. nearest 4. next 5. nearest



#### EXERCISE 15

(Note: - Adjectives marked\* have no degrees of comparison.)

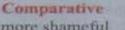
1. poor—Positive; happier—Comparative; 2. such\*; 3. less—Comparative; 4. slight—Positive; 5. live\* stronger—Comparative; dead\*; 6. same\*; 7. wisest—Superlative; 8. best—Superlative; 9. simple-Positive; good—Positive; 10. slightest—Superlative; 11. sharper—Comparative; 12. small—Positive; great—Positive; 13. less—Comparative; 14. some\*; 15. no\*; 16. open\*; secret\*; 17. such\*; 18. other\*; 19. Idlest—Superlative; 20. fair—Positive; 21. both\*; 22. much—Positive; wholesome—Positive; 23. wiser—Comparative; 24. No\*; good—Positive; 25. largest—Superlative; 26. heavier—Comparative; any\*; other\*; 27. good—Positive; 28. many—Positive; powerful—Positive; 29. longest—Superlative.

EXERCISE 16

#### KEY TO HIGH SCHOOL GRAMMAR & COMPOSITION

#### Positive

shameful clever pretty interesting hopeful honest important patient rude delightful stupid attractive heavy beautiful fortunate pleasant



more shameful cleverer prettier more interesting more hopeful more honest more important more patient ruder more delightful more stupid more attractive heavier more beautiful more fortunate pleasanter more pleasant (

#### Superlative

most shameful cleverest prettiest most interesting most hopeful most honest most important most patient rudest most delightful most stupid most attractive heaviest most beautiful most fortunate pleasantest most pleasant



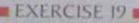


#### EXERCISE 17

- 1. better 2. hotter 5. sharper 6. dearer 9. largest 10. best 13. more ferocious 14. worse
- 17. more useful 18. most useful 21. proudest 22. best
- 3. prettier 7. richest 8. older
- 19. greatest 20. nutritious 23. least 24. lighter.
- 4. idlest
- H. worse 12. worse, worst 15. tallest 16. driest

#### EXERCISE 18

- 1. better 5. loftiest 9. costlier 13. richest
- 17. cooler 21. best 25. most interesting 29 easier 30, better
- 2. longer 6. larger
- 10. cleverest 14. greater 18. highest 22. greatest 26. greater
- 3. best 7. more beautiful II. older
- 15. best 16. broader 19. highest 27. largest 28. lighter 31. elder/eldest 32. utmost
- 4. mightier 8. dearer 12. younger
- 20 more beautiful 23. mightier 24. most popular



- 1. The pineapple is less sweet than the mango.
- 2. Gold is less plentiful than silver.
- 3. This is the least useful of all my books. 6. Copper is less useful than iron.
- 4. Wolfram is one of the least common minerals
- 5. All other fruits are less sour than the wild-apple.

- 1. No other town in Malaysia is so old as Soya beans are not less nutritious than meat. Malacca. (Positive) (Comparative) Malacea is older than any other town in 3. Jupiter is bigger than any other planet.

- Malaysia. (Comparative) (Comparative)

- 4. Latif is more industrious than most other 17. Bhim was stronger than any other man. boys. (Comparative) Latif is one of the most industrious boys. (Superlative)
- He would not as soon tell a lie as die. (Positive)
- India is larger than any other democracy in the world. (Comparative) No other democracy in the world is so large as India. (Positive)
- No other English poet is so great as 7. Shakespeare, (Positive) Shakespeare is the greatest of English poets. (Superlative)
- 8. Very few Indian kings were so great as Samudra Gupta. (Positive) Samudra Gupta was greater than most other Indian kings. (Comparative)
- No other animal is so ferocious as the tiger. (Positive) The tiger is more ferocious than any other animal. (Comparative)
- No other island in the world is so large as 10. Australia. (Positive) Australia is larger than any other island in the world. (Comparative)
- No other metal is so heavy as lead, (Posi-11. Lead is the heaviest of all metals. (Superla-

12. Some people do not have as much brains as money.

(Positive)

13. A foolish friend is not so good as a wise enemy. (Positive)

14. The Marwaries are at least as enterprising as any other community in India, (Positive)

You do not know him better than I do. (Comparative)

I do not know him as well as you do. (Positive)



You fool

- (Comparative) Bhim was the strongest of all men. (Super-
- Suresh is not more industrious than some other boys. (Comparative) Suresh is not the most industrious boy. (Superlative)
- No other peak of the Himalayas is so high 19. as Mount Everest. (Positive) Mount Everest is higher than any other peak of the Himalayas. (Comparative)
- The cow is one of the most useful animals. 20. (Superlative) The cow is more useful than most other animals. (Comparative)
- No other country in the world is so rich as America. (Positive) America is richer than any other country in the world. (Comparative)
- 22. It is not so easy to practise as to preach. (Positive)
- 23. No other metal is so useful as iron. (Positive) fron is the most useful of all metals. (Superlative)
- 24. Secret love is not so good as open rebuke. (Positive)
- 25. This is taller than any other building in the city. (Comparative) No other building in the city is so tall as this. (Positive)
- 26. No other Indian was a greater orator than Sir Surendranath. (Comparative) Sir Surendranath was one of the greatest Indian orators (Superlative)
- 27. No other resort in India is healthier than Ooty. (Conparative) Ooty is one of the healthiest resorts in India. (Superlative)
- The sword is not 28. so mighty as the pen. (Positive)



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# KEY TO HIGH SCHOOL GRAMMAR & COMPOSITION

#### EXERCISE 21

1. The little 2. A little 3. A little 4. The little

8

- 5. The little

#### EXERCISE 22

- 2. The few. 1. The few
- 3. a few
- 4. a few
- 5. a few
- 6. a few

- 7. The few
- 8. The few
- 9. a few.
- 10. A few
- 11. a few
- 12. a few

13. The few 14. The few

#### EXERCISE 23

- 2. an 1. a 7. the 8. a
- 3. An 9. a

33. the

- 4. The
- 5. the
- 6. a

- 15. a
- 10. a 16. a
- 11. an 17. the, a
- 12. The 18. the, the

- 13. The
- 14. a 21. The
- 22. The
- 24. a

- 20. an 19. a 27, a, an, a 25, an 26. an 32. the
- 28. a

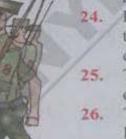
34. a

- 23. an
- 29. the, the 30. the
- 35. the 36. an

31. an 37. an

- While there is life there is hope.
- 2. Her knowledge of medicine had been acquired under an aged Jewess.
- The sun rises in the east. 3.
- The brave soldier lost an arm in the battle.
- The doctor says it is a hopeless case.
- 6. I like to live in the open air.
- Get a pound of sugar from the nearest gro-
- 8. Set back the clock; it is an hour too fast.
- 9. The poor woman has not a rupee.
- 10. You must take care.
- 11. The Eskimos make houses of snow and ice.
- 12. Where did you buy the umbrella?
- Have you ever seen an 13. elephant?
- 14. Draw the map of India.
- Do not look a gift horse in the mouth.
- 16. Have you told him about the accident?
- 17. Tagore was a great poet.
- 18. How blue the sky looks!
- Who wishes to take a walk with me? 19.
- 20 What a beautiful scene this is !
- 21. The musician was an old Mussalman.
- 22. The river was spanned by an iron bridge.

- The moon did not rise till after ten.
- Like true sportsmen they would give the enemy fair play.
- They never fail who die in a great cause.
- There is nothing 26.
  - like staying at home for comfort.
- He likes to picture himself as an original 27. thinker.
- It is never a thankful office to offer advice. 28.
- An umbrella is of no avail against the thunderstorm.
- I have not seen him since he was a child. 30.
- For Brutus is an honourable man. 31.
- Neil Armstrong was the first man to walk 32. on the moon.
- Man has no more right to say an uncivil 33. thing than to act one.
- We started late in the afternoon. 34.
- It is a strange thing how little, in general, 35. people know about the sky.
- The scheme failed for want of support 36.
- The tiger, an animal equal to the lion in 37. size, is a native of Asia.
- Time makes the worst enemies friends 38.
- My favourite flower is the rose. 39.
- The time we live ought not to be computed 40. by the number of years, but by the use that has been made of them.



- Mumbai is the largest cotton textile centre 41. in the country.
- Men are too often led astray by prejudice. 42.
- Only the best quality is sold by us. 43.
- 44. What kind of bird is that?
- Wild animals suf-45. fer when kept in captivity.
- May we have the 46. pleasure of your company?
- It was the proudest moment of my life. 47.
- The Andamans are a group of islands in the 48. Bay of Bengal.

- He started school when he was six years 49.
- He neglects attending church, though the 50. church is only a few yards from his house.
- 51. March is the third month of the year.
- 52. Dr. Arnold was headmaster of Rugby.
- 53. Man cannot live by bread alone.
- 54. When will father be back?
- The Appenines are in 55. Italy.



#### EXERCISE 25

- 1. she, her → Alice
- it → door
- 5. You, you → Alice
- 7. his → Hari; it → book
- 9. his, he → Suresh
- It -> camel 11.
- its → horse
- 15. he → thief
- 17. Thou → David



- 2. they → doors
- 4. I. I → Alice
  - 6. her -> Alice
  - 8. his → Karım; it → dog
- 10. you → Rama
  - 12. she → lioness
- 14. their -> birds
  - 16. he -> child



#### EXERCISE 26

- Rama had taken his watch out of his pocket, and was looking at it uneasily, shaking it every now and then, and holding it to his ear.
- 2. The boys went into the garden, where they saw a snake.
- Very soon the Rabbit noticed Alice as she went hunting about, and called out to her in an angry tone.

#### EXERCISE 27

- them
- me
- 11. me 17. him
- him
- 2. 1 7.1/me
- 12. me
- them 8.
- 13.
- me
- him
- 18. they
- - me
  - 9) them
  - 14.
  - 19. them

#### EXERCISE 28

- myself—Emphatic
- 3. ourselves Reflexive
- 5. yourself-Reflexive
- 7. themselves Reflexive
- 9. herself Reflexive
- 11. himself Reflexive
- 13. themselves Reflexive
- 15. myself-Emphatic
- 17. ourselves Reflexive
- 19. themselves-Reflexive
- himself-Reflexive
- myself-Emphatic 4
- myself-Reflexive 6.
- themselves-Emphatic 8.
- themselves Reflexive 10.
- 12. herself-Reflexive
- yourself-Reflexive 14.
- 16.
- 18. 20.
- himself-Reflexive itself-Reflexive ourselves Reflexive

5.

10.

15.

me

me

him

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#### KEY TO HIGH SCHOOL GRAMMAR & COMPOSITION

21. itself-Reflexive

10

- 23. themselves—Reflexive
- 25. himself-Reflexive
- 27. yourselves-Reflexive
- 29. itself-Emphatic
- 31. yourself—Reflexive

- 22. himself-Reflexive
- 24. himself-Emphatic
- 26. thyself—Reflexive
- 28. himself-Reflexive
- 30. myself-Reflexive
- 32. myself-Reflexive



#### EXERCISE 29

Sentence	Relative	Case	Antecedent	
No.	Pronoun			ATT D
1.	that	Accusative	pen	
2.	which	Accusative	answer	A STATE
3.	whose	Possessive	woman	The state of the s
4.	which	Accusative	letters	1 than
5.	that	Accusative	house	
6.	who	Nominative	man	
7.	whose	Possessive	sailors	TO Y
8.	which	Accusative	books	
9.	that	Nominative	rat	No.
10.	which	Nominative	books	- ADR-0
11.	that	Accusative	book	Charles 1
12.	who	Nominative	children	
13.	that	Accusative	knife	
14.	that	Accusative	knife	
15.	whom	Accusative	persons	
16.	whom	Accusative	juggler	
17.	that	Nominative	they	

#### EXERCISE 30

1.	who or that	2.	that or which	3.	who or that
4.	what	50	which	6,	which or that
7.	who or that	8.	what	9.	who or that
10.	that or which	El.	what	12.	that or which
13.	who or that	14.	whom or that	15.	that or which
16.	that or which	17.	which or that	18.	what
19.	who or that	20.	which or that	21.	what
22.	who	23.	whom	24.	what
25.	what	26.	as	27.	as
28.	who	29.	what	30.	as



1.	who or that	2	as	3.	0.0
				200	as
4.	as		as	6.	that or which
741	what	8.	whom	9.	which or that
10.	what	11.	whom or that	12.	whatwhat
13.	what	14.	whom	15.	what
16.	that or who	17.	that or which	18.	who or that
19.	as	20.	whom	21.	who or that



- 22. who or that ... who or that
- 24. whom
- 26. that or which
- 28. whom
- 30, whom
- 32. that or who

- 23. who or that
- 25. what
- 27. that or which
- 29. whom
- 31. what
- 33. as

[Note: In Exercises 32 & 33, alternative connectives are given in brackets.]



#### EXERCISE 32

- 1. I know a man who (that) has been to Ice-
- 2. The thief that (who) 3 stole the watch was punished.
- 3. Show the road that (which) leads to Delhi.
- 4. Here is the doctor

  who (that) cured me of malaria.
- I met a boy who (that) was very cruel. (or: The boy whom I met was very cruel).
- He who (that) does his best should be praised.
- 7. The man who (that) is honest is trusted.
- 8. My father, whom I loved, is dead.
- 9. The boy for whom the teacher sent came at 24.
- 10. Wellington, who defeated Napoleon at the Battle of Waterloo, was a great general (or: Wellington, who was a great general, defeated Napolean at the battle of Waterloo).
- The dog bit the burglar who (that) had broken into the house.
- Once upon a time there lived a giant who was very powerful and cruel.
- 13. We met a girl who (that) had lost her way.

- Kalidas, who wrote some fine dramas, is famous.
- He is a rogue whom no one trusts.
- 16. The child that (who) came here yesterday is dead.
- 17. The child whom (that) I saw yesterday is dead.
- 18. I know the man who (that) stole the bicycle.
- 19. The man who (that) stole the bicycle has been arrested.
- 20. I have found the umbrella which (that) I lost.
- 21. I saw a soldier who (that) had lost an arm.
- 22. This is the path by which he came.
- 23. The horse that (which) we saw was lame.
- 24. Those boys who (that) had been lazy were kept in.
- 25. I saw a girl who (that) was singing.
- 26. That boy whom (that) you see there bowls very well.
- Here is the book which (that) you were asking for.
- 28. Here is the pencil which (that) you lost yesterday.
- 29. The man whom (that) you spoke to is deaf.
- Coal, which is a very useful mineral, is found in West Bengal.

- This is the building which (that) was built in a single month.
- The letter that (which) you sent reached me this morning.
- Karim, who is always idle, was punished.
- I met my uncle, who had just arrived.
- 5. This is the house that (which) Jack built.



- 6. The boy whom (that) you see there is my cousin.
- The ladies whom (that) I was speaking of have arrived.
- The boys who (that) were watching the match elapped heartily.
- The boy who (that) tells lies deserves to be punished.
- 10. The song that (which) I heard pleased me.
- 11. I heard some news which (that) astonished me. (or: The news that I heard astonished me)

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# 12 KEY TO HIGH SCHOOL GRAMMAR & COMPOSITION

- 12. I know the man who (that) has a wooden leg.
- Here is a book which (that) contains pictures.
- 14. Give me the ruler which (that) is on the desk.
- The bicycle which (that) Hari rode is a new one.
- 16. We got into a bus which (that) was full of people.
- 17. He has a friend who (that) is a clever art-
- He is a well-known man, whose generosity is the talk of the town.
- The cat caught the mouse that (which) it was pursuing.
- 20. Can I borrow the book that (which) you are reading?

- 21. The boy who (that)
  had won the first
  prize was very
  proud.
- 22. Little Red Riding
  Hood went to visit her grandmother who
  was ill in bed.
- This is my cousin whom (that) I was speaking of.
- 24. He is cowardly boy, whom we all despise
- 25. This is the cat that (which) killed the rat.
- 26. Those grapes which (that) you brought were very sweet.
- Hari spoke to the soldier, whose arm was in a sling.
- The captain praised Balu, whose bowling was good.
- 29. A man who heard me calling came running up.

#### EXERCISE 34

- The boys gave a loud shout. The shout was heard across the river.
- 2. Bring me the book. It is on the table.
- It was a wretched hut. She lived in it.
- 4. The boy fell off his bicycle. He has hurt his leg.
- 5. The elephant was sick. It died:
- The farmer is cutting the corn. It has ripened.
- 7. Napolean died at St. Flelena. The French honour him.
- The crow dropped the cheese. The fox immediately snapped it up.
- 9. John is a diligent boy. He is my cousin.
- 10. I left a parcel here yesterday. Where is it?

- 11. I lost a book. I have found it.
- The Japanese are a brave people. They were attacked by the Russians.
- 13. The boy made the top score in the last match. You see him there.
- 14. Dadabhai Naoroji was the first Indian to enter the British Parliament. He was a Parsee
- 15. He is a poet. His works are widely known.
- The Taj Mahal is the finest mausoleum in the world. It was built by Shah Jahan.
- Last year we visited the Moti Masjid. It is a mosque of great architectural beauty.
- 18. The meeting was a great success. It was held in the Town Hall.
- 19. The rope snapped. It was old.
- 20. You have to do a task. It is easy.
- Some people live in glass houses. They
  must not throw stones.

#### EXERCISE 35

7. Who 6. What Who 1. Who 2. Who(m)/What 5. Who 3. Who 4. Who(m) 13. Whom 8. Whom/What 12. Which 11. Whom 9. Who(m)/What 10. What/Who(m) 19, Who/What 14. What 18. Who/What 15. Which 17. Which 16. What/Who(m) 26. What 20. Who(m)/What 25. Who 21. Who 24. Who/What 22. Who 23. Whom 32, What/Which/Who(m) 28. What 27. Which 31. Who 29. Who(m)/What 30. What 39. What 36. Which 37. What/Which/Who(m) 38. Whom 33. What 34. Who 35. What 40. Which 41. Who [Note: who(m) = who/whom]

#### EXERCISE 36 Transitive or Object, if the Sentence Verb Intransitive verb is Transitive No. Intransitive E shines Transitive his hand 2. cut Intransitive 3. stopped Transitive his whistle 4. blew Intransitive 5. rises Intransitive stood 6. Intransitive ticks 7. Intransitive looked 8. Transitive your books 9. put Intransitive rose 10. Intransitive 11. sleeps Intransitive 12. crow 13. lies Intransitive Intransitive burns 14. all things Transitive 15. changes eat Intransitive 16. Tell 17. Transitive the truth Intransitive 18. sing 19. hopped i Intransitive sang 20. does (not) keep Transitive good time 21. sat Intransitive 22. Transitive could (not) spare the time 23. took Transitive shelter 24. lifted Transitive the heavy weight 25. wrote Transitive a letter 26. lived Intransitive 27. know Transitive a funny little man 28. fly Intransitive 29. fell Intransitive

#### **EXERCISE 37**

my camera

Transitive

Intransitive

Intransitive

#### Sentences containing Transitive Verbs:

shall bring

speak

ran

1. He sold his car.

30.

31.

32.

- Jack built a house.
- 3. I know his address.
- 4. Who broke the mirror?
- Please close the window.

# Sentences containing Intransitive Verbs:

- 1. He went home.
- 2. Birds fly.



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#### KEY TO HIGH SCHOOL GRAMMAR & COMPOSITION

- 3. The moon is shining
- 4. She arrived this morning.
- 5. He works hard.

-	THE OWNER OF TAXABLE PARTY.		EXERCISE 38	Statement of the later of the l	-
Sentence No.	Verb	Transitive / Intransitive	Object	Complement	0
1.	roars	Intransitive			
2.	proved	Intransitive	-	false	N.
3.	stood	Intransitive			A
4.	has fallen	Intransitive		sick ) di	No.
5.	continued	Transitive	braying	- LAIA	3
6.	is	Intransitive		cold	1
7.	are	Intransitive	SOUTH OF THE PARTY OF	out	
8.	tried	Intransitive		ATTENDED TO STATE OF THE PARTY	
9.	see	Intransitive		THE REAL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND	
10.	fell	Intransitive		asleep	
11.	is	Intransitive	Martin Mars of	hot	
12.	are	Intransitive		Europeans	
13.	seems	Intransitive	ter 13	true	N
14.	hide	Intransitive		JA 1- 0	1
15.	hide	Transitive	their faults -	1/4	7
16.	went	Intransitive		mad D	1
17.	waited	Intransitive	Marie V	Par Land	
18.	told	Transitive	a lie		ATA
19.	elected	Transitive	him	president Q Q	1353
20.	found	Transitive	her	weeping Weeping	经进
21.	struck	Transitive	the man	dead	1
22.	flew	Intransitive	- min	acau Amaria	1
	stole	Transitive	the cheese		4
23.	looks	Intransitive	the cheese	N. C.	
24.	made	Transitive	him	threatening	
25.	waited		nim	general	
26.		Intransitive			
100	Sweep	Intransitive	NAME OF BRIDE	clean	
Street, or other Designation of the last o		-	EXERCISE 39	Name and Address of the Owner, where the Owner, which is the Owner, where the Owner, which is the Owner,	

- 1. killed Active.
- 3. was bitten Passive
- 5. made-Active
- 7. made Active
- 9. was killed Passive
- 11. is loved Passive
- 13, see Active
- 15. had been damaged Passive
- 17. chased—Active
- 19. is ploughed—Passive
- 21. drank-Active

- 2. compelled—Active
  - 4. was caught Passive
  - 6. was burned-Passive
  - 8. was bound-Passive
  - 10. frightened-Active
  - 12. was opened—Passive
  - 14. was obeyed Passive
  - 16. will be gained—Passive
  - 18. was posted—Passive
  - 20. was teased Passive
  - 22. struck Active



- 23. takes—Active
- 25. has been posted—Passive

24. was lost—Passive

#### EXERCISE 40

- The mouse was killed by the cat.
- The tree was cut down by the man.
- America was discovered by Columbus.
- 4. He was praised by his teacher.
- 5. The dog was teased by the boy.
- 6. The horse is fed by the syce everyday.
- 7. He was arrested.
- A kite was being made by Rama.
- 9. The ball was caught by the boy.
- A letter will be written by my father.
- 11. He will be conquered (by me)
- 12. I was kept waiting.
- 13. The lion was shot by the hunter.
- 14. The door was opened by Hari.
- 15. The thief was caught by a policeman.
- The ball was thrown by Sohrab.
- 17. Twenty runs were scored by him.
- 18. I am vexed by your behaviour.

- Character is revealed by manners.
- 20. A very remarkable discovery was made by him.
- 21. Great oaks are felled by little strokes.
- 22. The pony will be brought by Dhondu.
- 23. He is loved by everyone.
- 24. This picture has been drawn by my cousin.
- 25. Good news is expected.
- 26. The harvest is gathered by the farmer.
- 27. He was swindled by his own brother.
- 28. The inspector was pleased by the recitation.
- 29. The light has been put out.
- 30. Our army had been defeated.
- 31. TVs are sold here.
- 32. My bicycle has been sold.
- 33. It will soon be forgotten.
- 34. The theatre was opened only last month.
- Smoking is prohibited.

# EXERCISE 41

- I. You and he were seen by us.
- I was asked by name. (or : My name was asked by him.)
- 3. They were refused admission.
- A doll was bought for the baby.
- He was found guilty of murder.
- Milk is often turned sour by a thunderstorm.
- The ocean cannot be pumped dry.



- 8. The storm was seen approaching.
- 9. I am kept waiting.
- 10. The house was painted red.
- 11. I was told to leave the room.
- I was promised a present. (or : A present was promised to me.)
- 13. The carriage will be ordered.
- 14. The cliff is being climbed by the boy.
- Many things can be accomplished by a little effort.
- 16. You are being watched carefully.

- 1. His father praised him.
- George Stephenson built the first railway.
- 3. The noise frightened the horse.
- 4. Latif did not speak a word. (or, Latif spoke not a word.)
- The state of the s
- 5. The boy's work pleased the teacher.
- 6. His friends took him to the hospital.
- 7. An earthquake destroyed the town.
- 8. People lined the road.
- The people welcomed the President.
- 10. Kalidas wrote Shakuntala.



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#### KEY TO HIGH SCHOOL GRAMMAR & COMPOSITION 16

- 11. The fire damaged the building.
- His singular appear-12. ance struck me.
- Robots built those 13.
- Spectators thronged the streets. 14.



- The wind blew down the trees. 15.
- Everyone will blame us. 16.
- A car knocked down the child. 17.
- This did not much surprise Alice. 18.
- It will greatly surprise him if they choose 19. him.

#### **EXERCISE 43**

#### Active Voice :

Everyone praised the boy. Columbus discovered America. Someone has stolen my purse.



#### Passive Voice:

The boy was praised by everyone. America was discovered by Columbus, My purse has been stolen.

#### **EXERCISE 44** I

- Babu was elected cap-
- He was seen opening the 2. box.
  - His words must be lis-3. tened to.
  - Will those happy days ever be forgotten?
  - Who broke this jug?
  - He was accused of various offences by his subordinates.
  - Grapes cannot be gathered 7. from thistles.
- Someone has cut off the telegraph wires.
- Alas! his voice will be heard no more.
- They held the 1998 Asian 10. Games in Bangkok, Thailand.
- Without effort we/one can gain nothing. 11.
- Let the weak not be insulted. 12.
- 13. Wealth is desired by all and (is) acquired by some.

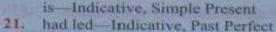
- Why should you suspect me? 14.
- We keep the information on our computer.
- We are told by the legend how its name was 16. received by the castle.
- 17. Host my watch.
- Why were you defrauded of your earnings 18. by him?
- 19. It will be learned/learnt by the public with astonishment that war is imminent.
- 20. His wife was made to do the work (by him).
- 21. He was appointed monitor.
- 22. His recovery was despaired of by the doctor.
- They refused him 23. admittance.
- 24. His warnings were laughed at and all his proposals (were) objected to.
- He was regarded as an impostor and called 25.

#### EXERCISE 4S

- 1. flows-Indicative, Simple Present
- 2. shall answer Indicative, Simple Future
- 3. knew-Indicative, Simple Past was -- Indicative, Simple Past had seen Indicative, Past Perfect
- has been raining-Indicative, Present Perfeet Continuous
- hear-Indicative, Simple Present has passed-Indicative, Present Perfect
- had finished-Indicative, Past Perfect came-Indicative, Simple Past
- 7. takes-Indicative, Simple Present
- have been living-Indicative, Present Per-8. feet Continuous
- 9; Be-Imperative, Simple Present
- shall have reached-Indicative, Future 10. Perfecct
- 11. is-Indicative, Simple Present left Subjunctive, Simple Past

- 12. told-Indicative, (Oh! I'm sorry.) Simple Past had finished-Indicative, Past Perfect
- forgive-Subjunctive. Simple Present
- 14. is waiting-Indicative, Present Continuous
- pipe-Imperative, Simple Present.
- am hoping-Indicative, Present Continuous 16.
- 17. were-Subjunctive, Simple
- 18. do-Imperative, Simple Present dream-Imperative, Simple Present
- shall have-Indicative, Simple Future
- 20. be-Subjunctive, Simple Present





- 22. was -- Indicative, Simple Past was-Indicative, Simple Past
- 23. have heard—Indicative, Present Perfect
- 24. had seen-Indicative, Past Perfect could (not) agree-Indicative. Simple Past
- 25. Beware-Imperative, Simple Present happen-Subjunctive, Simple Present
- 26. is cutting-Indicative. Present Continuous has ripened-Indicative. Present Perfect
- wish-Indicative, Simple Present were-Subjunctive, Simple Past
- 28. would-Indicative, Simple Past stayed-Subjunctive, Simple Past





#### EXERCISE 46

1. moves 2. saw 3. have sent 4. looks/is looking 5. were playing 6. was driving 7. fell 8. saw 9. has 10. has been working 11. had done 12. hear 13. have known 14. have been studying 15. am doing 16. wants 17. tastes 18. watches 19. went 20. went 21. has been crying 22. saw 23. haven't seen/didn't see 24. appears 25. was mending.

#### EXERCISE 47

1. wants 2. bought 3. have just cleaned 4. has been raining 5. have done/did 6. smell 7, is rising 8, has been 9, rarely comes 10, have been waiting 11. broke 12. have seen 13. have arrived 14. haven't seen 15. finished 16. was moving 17, had already started 18, had been walking 19, had seen 20. has changed 21. has packed 22. visited 23. haven't had 24. had/had 25. have never mananged.

#### EXERCISE 48

1. arrives 2. comes 3. will be sitting 4. am visiting 5. is going to rain 6. will have arrived 7. will visit 8. start 9. will be driving 10. begins 11. am going to sneeze 12. will have taken over 13. will pass 14. am going 15, will be seeing 16, am going to fall 17, is going to make 18, will be passing 19, is about to start 20,





#### EXERCISE 49

to fight — (Simple Infinitive) object of the preposition 'but'.

2. pray—(Simple Infinitive) objective complement

3. to eat—(Gerundial Infinitive) qualifies the adjective fit.

sing—(Simple Infinitive) objective complement

to see—(Gerundial Infinitive) qualifies the verb 'am going'.

to advance—(Gerundial Infinitive) qualifies the noun 'order'.

7. work—(Simple Infinitive) used with 'must'.
weep—(Simple Infinitive) used with

'must'.

to hear—(Gerundial Infinitive) qualifies the adjective 'sorry'.

 to forgive—(Gerundial Infinitive) qualifies the adjective 'slow'.

 to view—(Gerundial Infinitive) qualifies the adjective 'stern'.

 to scoff—(Gerundial Infinitive) qualifies the verb 'came'.

 to relieve—(Simple Infinitive) subject of the verb was.

 to blush—(Gerundial Infinitive) qualifies the verb 'is born'.

 to soothe—(Gerundial Infinitive) qualifies the noun 'charms'.

15. to tell—(Simple Infinitive) object of the verb seek.

16. to retreat—(Simple Infinitive) subject of the verb was

to advance—(Simple Infinitive) subject of the verb 'was'.

to enjoy—(Simple Infinitive) object of the verb 'wishes'.

 to see—(Simple Infinitive) complement of the verb is.

19. to be lost—(Gerundial Infinitive) qualifies the noun 'moment'.

20. to address—(Gerundial Infinitive) qualifies the verb \*rose\*.

21. to dispute—(Gerundial Infinitive) qualifies the pronoun 'none'.

22. to laugh—(Gerundial Infinitive) qualifies the noun 'ability'.

23. to concentrate—(Gerundial Infinitive)
qualifies the noun 'power'.
[Note: The full sentence is 'I had better

dwell......']

to see—(Gerundial Infinitive) qualifies the adjective 'quick'.

25. to speak—(Gerundial Infinitive) qualifies the adjective 'afraid'.

 dwell, reign—(Simple Infinitive) used with had, which is understood.

hope—(Simple Infinitive) used with 'can'.
to count—(Simple Infinitive) object of the
verb 'can hope'.

To toil—(Simple Infinitive) subject of the verb 'is'.

to hear—(Simple Infinitive) put in apposition with 'it'.

to bribe—(Simple Infinitive) put in apposition with it.

# Q Q

#### EXERCISE 50

 He did not have even a rupee with him to buy a loaf of bread.

 Every cricket team has a captain to direct the other players.

You must part with your purse to save your life.

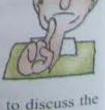
4. He went to Amritsar to visit the Golden Temple.

The robber wok out a knife to frighten the old Marwari. I am not afraid to speak the truth.

 The insolvent's property was sold by the Official Assignce to pay his creditors.

He works hard to earn his livelihood.

The strikers held a meeting to discuss the terms of the employers.



- 10. He has five children to provide for.
- The old man has now little energy left to take his morning constitutional exercises.
- It was the Raja's custom (or : Rajah used) to allow no cows to be slaughtered in his terriroty.
- He formed a resolution not to speculate any more.
- 14. India expects every man to do his duty.
- She visits the poor to relieve them of their sufferings.

- It is his hobby to collect old stamps even at great expense.
- The only way for him to escape punishment is to apologize for his misconduct.
- To speak out frankly, I have no aptitude for business.
- 19. To impress his host he was on his best behaviour in his presence.
- That young man must have been very foolish to squander away all his patrimony.
- It is highly creditable for him to have risen to eminence from poverty and obscurity.

#### **EXERCISE 51**

- speaking—Present Participle, Impersonal Absolute.
- Having gained—Perfect Participle, governing the noun truth.
- approaching—Present Participle, attached to the noun'storm'.
- Hearing—Present Participle, governing the noun 'noise'.
- considering—Present Participle, Impersonal Absolute.

- 6. beaten—Past Participle, qualifying the noun 'enemy'.
- Being dissatisfied—Present Participle, qualifying the pronoun "he".
- 8. pouring—Present Participle, attached to the verb 'come'.
- Having elected—Perfect Participle, governing the pronoun 'him'.
- being—Present Participle, used absolutely with the noun \*traveller\*.

#### **EXERCISE 52**

- I. laid—Past Participle; qualifying the noun
- Being occupied—Present Participle, qualifying the pronoun 'he'.
- coming—Present Participle, qualifying the noun 'children'.
- bereft Past Participle, qualifying the noun 'Michael'.
- read—Past Participle, qualifying the noun 'hooks'
- learned—Past Participle, qualifying the noun 'lessons'.

- 7. spoken—Past Participle, qualifying the noun word.
- Seeing—Present Participle, governing the noun 'sunshine' and qualifying the pronoun
- Seizing—Present Participle, governing the pronoun "him" and qualifying the noun "friend".
- Encouraged—Past Participle, qualifying the pronoun 'he'.
- Overcome—Past Participle, qualifying the pronoun 'he'.

- The porter opening/having opened the gate, we entered.
- Starting/Having started early, we arrived at noon.
- We met a man carrying a load of wood.
- The stable door being open, the horse was stolen.



- Seizing/Having seized his stick, he rushed to the door.
- Taking/Having taken up his gun, the hunter went out to shoot the hon.
- Stealing/Having stolen a piece of cheese, a crow flew to her nest to enjoy the tasty meal.
- 8. Wishing to pick a quarrel with the lamb, the wolf said, "How dare you make the water muddy?"

- Alighting/Having alighted from the train, he fell over a bag on the platform.
- Meeting/Having met his brother in the street, Nanak asked him where he was going.
- Being charmed with the silk, my sister bought ten yards.
- Being delayed by a storm, the steamer came into port a day late.
- 13. Having resolved on a certain course, he

- acted with vigour.
- 14. Staggering back, he sank to the ground
- 15. The letter being badly written, I had great difficulty in making out its content.
- Having no fodder, they could give the cow nothing to eat.
- 17. A hungry fox saw some bunches of grapes hanging from a vine.
- 18. Hurrying away with much haste, Cinderella dropped one of her little glass slippers.

#### EXERCISE 54

- When he was going up the stairs, the boy fell down.
- As I had lost my passport, I applied for a new one.
- I once saw a man who was walking on a rope.
- When he was walking on the roof, he slipped and fell.
- As we had no guide with us, we lost our way.
- As the stable door was open, the horse was stolen.
- As he was paralytic, he could not walk.
- 8. I heard the noise and woke up.
- Caesar was murdered and the dictatorship came to an end.
- 10. I worked all day and was fatigued.

- We met an old Sadhu who was walking to Benares.
- 12. When his son had come of age, he entered into partnership with him.
- He failed in the first attempt and made no further attempts.
- 14. I walked up to the front door and rang bell.
- 15. As winter came on, the grasshopper had no food.
- 16. As I was enchanted with the whole scene, I lingered on my voyage.
  - The enemy fought with the fury of despair and disputed their ground inch by inch.
  - The bandit mounted his horse and rode off.
  - The policeman ran with all his speed and was scarcely able to overtake the thief.
  - As I did not know my way, I asked a policeman.

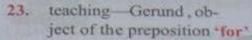
- fighting—Participle, qualifying the pronoun 'he'.
- reading—Gerund, object of the preposition 'by'.
- Hearing—Participle, qualifying the pronoun 'he'.
- 4. standing Participle, qualifying the noun
- 5. Asking—Gerund, subject of the verb 'is'.
  answering—Gerund, subject of the verb
  'is'.(understood)
- 6. Waving-Participle, qualifying the noun 'people'.

- 7. Walking—Gerund, subject of the verb 'is forbidden'.
- Jumping—Participle, qualifying the noun 'fhief'.
- hoarding—Gerund, object of the preposition "in".
- returning—Gerund, object of the preposition \*on\*.
- Amassing—Gerund, subject of the verb 'ruins'.
- being —Gerund, object of the preposition 'at'.
- 13. playing Gerund, object of the preposition 'in'.
- 14. spending—Gerund, object of the verb 'hated'.



- Saroja trying to lie to her—Gerund, object of the preposition 'at'.
- Praising—Gerund, subject of the verb 'is'.
   praising—Gerund, complement of the verb 'is'.
- 17. hearing—Gerund, object of the preposition of.
- managing—Gerund, object of the preposition 'by'.
- winning—Gerund, complement of the verb
   is'.
- 20. visting—Gerund, object of the preposition 'in'.

- singing—Gerund, subject of the verb 'was'.
- 22. playing—Gerund, object of the verb 'preferred'. studying—Gerund, object of the preposition 'to'.



24. doing—Gerund, object of 'go on' (phrasal verb)



#### EXERCISE 56

1. wrote 2. blew 3. stood 4. flew 5. sang 6. sat 7. swam 8. shook 9. drove 10. bore 11. spent 12. felt 13. hung 14. flew 15. wore 16. struck, was 17. sowed 18. told 19. lied 20. came 21. ran 22. did 23. withheld 24. forgot 25. got 26. chose 27. threw 28. clung 29. went, hanged 30. knew 31. swore, was 32. tore 33. sank 34. hid 35. bade 36. lay 37. laid.

#### EXERCISE 57

It is years since I saw him. He has seen his best days.

Of late the custom has fallen into use.

The lot fell upon him.

The toast was drunk with great enthusiasm.

He spoke freely when he had drunk alcohol. Marathi is spoken in Maharashtra.

My patience wore out at last.

The inscription has worn away in several places.

In a fit of rage she tore up the letter

The country is torn by fac-

He has been stung by a scorpion.

The remark stung him.

You look as if you had run all the way home. He run for his life.

Once Sydney Smith, being asked his name by

the servant, found to his dismay that he had forgotten his own name.

A better day for a drive could not have been chosen.

Computer technology has come a long way since 1970s.



The old beggar was *bitten* by a mad dog. A mad dog *bit* him.

The boy has soum across the Indus.

A cloud swam slowly across the moon.

I think he should have written and told us.

Honesty is written on his face.

He laid the book on the table. He had not laid a

finger on him. They taid

their heads together.

We lay beneath a spreading oak.

He has long lain under suspicion.

A beautiful shot from cover-point took off the balls.

He has taken a fancy to the boy.

Recently the price of sugar has gone up.

The argument went home.

The verdict went against him.

He had begun his speech be-

fore we arrived.

He began to talk nonsense.

Do as you are bid/bidden. He bade us good-bye.

He **bid** three hundred rupees for the pony.

Has the warming-bell rung?

I rang him up last night.

Someone has stolen my purse. She stole his heart.



#### 22

#### KEY TO HIGH SCHOOL GRAMMAR & COMPOSITION

You must reap what you have sown.

Poor fellow! he was very hard. They say he *drove* a hard bargain.

It seemed to me that she had never sung so well. Our bugles sang truce.

He was much shaken by the news.

His voice **shook** as he spoke. He is **eaten** up with pride.

In the end he are his words.

Let us have done with it. I did my duty.

Home describes a race of men who *sprang* from the gods.

The ship sprang a leak.

Has Rustum shown you his camera.

He showed a clean pair of heels.

The explorers were frozen to death.

The blood froze in their veins.

I was struck by a stone.

It never struck me before that he was old.

I found upon inquiry that I had mistaken the house,

He *mistook* me for my brother. Go, ask the ferrier whether he has *shod* the horses yet.

His path was strewn with flowers.

His voice gradually sank to a whisper.

And thousands had sunk to the ground overpowered.

Walking through the jungle, he trod on a snake.

He has *risen* from the ranks. As his friends expected he *rose* to the occasion.



On the arrival of a policeman, he *beat* a hasty retreat. He *beat* the Afghans in a bloody battle.

It was not the only battle in which they were beaten.

The tempest blew the ship ashore.

Walking on the beach, we caught sight of a strange bird.

He has caught a Tartar.

After the storm we had a spell of fine weather. I met a little cottage girl.

The poor fellow has mer with many reverses. We thought her dying when she stept.

He has got hold of the wrong end of the stick. The faithful dog ted his blind master.

And his disciples came to him, and awoke him.
I was soon awakened from this disagreeable rev

I was soon awakened from this disagreeable reverie.

I was borne away by an impulse.

It has stood the test of time. He has sat for the examina-

tion.

He says he has never known sickness.

I knew his antecedents.

The prisoner was bound hand and foot.

He has **broken** his collar-bone. What is **bred** in the bone will not wear out of flesh.

I strove with none, for none was worth my strife.

He never gave me a chance to speak.

He is given to opium-smoking. I dreamed/dreamt I was in love again.

I have wept a million tears.





#### EXERCISE 58

The story is tediously spun out.

I meant it for a joke. He was meant for a lawyer. Suddenly the wind arose. There never has arisen a great man who has not yet been misunderstood. Who drew the first prize? He has drawn a wrong inference.

The train drew up to the station.

I certainly understood you to make that promise.

I am afraid I did not make myself understood.

He was accidentally shot in the farm.

He is not known ever to have shrunk from an encounter.

There was no cruelty from which the robber chief shrank.



I noticed that he smelt of brandy.

The cart stuck in the mud.

The soldiers *swore* allegiance to the Constitution of India. He was yesterday *sworn* in as a member of the Legislative Council.

The waves swept the pier. The pier was swept away.

Plague swept off millions.
Often a lie has cost a life.
His folly cost him years
of poverty.

A rupee bought twice as much fifteen years ago. His enemies crew/crowed over his fall.

He dealt unfairly with his partner. The robber dealt him a blow on the head.

His rashness *lost* him his life. *Lost* time is never found again.

The man who yields to the fascination of the gaming-table is *lost*.

Sir, I have *found* you an argument; but I am not obliged to find you an understanding.

The picture *found* its way to the auction-room. Christ *forgave* his crucifiers.

It is said of Akbar that he rarely slept more than three hours at a time.

His company is greatly sought after. It might be truly said of him that he never sought honour

Adam and his wife hid themselves from the presence of the Lord God.

He fell never to rise again. A certain man went down from Jerusalem to Jericho, and fell among thieves.

He has fallen asleep.

He has set his heart on success.

The teacher set them an example.

He died at a ripe old age.

I saw her singing at her work.

He has seen the ups and downs of life.

The news spoiled my dinner. He has *left* a large family. The police *left* no stone unturned to trace the culprits.

Three years she grew in sun and shower. Some of these

wars have grown out of commercial considerations,

I have thought of a plan.

I thought of Chatterton, the marvellous boy.

He became the slave of low desires.

Not a drum was heard, not a funeral note.

He hopes his prayer will be heard.

He fought for the crown. He has fought a good fight.

His courage forsaok him. He has forsaken his old friends.

The village master taught his little school.

They have taught their tongue to speak lies.

She wrung her hands in agony.

Any appeal for help wrung her heart.

He wound up by appealing to the audience to contribute to the fund.

He was thrust through with a javelin.

He has said the last word on the matter.

The bird has flown away. The bird flow over the tree.

The murderer has *fled* to Australia.

The terrified people fled to the mountains.

During the night the river had overflowed its banks.



Thonk

you,

dear.

#### EXERCISE 591

shall 2. will 3. should 4. would 5. Shall 6. Would 7. ought 8. might 9. should 10. dare 11. didn't need to see 12. Could 13. was able to 14. used 15. mustn't 16. is to 17. needn't have waited 18. might 19. will 20. Would 21. would 22. was to have left 23. used 24. Shall 25. might



#### EXERCISE 59A

- 1. She may not be Anil's sister.
- 2. We may go to Shimla next month.
- My sister could read the alphabet when she was 15 months old.
- You must not wash the car.
- You need not wash the car.
- They must have left already.
- 7. May I use your phone?
- I used to go to the beach every day when I was in Chennai.

- 9. He may pass his driving test easily.
- 10. He may/might have forgotten about the meeting.
- 11. Shall we visit Qutab Minar?
- Nobody has answered the phone; they must have gone out.
- He must be over seventy.
- I needn't have met him (but I met him).
- 15. I didn't need to meet him.



Sentence	Adverb	Modified Word	Its Part of Speech	Kind of Adverb			
1.	ill	pleased	Adjective	manner '			
2.	again	Try	Verb	frequency			
3.	too	shy	Adjective	degree or quantity			
4.	very	early	Adverb	degree or quantity			
	early	rose	Verb	time			
5,	so	glad	Adjective	degree or quantity			
6.	lengthwise	cut	Verb	manner			
7.	Too	many	Adjective				
8.	quite	sure	Adjective	degree or quantity			
9.	well	is said	Verb	degree or quantity			
0.	once )		VCID	manner			
	twice }	have met	Verb	frequency 65			
	alone	have met	Verb	- Tal			
la.	far	off		manner			
	off	is	Adverb	place			
2.	before	have heard	Verb	place			
3.	somewhat	better	Verb	time			
4.	much	am relieved	Adjective	degree or quantity			
5.	rather	long	Verb	degree or quantity			
6.	much	worse	Adjective	degree or quantity			
7.	ago	arrived	Adjective	degree or quantity			
8.	forward	urges	Verb	time			
9.	all	in black	Verb	place			
0.	kindly	were received	Adv. Phrase	degree			
1.	Very	kindly	Verb	manner			
2.	out	is	Adverb	degree or quantity			
No.	surely	expect	Verb	place			
3.	tomorrow	expect	Verb	affirmation			
200	not	could speak	Verb	time			
	so	angry	Verb	negation			
		-	Adjective	degree or quantity			

Sentence	Adverb	Modified Word	Its Part of Speech	Kind of Adverb		
24.	for	too	Adverb	degree or quantity		
	too	hasty	Adjective	degree or quantity		
25.	out	is	Verb	place		
26.	enough	old	Adjective	degree or quantity		
	better	to know	Verb	manner		
27.	much	rather	Adverb	degree or quantity		
	rather	not	Adverb	degree or quantity		
	not	would go	Verb	negation		
28.	not	need roar	Verb	negation		
29.	too	fast	Adjective	degree or quantity		
30.	off	went	Verb	place		
31.	no	worse	Adjective	negation		
	before	was (under -stood)	Verb	time		
2.	too	high	Adjective	degree or quantity		
3.	somewhere	loose	Adjective	place		
4	differently	see	Verb	manner		
	now	see	Verb	time		
5.	not	was built	Verb	negation A Time		
6.	in	came	Verb	place		
7.	not	(have) killed	Verb	negation -		
	not	do crowd	Verb	negation		
	so	closely	Adverb	degree or quantity		
	closely	together	Adverb	manner		
	together	do crowd	Verb	manner		
	no	better	Adjective	negation		
	today	is	Verb	time		
	needs	must do	Verb	affirmation		
	not	do walk	Adverb	negation		
	so	fast	Adverb	degree or quantity		
	fast	do walk	Verb	manner		
	not	put	Verb	negation		
	round	order	Verb	place		
	shamefully	has been treated	Verb	manner		
5.	never	told	Verb	time		

EXERCISE 61

This is the very book I want. (Adjective)
This book is very interesting. (Adverb)
The church is quite near. (Adjective)

The summer holidays are drawing near. (Adverb)

He is in ill temper. (Adjective)

He speaks ill of his neighbours. (Adverb)

I was the only person wearing a coat. (Adjective)



I saw him *only* ten minutes ago (Adverb)

Keep the room *clean*. (Adjective)

I *clean* forgot about it. (Adverb)

He was ill for a *long* time. (Adjective)

How *long* have you lived here? (Adverb)

The train was forty-five minutes late. (Adjective)



He usually gets up *late*. (Adverb) He is an *early* riser. (Adjective) Come as *early* as possible. (Adverb) My watch is ten minutes fast. (Adjective)
He speaks very fast. (Adverb)

#### EXERCISE 62

suddenly, more suddenly, most suddenly; often, oftener/more often, oftenest/most often; near, nearer, nearest/next; loud, louder, loudest; hard, harder, hardest; wisely, more wisely, most wisely; patiently, more patiently, most patiently.

#### EXERCISE 63

- 1. He often invited me to visit him.
- 2. I am determined never to yield this point.
- 3. I already know the answer.
- 4. We have just seen her in the square.
- 5. I usually have to reach the office by 9.30.
- 6. Will he still be there?
- 7. I shall meet you in the park this evening.
- 8. The train has just left.
- "Can you park your car near the shops?"
  "Yes I usually can".

- You always have to check your oil beforestarting.
- 11. He is never in time for meals.
- 12. We should come here one morning.
- 13. He has quite recovered from his illness.
- 14. She seldom goes to the cinema.
- 15. That is not good enough,
- 16. You must never say such a thing again.
- 17. Suresh always arrives at the office at 9
- 18. He played the violin brilliantly in the concert last night.

#### EXERCISE 64

1. in—governs 'corner' 2. to—cupboard 3. for—crown 4. on—wall 5. through—town 6. by—five 7. to—Spain 8. under—tree 9. of—rocks; over—head 10. of—credit, renown 11. into—parlour; to—fly 12. into—street 13. with—dog 14. from—morn; till—night 15. after—wife; with—knife 16. by—brook; through—orchard 17. with—hair; under—oak; among—folk 18. with—lark; till—dark 19. By-gods 20. Under—chestnut tree 21. on—Sunday, to—church; among—boys 22. for—flowers; from—seas, steams 23. across—breast 24. beside—hill 25. around—porch 26. of—life; without—name 27. out of—fears

#### EXERCISE 65

- 1. down-Adverb
- 3. round—Preposition
- 5. on-Adverb
- 7- round Adverb
- 9. in-Preposition
- 11. behind Adverb
- 13. through—Preposition
- 15. without (old use) Adverb

- 2. down-Preposition
- 4. on—Preposition
- 6. by—Adverb
- 8. in-Adverb
- 10. behind-Preposition
- 12. by-Preposition
- 14. through—Adverb
- 16. without-Preposition



#### EXERCISE 66

There is a garden behind the house. (Preposition)
The dog was running be-

hind. (Adverb)

It is difficult to climb up the hill. (Preposition) Lift your head up. (Adverb)



He arrived by air. (Preposition)

He hurried by without a word. (Adverb) He walked along the road. (Preposition)

We were asked to move along. (Adverb)

There was nobody in the room. (Preposition)

Come in, please. (Adverb)

What do you know about him? (Preposition)

The children were rushing about (Adverb)

I went beyond the museum.
(Preposition)

What is beyond? (Adverb)

I have put the key under the bed. (Preposition)



He pulled up the covers and crowled under.
(Adverb)

He was brought before the magistrate. (Preposition)

I have read that book before. (Adverb)

I can meet him after four o'clock. (Preposition)

Two months after, he resigned his job. (Adverb)

#### EXERCISE 67

1. along	2.	under	3.	in	4.	of	5.	of
6. on, to	7.	for	8.	by	9.	over	10.	by
11. to	12.	without	13.	to, in	14.	under	15.	since
16. for	17.	by	18.	of	19.	of	20.	from
21. with	22.	to	23.	at	24.	for	25.	from/off
26. for	27.	into	28.	since	29.	at	30.	from
31. by, with	32.	into, to	33.	by	34.	under	35:	over
24 1		against	20	from to				

#### EXERCISE 68

1. for—concession 2. beyond—excess 3. before—time 4. After—time; of—separation 5. for—contrast 6. against—anticipation 7. through—cause 8. for—supposition 9. to—reference 10. for—direction 11. by—direction 12. for—purpose 13. for—contrast 14. of—origin 15. with—concession

#### EXERCISE 69

1. in, at 2. at, in 3. with 4. by, in 5. at 6. in 7. since 8. by/before 9. at 10. in 11. into 12. before 13. at, from 14. by 15. at, in 16. Since 17. Besides 18. since 19. in 20. with 21. by/beside 22. but/except 23. in, in 24. by, with 25. in 26. Besides 27. Besides

#### EXERCISE 70

We feel sympathy for people afflicted with leprosy.

He was sanguine of success,

but could not succeed.

These lines are so excellent that you should commit them to memory.

Chloroquin is specific for malaria.

You should make allowance for short weight.

His dress was not appropriate to the occasion.

He decided to abstain from animal food.

I feel an antipathy to dogs.

Whenever he speaks, the audience are convulsed with laughter.

Contrary to expectation, I have got a first class. Some animals are infested with vermin.

When he saw the wretched old woman, he was touched with pity.

His speech to the students is subversive of discipline.

Exercise is beneficial to health.

His reply was tantamount to refusal.

His service to the country is worthy of praise.

Columbus was beset with difficulties during his

voyage.

We are accountable to God for our acts.

How can I atome for my misdeeds?

People addicted to apium cannot live long.

His appeal for mercy is entitled to consideration. The crowd threw stones at the police, heedless

of the consequences.

He was asked by his wife and parents not to join the army, but he was deaf to their entreaties.

Many people in this city have an aptitude for business.

He doesn't have much incentive to hard work.

A person who is sensitive to criticism cannot get on well.

He acts as his conscience dictates, indifferent to praise or blame,



#### EXERCISE 71

He has great affection for his sister.

His ambition for power is likely to be realized.

We waited with unxiety for news of his safe arrival.

The boy made an apology to his teacher for his misbehaviour.

He shows an aptitude for research.

You shouldn't lay the blame for the accident upon me.

She offered herself as a candidate for the position.

He has great capacity for amusement.

Whenever he sees any sufferers, he is filled with compassion for them.

He received Rs. 10.,000 in *compensation for* the loss of his right hand.

I feel contempt for those who are cruel to their children.

He used to have a craving for opium.

I don't have much desire for wealth.

I have great esteem for my teachers.

His fitness for the post is questionable.

She has great fondness for music.

We offered our house as a guarantee for getting the loan. He has absolutely no *leisure for* sport.

She has a *liking for* detective stories.

He is no *match for* me in batting.

Hunger was the motive for the man's crime.

There is a great *need for* a book on poultry-rearing.

I have little opportunity for hearing good music. He has a partiality for Chinese cuisine.

He is filled with passion for his secretary. I feel pity for the refugees.

I have no predilection for cricket; in fact, I play tennis more than cricket.

We must find a pretext for refusing the invitation,

Hunger is the best relish for food.

He felt remorse for his misdeeds.

The French have a reputation for politeness. If I try to borrow Rs. 20,000 from the bank, we you stand surety for me?

#### EXERCISE 72

I have some acquaintance with Sanskrit.

The country entered into alliance with Russia.

I failed to strike a bargain with him.

That dictionary cannot stand comparison with this.



Your action is not in *confirmity with* the law. She is always at *enmity with* her neighbours. Our country has commercial intercourse with Bangladesh.

His intimacy with that woman brought about he ruin.

The incident put an end to his friendly relations with the manager.

#### EXERCISE 73

She has an abhorrence of frogs.

I have full assurance of your success.

Mr. Ashok is in charge of the department.

He has a distrust of his subordinates.

I have no doubt of your integrity.

Only women with experience of office work need apply for the post.

Failure of crops has resulted in famine.

On October 2 there is observance of Gandhi's birthday.
They required proof of my nationality.

The result of a war is only destruction.

He died from want of medical aid.



#### EXERCISE 74

Only high officials have access to the Governor. On his accession to the estate he gave a grand party.

Members of Parliament took an oath of allegiance

to the country.

The alternative to surrender is death.

Starch is an antidote to iodine.

He feels an antipathy to this place.

His performance is an approach to perfection

The President gave his assent to the Bill.

The attachment of this clause to the bond is superfluous.

Pay attention to what I am saying.

As a concession to the public outcry, the Gov-

ernment

reduced the tax on petrol.

These dirty alleys are a disgrace to the munici-

pal corporation.

He takes a dislike to dogs.

Praise acts as an encouragement to the young.

There are generally excep-

tions to a grammar rule. He doesn't have much

incentive to hard work.

The explorers' indifference to the dangers of the expe-

dition is admirable.

I haven't received his invitation to the party.

Perseverance is the key to success.

His *leniency to* his subordinates landed him in great difficulties.

Venu's likeness to Madhav is so much that they are often taken for twins.

There is no limit to that child's imagination.

The agitation has become a menace to public peace.

Soldiers act in *obedience to* the orders of their superior officers.

I take objection to what you are saying.

The agitators caused obstruction to the traffic.

We were in *opposition to* each other on the question.

The *postscript to* the letter says that he will be on holiday from tomorrow.

In the *preface to* the book the author explains how the book should be used.

The lawyer made a reference to the woman's past conduct.

He has repugnance to playing cards.

The girls show great resemblance to each other.

This novel is a sequel to 'The Peasant'.

They at last made their submission to the enemy.

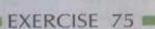
Who is the first in succession

to the throne?

There should be a supplement to this dictionary.

The sight of the watch on the table was a strong temp-tation to the servant.

He turned traitor to his friends.



The doctor advised me to abstain from drink.

The General ordered cessation from firing.

I pray to God for deliverance from evil.

He traces his descent from an old Arabic family.

His speech was full of digressions from the main subject.

He had a miraculous escape from the aircraft crash.

She was allowed exemption from attendance at college. This is the inference from his statement.

The sleeping pills gave him a short *respite from* the suffering.



#### EXERCISE 76

(a) Bribery is abhorrent to him.

Your proposal is not acceptable to me. His paintings are not accessible to the public.

I am accustomed to hard work. He is addicted to many vices. The remuneration was not adequate to the work done.

He lives in the hut adjacent to the park. She is as affectionate to her stepson as to her own.

I'm agreeable to what you suggest.

#### 30

# KEY TO HIGH SCHOOL GRAMMAR & COMPOSITION

The script of Kannada is akin to that of

Corruption is quite alien to his nature. He is fully alive to the dangers of the situa-

He is rarely amenable to advice.

This incident is analogous to what happened in Kanpur a week ago.

The rule is not applicable to this case.

His speech is not quite appropriate to the occasion.

Fresh air is beneficial to the

He is callous to the suffering of others.

This practice is common to Bengalis.

Nobody is comparable to him in thrift.

The criminal was condemend to life imprisonment.

(b) Walking is conducive to good health. Is his action conformable to the law? In his new place he found few people con-

genial to him.

His life was consecrated to the relief of suffering

What you have done is cantrary to your father's wishes. Your performance is very creditable to you.

He was deaf to the doctor's ad-

Your remarks about him are derogatory to his reputation.

Laziness is detrimental to success,

She is devoted to her children.

The recent cyclone has been disastrous to many crops.

The accident was due to careless driving. Every citizen is entitled to the vote.

He was equal to the occasion.

Industry is essential to success.

Soldiers are exposed to risks. A dog is faithful to its master.

His betrayal was fatal to our plans.

That idea is quite foreign to my principles,

The Committee is hostile to any more n form in education.

What you have said is impertinent to the occasion.

happened since

NUN YOU.

Reversals are incidential to a business.

I am greatly indebted to you for your help He is indifferent to Many things have

praise or blame.

Training is indispendable to a doctor.

A father should not be indulgent to his children.

Disunion is inimical to national progress.

He is insensible to in-

Mountaineers become immune to hard ships.

What he said was irrelevant to the subject I am not favourable to the proposal.

Heavy rains at this time are hurtful to the crops.

Whether he comes or not is immaterial to

The judge is impervious to all entreaties These plants are indigenous to India.

If you don't obey traffic rules, you are h able to a heavy fine.

His speech was limited to only one aspect of the subject.

He is lost to all sense of shame.

We should be loyal to our country.

I don't think this point is material to your argument.

Lying is natural to

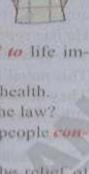
Sleep is necessary to health.

(41) Pupils should be obedient to their

teacher. I am much obliged

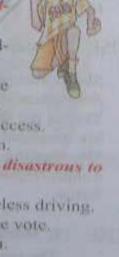
to you for your favour. His behaviour was offensive to her.

He resides in the house opposite to mine This duty is painful to me.











Many professors are partial to women stu-

This pronunciation is *peculiar to* Bengalis. What you say is not *pertinent to* the subject under discussion.

They are pledged to secreey.

Health is preferable to wealth.

The Committee's decision was prejudicial to many senior officers.

He was on sick leave prior to his retirement. The deal will be profitable to all of us.

A man who is prone to idleness can accomplish little.

He was reduced to begging for money.

He is not related to me in any way.

What you say is not relevant to the subject.

The dirty old man was repugnant to me.

You are responsible to the Manager for the petty cash.

Lorry drivers are restricted to 40 miles an hour.

The Ganga is sacred to Hindus.

The plant is sensitive to light.

This man is very serviceable to me.

The boy is subject to colds.

That dress is not suitable to the occasion.

Mr. Ashok and his wife seem suited to each other.

The present list is *supplementary to* the list published before.

Mr. Raman's statement was tantamount to a confession.

You should be true to your promises.

#### EXERCISE 77

He was absorbed in his business and so he did not notice me.

One should be abstemious in food and drink.

She is accomplished in mu-

He is always accurate in what he says.

He who is assiduous in his work is sure to succeed.

Your boy is backward in mathematics.

Aurangzeb was bigoted in religion.

His statement is correct in every aspect.

The construction is defective in many respects.

Their diet was deficient in protein.

She is experienced in drawing.

You have not been diligent in your work.

/ The mountain was enveloped in clouds.

The boy is fertile in excuses.

He has foiled in his attempt to deceive us.

He has always been honest in his dealings with me.

He found himself *implicated in* a bribery scandal.

I am very interested in gardening.

He is deeply involved in debt.

You should not be lax in morals.

He is proficient in English.

You will be dismissed

if you are remiss in your duties.

You ought to be more temperate in your language.

He is well versed in mathematics.

#### EXERCISE 78

I am not acquainted with that gentleman.

He is afflicted with asthma.

The expedition was beset with many difficulties.

He is very busy with his work. Censorship is not compatible with freedom.



I am compliant with your wishes.

What you say now is not consistent with what you said yesterday.

Coleridge was contemporary with Wordsworth.

We should be content with what we have.

These imported blades, contrasted with the domestic product, are excellent.

I am conversant with all the facts of the case. He was convulsed with anger when he learnt that his daughter secretly married.

He was deluged with questions.

Everybody was disgusted with his behaviour. We were drenched with rain while returning

He is a man endowed with rare talents. She was fatigued with the heavy work.

They were fired with zeal to fight for freedom.

She is gifted with a wonderfully sweet voice. He was infatuated with a young woman whom

he met in the theatre.

He was infected with influenza.

The kitchen is infested with cockroaches.

They were inspired with hopes of victory.

He is intimute with the secretary.

The President has been invested with full author.

Overcome with fatigue, she collapsed.

The teacher is very paputar with his students.

His words are replete with wisdom.

Last night he attended three parties and was satiated with food.

He is not satisfied with our work.

I was touched with pity when I heard that he has died.

■ EXERCISE

He was accused of brib-

He was acquitted of the crime.

She is afraid of dogs. He is apprehensive of the

They are not apprised of

my arrival.

We were assured of his cooperation.

I am aware of my arrival. He was bereft of reason.

He is always cautious of giving offence.

I am not certain of success.

This style is characteristic of Milton.

Water is composed of hydrogen and oxygen.

He feels confident of getting a first class.

He seems to be conscious of his guilt.

He was convicted of murder.

I am convinced of my error.

Mr. Joseph was coverous of his neighbour's land. He was defrauded of most

of his property:

She was deprived of any

chance in life.

Our country is desirous of peace.

She was destitute of shame: The story is completely

devoid of interest.

I am diffident of my ability to do it. We were distrustful of his motives.

He is dull of hearing.

The palace was not easy of access. Why should you be envious of his success? He walked quietly, fearful of waking her.

Saintly sermons) devilish actions.

He is fand of playing tennis.

One should not be greedy of power.

He was found guilty of forgery.

He quarrelled with his boss, heedless of the consequences.

I was ignorant of his departure.

Have you been informed of his intended mar riage?

She is innocent of the charge

He rushed to save her from drowning, irrespective of the

He is lame of his left leg.

He is never lavish of praise.

One should not be negligent of one's duties. Such discussions are only productive of quarrell

She is proud of her beauty.

He sent his son abroad for higher studies, regard less of expense.

The party is sanguine of success in the election

He is sensible of the gravity of the situation.

I am sick of your excuses.

He is slow of understanding. M His speech to the employees is subversive of discipline.

I am suspicious of his intentions.

One should be tolerant of criticism.

She is vain of her beauty.

What you say is void of reason.

I am weary of his constant grumbling.

HE

CE

His modesty is worthy of praise.

#### EXERCISE 80

He is anxious for his sister's safety.

Kashmir is celebrated for its scenery.

The headmaster is conspicuous for his strictness.

It is customary for certain tribes to sacrifice animals to the gods.

This book is designed for high school students. The ship was destined for London.

He is eager for promotion.

That man is not eligible for the post.

He is eminent for his patriotism.

You are not fit for the position. My scooter is good for another five years.

I am grateful for your help. He is notorious for his thefts.

God forgives those who are penitent for their sins.

I am not prepared for the examination.

It is not proper for you to behave like this.

Are you qualified for teaching French?

He isn't ready for school yet.

I am sorry for my inability to accept your invita-

That amount will be sufficient for our needs. The donkey is useful for carrying loads.

They are zealous for freedom.



# EXERCISE 81

Mr. Mukherji has recently acceded to the Congress Party.

You have to adapt yourself to new conditions. You must adhere to the truth.

You must do the work within the time I have al-

latted to you.

She alluded to her difficulties with her motherin-law.

He apologized to the for his teacher misbehaviour

I ascribed his rudeness to his fatigue.

He aspires to the position of Vice-Chancellor.

He readily assented to

my proposal.

His art has attained to perfection.

Attend to what he says,

He attributes his failure to bad luck.

Does this umbrella belong to you?

Wealth does not conduce to happiness.

You must conform to the rules of the game.

Her parents did not consent to her marrying a Christian.

Have you contributed to the relief fund?

This road leads to the museum.

We listened to his speech carefully.

I object to your remarks about me.

It never occurred to me that he would become my boss.

I prefer death to dishonour.

I cannot pretend to a thorough knowledge of the

subject.

don't understand whom you are referring to.

The conversation reverted to the original topic.

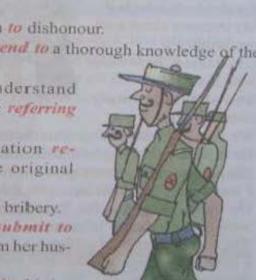
He stooped to bribery.

She had to submit to separation from her husband

He succumbed to his injuries.

The bandits finally surrendered to the police.

The headmaster testified to the boy's ability. The soldier yielded to the enemy.



#### EXERCISE 82

You should abstain from alcoholic drinks.

The old man fell down when alighting from the bus.

He ceased from smuggling watches.

The University debarred him from sitting for the examination.

He derives pleasure from teasing girls.

It is natural to derogate from an enemy's virtues.

In spite of repeated warnings, he didn't desist from smoking.

Kamala's hair style *detracts* from her apearance.

Under no circumstances does he deviate from the truth.

Hindi differs from English in many respects.

The speaker digressed from his topic several

Mr. Mukherji dissented from the opinion of the majority of the committee.

The judge managed to ellelt the truth from the culprit.

I spoke to Mr. Ramesh when he emerged from his room.

The parrot has escaped from its cage.

Children under 10 were excluded from the per. formance.

You should preserve them from damage, His father prevented him from seeing the film.

People are *prohibited* from smoking in the cinema.

An umbrella will protect you from the rain.

He recoiled from killing the snake.

He has not recovered from his illness yet.
Please refrain from smoking in this room.



#### EXERCISE 83

Tom does not associate with naughty boys.

You should bear with the child while he is ill. My interests clash with my brother's.

His tastes coincide with his wife's.

You should comply with the rules.

We condole with you on your bereavement. He is used to coping with difficulties.

His actions rarely correspond with his words.

I was wrong to credit him with sense.

On being re-elected the President was deluged with congratulatory telegrams.

The lunch disagreed with me: I feel sick.
I am well enough to dispense with the doctor's services.

I expostulated with Gopi about his decision.

Fill the glass with lemonade.

Grapple with the problem; you should be able we solve it.

Cassius intrigued with Brutus against Casear.

Don't meddle with the radio.

I don't like to part with my scooter.

She is always quarrelling with her husband.

I remonstrated with him about his foolist behaviour.

He is wise enough to side with the stronger party.

I sympathise with you in

your difficulties. Don't trifle with the

girl's affections.

Gopal vied with Madhav for the first prize.



# EXERCISE 84

The jury acquitted him of the crime.

Beware of pickpockets.

He *boasts of* being the best wrestler in the town.



He complained of having heavy work.

I despaired of finding my lost watch.

She died of cholera.

My mother disapproves of my getting up late.

I must dispose of the rubbish.

The thief divested the child of all her jewels. I had always dreamed of a trip to this country. The doctor assured her that he would heal her of the disease in a few days.

Don't judge of a man by his appearance. He repents of having disobeyed his father. Brave men taste of death but once.

#### EXERCISE 85

He atoned for the sin by giving alms to the poor. He is canvassing for the Congress candidate.

I don't much care for mangoes. The pupils are clamouring for a

holiday.

I feel for that poor widow.

Let us hope for the best.

They mourned for their de

They mourned for their dead leader.

The exiles were *pining for* home.

Soon after hearing the news of his mother's illness, he started for his home town.

He stipulated for immediate supply of the articles. He sued the company for damages to his property.

How he wished for a glass of wine! The child yearns for the sight of its mother.

#### EXERCISE 86

He acquiesced in my proposal. Children like dabbling in water. He delights in teasing children. He is employed in a factory.

A number of man wars ardieted i

A number of men were *enlisted in* the army. He *excels* me in hockey.

He excels me in nockey.

He failed in mathematics.

He gloried in his victory.

The country is increasing in population.

Don't indulge in too much candy.

You should not *involve* yourself in the matter.

If you persevere in your studies, you will get a first class:

The boy *persists* in biting his nails.



#### EXERCISE 87

The teacher commented on Gopi's progress.

She finally decided on the blue sari.

The committee is deliberating on the matter.

He still depends on his parents for support.

He is determined on joining the army.

Whenever I meet him he dwells on his misfortunes. My uncle has *embarked on* a new enterprise. I don't like to *encroach on* your time. We want you to *enlarge on* this matter. A government *imposes* certain restrictions *on* its citizens.

I insist on your attending the party. Let's not intrude on his privacy.

He resolved on proving his friend's innocence.

Many yogis subsist on leaves and fruits.

The children trampled on the flower beds.

#### EXERCISE 88

1. to 2. with, in 3. with, over 4. with 5. with 6. to 7. of 8. with 9. with 18. to 11. from 12. of 13. of 14. to 15. of 16. to 17. in 18. to 19. to 20. with, in 21. to 22. to, for 23. of 24. of 25. on 26. of 27. from 28. on 29. with, for 30. to 31. with 32. to 33. by 34. at 35. to 36. of 37. of 38. with 39. in 40.to, for 11. on 42. in 43. in 44. of 45. in 46. with 47. to 48. in 49. of 50. of 51. of 52. for 53. in 54. to 55. to 56. for 57. from 58. to 59. of/to 60. with.

## EXERCISE 89

2. from 3. to 4. to 5. on 6. of 7. with 8. in 9. with 10. for 11. for 12. to 13. to 14. to 15. to 16. to 17. to 18. for 19. of 20. from 23. of 24. to 25. in 26. to 27. to 28. to 29. with 30. at 31. to 22. to 23. of 36. to 37. to 38. with, at 39. with 40. to 41. with 42. for 33. of 34. to 35. of 36. to 47. in 48. to 49. on 50. with 51 to 52. on 53. on 54. at 55. with 56, with 57, from 58, to 59, to 60, to 61, on 62, to

#### EXERCISE 90

1. on 2. in 3. in 4. for 5. of 6. with 7. to 8. to 9. to 10. for II. of 12. of 13. to 14. in 15. of 16. at/in 17. to 18. for 19. for 20. from 21. to, to 22. to 23. from 24. to 25. for 26. with 27. in 28. to 29. to 30. to 31. to 32. with 33. about 34. in 35. to 36. to 37. 38. of 39. to 40. to 41. in 42. to 43. to 44. of 45. from/against 46. to 47. to 48. to 49. of 50. to

#### EXERCISE 91

I. for, about/of 2, to 3, to, for 4, at, to 5, of, to 6, with, to 7, to, of 8, with, on/about of 9. to, at, in 10. for, by 11. in, with 12. to, for 13. with, in 14. for, for 15. to, for 16. from, in 17. under, of 18. to, from 19. on, to 20. with, from 21. in, to 22. about, of/for 23. for, in, in 24. with, for 25. of, about 26. with, a 27. to, to 28. to, 29. with, for 30. for, to 31. in, to 32. on, to 33. from, with, from/through 34. from to 35. of, for 36. to, of 37. by, by 38. to, of 39. against, from, to 40. to, beyond, with, to

#### EXERCISE 92

1. from, between, for, by 2. from, for, for 3. against, of 4. for, of 5. in, of 6. with/about, with, in, at, for/about 7. from, with 8. from, on, under 9, to, in 10, to, with, amon 11. from, with, of 12. upon, over, among 13. with, for 14. with, against, for 15. with, to 16. for, to from 17. to, of 18. in/of, to 19. to, of, against 20, for, at, under .

#### EXERCISE 93

Lin, with, 2. about/of, about/of, to 3. in, for, with 4. for, of 5. over, for, of, on 6. to, of 7. for, of 8. from, to, with 9. with, to 10. by/at, with 11. on, with 12. with, by 13. with, to 14. for, in 15. with, 16. to, for, at 17. in, in/of 18. to, for 19. of, in, from 20. with, on 21. to/for, to/for 22. to, with, to/fo

- 1. unless—Subordinating
- 3. till—Subordinating
- 5. if—Subordinating
- 7. before—Subordinating
- 9. since—Subordinating
- 11. if-Subordinating
- 13. after—Subordinating
- 15. than—Subordinating
- 17. until-Subordinating
- 19. than-Subordinating
- 21. unless-Subordinating
- 23. else- Co-ordinating
- 25. for-Co-ordinating
- 27. or-Co-ordinating
- 29. either ... or -- Co-ordinating
- 31. unless- Subordinating
- 33. for-Co-ordinating

- 2. after—Subordinating and-Co-ordinating 4.
  - when—Subordinating
  - for-Co-ordinating 8.
  - lest-Subordinating 10.
  - 12. before—Subordinating
  - 14. because—Subordinating
  - 16. before—subordinating
  - 18. if—Subordinating
  - 20. or-Co-ordinating
  - whether—Subordinating
  - 24. If—Subordinating
  - 26. if—Subordinating
  - 28. than-Subordinating
  - 30. whether or-Co-ordinating
  - 32. that- Subordinating





#### EXERCISE 95

My brother smokes, but I

th

He must be either mad or

Neither Mohan nor Padma is at home.

I don't know whether he will come or not.

He told me that he would leave tomorrow. The train had departed before we reached the station.

He asked how it had happened. You may do as you please.

You can't catch the bus unless you run.

I won't go away until you promise to help

Though he studied hard, he failed the examination.

I shall post your letters when I go out.

While there is life.

there is hope.

I found my umbrella where I had left it.

If it rains, we shall cancel the match.

She is older than she looks,



EXERCISE 96

or/else/otherwise 5. Unless 6. that 7. till 8. till 1. and 2. but 3. for 4. 11. as/ because 12. As/Because 9. though/although 10. lest 14. If 15. unless 16. than 17. as 18. If 19. so that 20. though/although 21, or 22, but 23, as/because 24. As

#### EXERCISE 97

1. and 2. or 3, if 4. Unless 5. yet 6. Until 7. for 8. as 9. that 10. when 11. though 12. till 13. but/and 14. and 15. but 16. or 17. and 18. as/when as/because 21. so/and 22. but 23. and 24. but 25. or 26. but 27. but/and 28. as/because 29. unless 30. when/whenever/if 31. if 32. if 33. that 34. unless 35. If 36. till 37. and 38. whether 39. whether ... or 40. while/when 41. since 42. as 43. that 44, neither ... nor 45. than 46. Since 47. Since 48. Because 49, lest 50, that 51. While 52, till/until 53, that 54, since 55, though 56, so that 57, as/when/ before/after 58. before 59. than 60. If 61. Though/ Although 62. Though/Although 63. where 64. when/whenever/if 65, as 66, us/because 67. Though/Although 68, that 69, if/whether 70. unless 71. unless 72. Though/Although 73. but 74. If 75. if 76. Though/Although 77. since 78, lest 79, that 80, than

## EXERCISE 98

Do the same

- My brother is well, but my sister is ill.
- He sells mangoes and oranges. 2.
- He did not succeed though he worked hard. 3:
- Rama and Hari played well.
- 5. I honour him as/because he is a brave
- 6. You may go, but 1 will stay.
- Rama reads for pleasure, but Hari reads for profit.
- We decided to set out though it was late.

- He was poor but honest (or Though he was poor, he was honest).
- 10. He is neither a knave nor a fool.
- H. We love Bahadur as he is a faithful dog.
- 12. Rustum made twelve runs before he was caught at the wicket.
- He is rich hut not happy. (Though rich, he 13. is not happy)
- The sheep and the oxen are grazing.
- He is poor but contented. (Though he is poor, he is contented)
- 16. This mango is large and sweet.
- Neither my brother nor my sister was there.

18. The boy and the girl are here.

38

- The piper played and/ 19. while the children danced.
- You must be quiet, or 20. you must leave the room.
- He sat down as/because he was tired. 21.
- Rama works hard but Hari is idle. 22.
- I lost the prize though I tried my best. 23.
- I like him though he is dangerous. 24.
- I went to the shop and bought a slate. 25.
- 26. He is slow but sure.
- I know that he does not think so. 27.
- You are tall, but my brother is taller. (or : 28. My brother is taller than you.)
- 29. Hari went to school, but/while Sita stayed at home.
- 30. He must start at once, or/else/otherwise he will be late.
- I shall sit still and listen to the music. 31.
- 32. Hari neither came nor sent a letter.
- 33. I ran fast, but I missed the train. (or : Though/Although I ran fast I missed the
- 34. Karim works hard, but Abdul works harder. (or : Abdul works harder than Karim.)
- 35. He must be tired as/becouse he has walked five miles.
- 36. It is autumn, so the leaves are falling. (or : As it is autumn, the leaves are falling)



- I will come if I am not ill. 370
- I will bring your umbrella if you wish it 38.
- He remained cheerful though although 39.
- He went out when/after the rain stopped 40.
- He ran to the station but missed the train 41.
- I came, though unwilling. 42.
- Men have fought and died for their count 43.
- He ran lest he should be late, (or : He he 44. because/as he was afraid of being late)
- Though Although Hari does not write fav 45. he writes very well, (or: Hari does not was fast, but he writes very well)
- The boy is dangerously 46. ill us his head was hurt.
- 47 The old man fell down the steps and broke his leg.
- 48. He tried to get up, but could not.
- 49 Both mother and father are at home.
- 50. I have a cricket bat and a set of stumps
- 51. Though/Although we went early to theci cus, we could not get a seat. (or : We we early to the circus but could not get a se-
- 52. He must do as he is told, or /else/otherm he will be punished.
- 53. The prisoner fell down on his knees at begged for mercy.
- 54. Both Sita and Ganga go to school
- Rama may be either in the house or ing den.

# EXERCISE 99

- 1. Preposition 2. Adverb 3. Conjunction 4. Adverb 5. Preposition 6. Conjunction 7. Adver
- 8. Preposition 9. Conjunction 10. Conjunction 11. Preposition 12. Adverb

# EXERCISE 100

1. but 2. yet 3. As 4. where 5. but 6. and 7. when 8. either ... or 9. neither ... nor 10. so 11. for 12. while 13. 13. but 14. but 15. when 16. though/although/but 17. and 18. but 19. but 20. than 21, that 22. 23. but 24. than 25. Though/Although, yet 26, than 27, when 28. but 29. but/though 30. though although 31, but 32, or 33, and 34, and 35, when 36, and 37, except 38, though/although 39, when neither nor 41, not only, but 42, but/yet 43, and as 44, and 45, but 46, though/although 47, 154 48. unless 49. though/although 50. if



#### EXERCISE IOI

1. Though 2. but 3. until/till 4. when, and 5. but 6. unless 7. when 8. that, than 9. for 10. that 11. but, than 12. but 13. but, but 14. and 15. but 16. than 17. when 18. when, than 19. and 20. when, and, when, or 21. if 22. but 23. though 24. If 25. when, and, neither nor 26. except 27. than 28. than, yet 29. than 30. but/though 31. and 32. than 33. either or 34. but 35. while 36. when 37. If 38. for 39. but 40. and 41. when 42. but 43. than 44. for 45. Though, yet 46. and 47. while 48. if 49. either or 50. until 51. or, but.

#### EXERCISE 102

1. Noun 2. Verb 3. Adjective 4. Noun 5. Adjective 6. Adjective 7. Adverb 8. Adjective 9. Adverb 10. Adjective 11. Adverb 12. Adverb 13. Adverb 14. Noun 15. Adjective 16. Adverb 17. Adjective 18. Adverb 19. Adjective 20. Adverb 21. Adjective 22. Adverb 23. Adjective 24. Adverb 25. Adverb 26. Pronoun 27. Adverb 28. Adjective 29. Adverb 30. Adverb 31. Preposition 32. Preposition 33. Adverb 34. Adverb 35. Preposition 36. Adverb 37. Adverb 38. Preposition 39. Adjective 40. Conjunction 41. Adverb 42. Conjunction 43. Adjective 44. Pronoun 45. Adverb 46. Pronoun 47. Adjective 48. Pronoun 49. Adverb 50. Pronoun.

#### EXERCISE 103

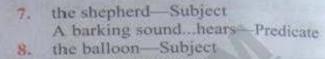
1. Adverb 2. Adjective 3. Adverb 4. Conjunction 5. Conjunction 6. Conjunction 7. Conjunction 8. Conjunction 9. Noun 10. Adverb 11. Adjective 12. Adverb 13. Preposition 14. Preposition 15. Adverb 16. Preposition 17. Conjunction 18. Relative Pronoun 19. Preposition 20. Noun 21. Adverb 22. Noun 23. Adjective 24. Preposition 25. Verb 26. Noun 27. Preposition 28. Pronoun 29. Adverb 30. Pronoun 31. Preposition 32. Adjective 33. Adverb 34. Adjective 35. Adverb 36. Noun 37. Verb 38. Noun 39. Adjective 40. Adjective 41. Adjective 42. Conjunction 43. Preposition 44. Adverb 45. Adjective 46. Conjunction 47. Relative Pronoun 48. Relative Pronoun 49. Adjective 50. Pronoun.



# COMPOSITION

#### EXERCISE 1

- The cackling of geese Subject
  saved Rome—Predicate
- 2. Stone walls—Subject do not a prison make—Predicate
- 3. All matter—Subject is indestructible—Predicate
- 4. No man—Subject can serve two masters— Predicate
- A sick room—Subject should be well aired—Predicate
- 6. I—Subject shot an arrow in the air—Predicate



- 9. he—Subject
  The naked every
  day...clad—Predicate
- 10. the piper—Subject
  Into the
  street...stepped—
  Predicate
- 11. the uses of adversity—Subject Sweet are—Predicate
  - Dear, gentle, patient, noble Nell—Subje, was dead—Predicate



#### EXERCISE 21

Sentence	Complete Subject	Subject word	Its Attributes
1,	The boy, anxious to learn	boy	The, anxious to learn
2.	A burnt child	child	A burnt
3.	Birds of a feather	Birds	of a feather
4.	The attempt to scale the fort	attempt	The, to scale the fort
5.	The days of our youth	days	The, of our youth
6.	III habits	habits	HI
7.	The dog, seizing the man by the collar	dog	The, seizing the man by the collar
8.	The streets of some of our cities	streets	The, of some of our citie
9.	A house divided against itself	house	A, divided against itself
10.	Deceived by his friends, he	he	Deceived by his friends
11.	The man carrying a hoe	man	The, carrying a hoc
12.	One man's meat	meat	One man's
13.	My days among the dead	days	My, among the dead
14.	the stout old sheriff	sheriff	the stout old

#### 1. distinctly-Adverb

- 2. in a distinct voice—Adverbial phrase
- 3. a mile—Adverbial Accusative
- 4. again-Adverb

- 5. to stay-Gerundial Infinitive
- 6. a minute Adverbial Accusative
- 7. in clear type Adverbial phrase
- 8. at once-Adverbial phrase

- 9. over a stile-Adverbial phrase
- The tide having turned-10. Absolute phrase
- below its value-Adver-H. bial phrase
- behind him-Adverbial 12. phrase



- 13. by painting-Adverbial phrase
- 14. by trade Adverbial phrase
- inch by inch-Adverbial phrase 15.
- 16. about him-Adverbial phrase
- in all respects-Adverbial phrase
- to the ends of the earth-Adverbial phrase

#### EXERCISE 4

- a soldier-Noun 1. pleased-Adjective 3. round-Adjective 5. sweet-Adjective cold-Adjective 9, of a gentle disposition-Adjectival Phrase 11.
- there-Adverb 12.
- sad-Adjective 14.
- full to the brim-Adjectival Phrase 15.
- shocking-Adjective 16.
- 17. of the modern athlete-Adjectival Phrase
- about-Adverb 18.
- 19. the pride of the village-Noun Phrase
- 20. in good spirits-Adjectival Phrase
- 21. lending to the lord-Noun Phrase
- 22. of considerable importance—Adjectival Phrase
- 23. the architect of his own fortune-Noun Phrase

9	sweet-	-Adjective
did to	SWEEL	-/XUICCUVC

- 4. tired-Adjective
- 6. happy-Adjective
- 8. dead-Adjective
- 10. unconscious - Adjective





#### EXERCISE 5

Sen- tence	Complete Subject	Object- word	Its Attributes
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15.	nothing of its greatest men to govern ourselves her arms a plan for the house their skin the wind them the baby his master's confidence your voice your coat houses no answer to my letter the knell of parting day the heat of the sun good manners	nothing to govern arms plan skin wind them baby confidence voice coat houses answer knell heat manners	of its greatest men ourselves her a, for the house their the his master's your your no, to my letter the, of parting day the, of the sun good

furn to page 45 for EXERCISE 6.

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		SUBJECT			PREDICATE	
No.	Subject-	Auribute	Verb	Object	Complement	Adverbial Qualification
-	pou	(0)A)	.93		breakfast for	
		(2) From a			a fool	
		lord			THE REAL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON ADDRESS OF THE PERSON AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON ADDRESS	
	paymaster	(I).A	wants		for workmen	never
		(2) good				
	they	191	prought	her warrior	dead	home
	Sickness	1000	made	the child	imiable	
	Evangeline	Gentle	was	N. S.	the pride of	
					the village	
	(ft) to find	4	.92		Wash.	
	fruit	1		1		-
	(It) to live in		.2			
	susbense		2		a miserable	1
	Wounds	made by	are		tuning hard to heal	
		words				0
	George	(1) the	went			down
		(7) yearns				

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	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	SECTION AND PROPERTY.		O COSSOCITION
KEY TO	HIGH SCH	HOOL !	GRAMMAK	& COMPOSITION

	Adverbial	into the valley of death			distributed.	mhm			1		í	
PREDICATE	Complement	i	friends	Great		in the eating		casy	A man to all	the country dear		
d .	Object	1	the worst enemies		a true patriot			8		>/	(1) us (2) many lessons	
	Verb	rode	makes	SI	lost	15		S	Was		has	
SUBJECT	Anribute	(1) the (2) six		(1) your (2) in heaven		(1) the (2) of the	Budding	after the event				
	Subject-word	hundred	Time	reward	India	proof		(It) to be wise	he		Experience	
	No.	10.	1	12.	13.	±		<u>15</u>	16.		17.	

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A	Adverbial Qualification	EY TO H	IIGH S	CHOOL GRA	conquered his enemies (2) to Rome				at the end of the day
	Adve	1		1	CO GO GO		-		arth
PREDICATE	Complement	to avoid the reproaches of	a dull boy				a great mis- fortune	9	very tired
III.	Object		Jack	a constant solicitude for his son's welfare		care and skill	)/		*
	Verh	should be	makes	showed	returned	requires	18		looked
UBJECT	Attribute	(1) A man's (2) first	(f) all (2) no			a car	(E) a	(2) great (3) in the hands of a fool	The

work and play He

20

19,

Subject-word

SUBJECT

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Caesar

21.

To drive fortune

22 22

postman

24.

#### EXERCISE 6

Sentence	Subject	A COMPLETE	Predicate	
		Verb	Object	Complement
1.	Abdul	called	his cousin	a fool
2.	Exercise	has made	his muscles	strong
3.	This	will make	you	happy
4.	The Nawab	appointed	his own brother	Vizier
5.	The court	appointed	him	guardian of the orphan child
6.	Time	makes	the worst enemies	friends
7.	Sickness	made	the child	irritable
8.	They	elected	him	secretary of the
9.	You	do take	me	for a fool
10.	We	saw	the storm	approaching
11.	I	consider	the man	trustworthy
12.	They	kept	us	in suspense
13.	The jury	found	him	guilty of murder
14.	A thunderstorm	(often) turns	milk	sour

#### EXERCISE 8

- 1. in great difficulties
- 3. in small cages
- 5, with the ring of truth in it
- 7- in time
- 9. with cool shady trees
- 11. of his cruel wrongs
- 13. of great promise
- 15. of one of the criminal tribes.

- 2. of very considerable renown
- 4. without any enemy; with few friends
- 6. in need
- 8. in the hand; in the bush
- 10. with plenty of money; of such beauty and power
- 12. of the noble Padmini
- 14. with a strange device

- 1. A grey cloud A cloud of grey colour
- 2. a wooden hut—a hut built of wood
- 3. a bald head—a head without (much) hair (or: in a bald state)
- 4. a diamond necklace—a necklace set with diamonds
- 5. a horrible night a night full of horror
- 6. the Siberian railways—the railway running through Siberia
- 7. A grassy meadow—A meadow covered with grass
- 8. An earthen pitcher—A pitcher made of
  - a three-legged table—a table with three legs

- The French flag—The flag of France.
  - the highest mast—the mast of the greatest height
- a cowardly act—an act of cowardice
- 11. well—in good health
- 12. A valuable ring-A ring of value.
- 13. Heroic deeds -deeds of heroism
- 14. the Swiss scenery—secenery of Switzerland
- 15. Numerical superiority—superiority in numbers
- 16. material glory—glory in matter.



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# 46 KEY TO HIGH SCHOOL GRAMMAR & COMPOSITION

- 17. sleepless nights nights without sleep
- 18. a professional cricketer—a cricketer by profession
- 19. biblical quotations—quotations from the
- 20. medical advice— advice of a medical nature
- a tall soldier—a soldier of a tall stature



#### EXERCISE 10

- 1. a turban made of silk a silk turban
- 2. a deed of shame—a shameful deed
- a life devoid of blame—a blameless life
- a man without a friend—a friendless man
- 5. a path covered with muda muddy path
- a sword stained with blood—a blood-stained sword
- 7. a girl from a cottage a cottage girl
- a man with plenty of impudence—an impudent man

- 9. this village in the mountains—this mountains the mountains and the mountains are the mountains the mountains are the mountains and the mountains are t
- 10. a soldier full of hope and free from fearhopeful and fearless soldier
- 11. a boy without fear a fearless boy
- 12. a person with a bad temper—a bad-ten
- 13. a man of sense a sensible man
- 14. The tops of the mountains—The mountain tops
- 15. an author of great versatility—a versati
- 16. of no use useless

#### EXERCISE U

- L with a white skin
- 3. of simplicity
- 5. of great value
- 7. of great prudence
- 9. of your school
- II. of voices
  - 13. of the jury
- 15. of the canal
- 17. of that hotel



- 2. of the same feather
- 4. with pictures
- 6. full of wisdom
- 8. of renown
- 10. of this tree
- 2. of the cuckoo
- 4. of the office
- 16. leading to the church
- 18. of glory

# EXERCISE 12

- 1. He is a man of great talent
- 2. The result of the debate is not known.
- 3. Mohan loves a girl with hime eyes.
- 4. Childhood is a period of rapid growth.
- 5. I have bought a car of British make.



# EXERCISE 13

1. in the middle of a great wood 2. on the moon 3. into the garden 4. over the sea 5. O'er her 6. Down a green and shady bed 7. On your conscience 8, for a white, on the bank of the river 9, on his fact 10, with a loud report 11, beside the river Dee 12, on the bridge; at midnight 13. To the northware the last man 19, in the face of all obstacles 20, on my toe 21, at arm's length 22, at home 23, at anothe top of his voice 29, with all his might 30. Without pausing to consider 31, under the bridge; since then

#### EXERCISE 14

L with swiffness 2, in a good manner 3, to a distance 4, in a feeble voice 5, in a gentle manner 6, in this place 7, in a short time 8, in that place 9, a short time ago 10, with cheer 11, with eloquence 12, in a short time 13, in a thorough manner 14, towards home 15, in a suspicious way 16, from that time onward 17, with all his might

#### EXERCISE 15

1. terribly 2, henceforth 3, here 4, truthfully 5, then 6, soon 7, promptly 8, impudently 9. unreservedly 10. heartily 11. ultimately 12. proverbially 13. fiercely 14. properly 15. violently 16. satisfactorily

#### EXERCISE 16

- 1. with great courage
- 3. with his axe
  - 5. to please my father
  - 7. in haste
  - 9. with care
  - 11. two years ago
- 13. with diligence

7. Adjective Phrase

15. to bed

- 2. with respect
- 4. at random
- 6. in a reckless mariner
- 8. with contempt
- 10. with caution
- 12. on time
- 14. in his duty.



#### EXERCISE

- 1. Are you going to the cinema?
- 2. In all probability he will arrive tonight.
- 3. I shall return the book in a couple of days.
- 4. I see him every day,
- 5. In spite of his hard work, he did not succeed.

#### EXERCISE 18

- 1. Adjective Phrase Adverb Phrase 4. Adjective Phrase
  - Adjective Phrase
  - Adverb Phrase
- Adverb Phrase
- Adverb Phrase

#### EXERCISE 19

She usually speaks in a hand voice, Please send the articles without further delay.

All the people supported the Government's policy with one VOICE:

I cannot say for certain when I " shall be back

We were just in time for the train. The workers are up in arms against the manager.

What he says is of no consequence.

The style of dress has gone out of fashion.

She accepted the gift with great satisfaction. He left in the twinkling of an eye.

There are trees on either side of the street.

They were relaxing in a shady nook,

They were killed to the last man.

He accepted the challenge with a smile.

In his house everything is at sixes and sevens,

He offered to join in the game at the eleventh

Standing on the top of the hill, I saw the whole town.

Behave well in future.

He asked me to meet him at nine a cluck.



# EXERCISE 20

1. to speak to the Headmaster 2. getting people into trouble 3. to pay back every penny of the mone 4. having to punish his servants 5. living in darkness 6. to do such a thing 7. climbing a coconut pale.

4. having to punish his servants 3. fiving in character 10. to write such rubbish 11. to come again 8. thinking good thoughts 9. to answer the question 10. to write such rubbish 11. to come again

8. thinking good thoughts 9. to answer the question 14. stealing the money 15. Your doing suc

a thing.

#### EXERCISE 21

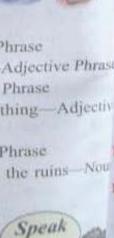
- 1. I want to visit the museum.
- 2. Swimming across the river delights me.
- 3. We all hope to see you soon.
- 4. Pretend to know nothing about it.
- 5. To behave like that seems dishonest.
- 6. My getting a first class surprised my mother.
- 7. Do you wish to go home?
- 8. My father hates playing cards.
- 9. Going to the movies gives me no pleasure.
- 10. I don't intend to harm you.

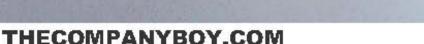
- 11. To give up smoking is not easy.
- 12. I do not expect to finish the work today.
- 13. I enjoy reading detective stories.
- 14. He wishes to go into business:
- 15. Cats like catching mice.
- 16. His father promised to send him abroad

- l. like a born orator—Adverb Phrase
- 2. to hear of your illness-Noun Phrase
- 3. Beyond a doubt-Adverb Phrase
- 4. in spite of his best efforts—Adverb Phrase
- 5. by means of trickery—Adverb Phrase
- 6. like that-Adverb Phrase
- 7. how to play this game-Noun Phrase
- 8. in spite of many faults—Adverb Phrase
- at your hands—Adverb Phrase
- 10. to be understood— Adverb Phrase
- II. what to do—Noun Phrase
- 12. how to solve this problem—Noun Phrase
- 13. amidst many difficulties Adverb Phrase
- 14. in the long run—Adverb Phrase
- 15. of a feather—Adjective Phrase
- 16. of no importance Adjective Phrase
- 17. behind time Adverb Phrase
- 18. of means—Adjective Phrase
- 19. near his heart Adverb Phrase
- 20. under lock and key Adverb Phrase
- 21. of no importance—Adjective Phrase
- 22. to go to the cinema today—Noun Phrase

- 23. to hear the watchdog's honest bark— Noun Phrase
- 24. of my own free will— Adverb Phrase
- 25. how to do it—Noun Phrase
- 26. over a dog—Adverb Phrase
- 27. in a bad way Adverb Phrase
- 28. of wonderful patience Adjective Phrase
- 29. to his secret—Adjective Phrase
- 30. of committing us to nothing—Adjective Phrase
- 31. of the story—Adjective Phrase
- 32. How to find the way to the ruins Nou
- 33. of might—Adjective Phrase
- against his will—Adverb Phrase
- 35. to waste on trifles—Adjective Phrase
- 36. by halves—Adverb
- walking in the fields— Noun Phrase







#### EXERCISE 23

1. wherever you like 2, where his pursuers could not follow 3, as one might expect him to do. 4. Because you have done this 5. As he was not there 6. If you eat too much 7, though he began late 8, till I return 9. Just as he entered the room 10, where living was cheaper 11, as he thinks 12, because the night is dark 13, because I choose to 14, If I make a promise 15, if you work hard 16, as far as he dared 17, since you repent 18, where I am 19, until you come 20. When I was younger 21, that you could not see your hand 22. Wherever one goes 23. If you do not hurry 24. Since you have already decided.

#### EXERCISE 24

1. till the rain stops 2, as you are 3, that I didn't mind the consequences 4, that I failed to catch him 5, as I tell him 6, that we could not hear him 7, if you scold me 8, where wise men fear to tread 9, because he is arrogant 10, than secret love (is) 11, if he works hard 12, while the sun shines 13, that he cannot attend the meeting 14, unless I telephone you 15, when his father was asleep 16, as I advise him 17, if I call him 18, as he was ordered 19, as her mother does 20, than the moon (is) 21, before he was born 22, unless he wears glasses 23, so that you may please your boss 24, where I had left them 25, if it rains 26, according to what is deserved 27, than geometry (is) 28, if we don't take a taxi 29, as you please.

#### EXERCISE 25

- on his return— When he returned
- to the best of your ability as well as you can.
- on his arrival—when he arrived
- in spite of his poverty though he was poor
- upon seeing the signal when they saw the signal
- 6. without hard work—unless he works hard
- 7. for his kindness—because he was kind
- in comparison with air—When it is compared with air
- too bright to last—so bright that it cannot last
- 10. (too full) for words—(so full) that I cannot express my feelings in words
- (too much) for any man to do singlehanded—so much that no man can do it single-handed

- 12. With a view to early retirement—so that he might retire early
- 13. In the event of the president's death—
  If the president dies
- according to instructions—as he was instructed
- 15. for an old car-as it is an old car
- 16. with all his might—as fast as he could
- 17. after such hard work—As he has done such hard work
- 18. (base enough) to accept the dishonourable terms—(so base) that he accepted the dishonourable terms.
- 19. as to be wholly unmanageable—that they were wholly unmanageable
- 20. by any other name—even if it were called by any other name

- I. since I returned from Chennai—since my return from Chennai
- 2. When the sun set—At sunset (or: The sun having set)
  3. as heroes do 10.
- as heroes do—like heroes (or : heroically)
   when the rights
- when the righteous rule—Under the rule of the righteous
- 5. Though I am poor—In spite of my poverty
- 6. that we may help you—to help you
- 7. When he entered the room—(On) entering the room



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#### KEY TO HIGH SCHOOL GRAMMAR & COMPOSITION 50 As he was sick- Being sick 251 as a jackal does-like a jackal as he deserved - deserved w that he has recovered from his illness of 264 so far as the working is conhis recovery from his illness cerned in respect of workthat he may become rich to become rich ing. that he succeeded as to succeed that the streets were flooded-12. As soon as I saw the cobra-Immediately as to flood the streets on seeing the coora because you recommended so that we might arrive in time-so as to him-because of your necomarrive in time even as he lay dying-even on his death mendation though they were of noble birth in to 14. 15. unless he applies himself continually to his of their noble birth whatever I may say-for all my acmin art-without applying himself continually to his art as well as we can to the best of our in 16. if only he might make profit-to make 324 when he discovered the print of a foot-17. (so rich) that he could buy a motor-carthe sand at the discovery of the print (rich enough) to buy a motor car a foot on the sand when he had uttered these words-After as long as the Roman Empire laster uttering these words throughout the period of the Roman Is (so difficult) that I cannot do it-too diffi-19. cult for me to do though his income was only Rs. 300 29. (so good) that it cannot be true-(too good) to be true annually - in spite of his income being a 21. As I had no money with me - having no Rs. 30,000 annually money with me because you are kind to us-because 36. that he might live long - so as to live long 22. your kindness to us 23 as soon as the mails arrive-on the arrival 37. (so difficult) that I cannot comprehend of the mails (too difficult) for me to comprehend after his work finished after finishing his 24. work EXERCISE 27 II whose fleece was that climbs too high white as snow - qualifies 'he' qualifies 'lamb' Parde which was badly 13. (that) you wantme needed qualifies qualifies 'book' - money 14. who help themthat I live in qualifies 'house' selves- qualifies (that) I survey-qualifies 'all ' 'those' which goes in and out with me-qualifies where he was born-qualifies 'village' 15. 'shadow' that is silly-qualifies 'anything' 16. 6that bites - qualifies 'dog' 17. who live in glass houses qualifies 'peop that sounds untrue qualifies tale 18. that has no turningthat blows nobody any good-qualifies qualifies 'lane'

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whence all but he had fled - qualifies

who die in a great cause - qualifies 'they'

where I was born - qualifies 'house'

10.

19.

20.

who laughs last-

that hath his quarrel

just-qualifies 'he'

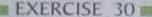
qualifies 'he'

#### EXERCISE 28

1. where he lives 2. who is true to his word 3. which he is referring to 4. which cannot be excused 5. which I borrowed from the library 6. who have failed in more than two subjects 7, that he bought yesterday 8, that I had lost 9, who beat your brother 10, who is honest 11, who is standing there 12, who work hard 13, which is meant for drinking 14, who comes late 15. which departed at 8:30

#### EXERCISE 29

- of industrious habits -- who is of industri- 6. of courage -- who is couous habits
- the time of his arrival- when he would arrive (or : when he had arrived)
- for departing-when he is to depart 3.
- leading to the temple- which leads to the 4 temple
- filled with almonds-which is filled with almonds
- rageous
- on a hill-which is situated on a hill
- in the gallery-who were 8. sitting in the gallery
- 9. of your liking-that you
- of the Burmese- in which the Burmese 10. live



- who is wearing a blue sari - wearing a blue sari
- who sits near me sitting 2.
- why he came late-for his coming late
- why he failed- for his failure 4.
- who were weary with their exertions-being weary with their exertions
- which at midday was hot- being hot at midday.
- that leads most quickly to the station-leading most quickly to the station
- who eat too much eating too much
- who have not been trained to write-not trained to write

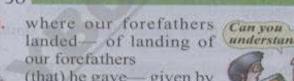
- our forefathers
- 115 (that) he gave given by
- 12. (Such men) as you (are) Men like you
  - (This boy) who is industrious- The industrious boy
- (A belief) which is generally held—A generally held belief
- 15. who was famous during the freedom struggle - famous during the freedom struggle
  - which overlooks the lake-overlooking the lake

#### EXERCISE 31

1. how you are getting on 2. that I shall fail 3. that he would come 4. that you stole the watch 5. that it would be a fine day 6. that you should cheat me 7. who he is 8, that the clock had stopped 9. That you should say this 10, how you can get out of this mess 11, whatever I can 12, what he wants 13. that the day was hot 14, what had happened 15, how it all hapened 16, what I am going to say 17, that she was ill 18. how far it is from here 19. Where we were to lodge that night 20. that his life might be spared 21. (that) you have made a mistake 22. what I want 23. How the burglar got in 24. whether he will come 25, what he will do

#### EXERCISE 32

1. why he robbed his friend 2. that they wished to go for a picnic 3, that he is a European 4, what I wanted 5. that they had deceived him 6. That he is a smuggler 7. where he lives 8. what she wants 9. who he is 10. how the machine operates 11. That we shall win the match 12. that you will win the scholarship 13. that I am busy 14. when the next train will arrive 15. that his son should study medicine 16. that you owe me Rs. 1017, that he will get a first class 18, that he is going to the United States ? 19. Whatever you do 20. what I had done





She doesn't

like fish.

# EXERCISE 33

1. When he will come 2, that he had succeeded 3. Why he failed 4, that the weather will change 5, the 1. When he will come 2, that he is trustwork the man was guilty 6, that business will improve 7, that his statement is true 8, that he is trustwork the man was guilty 6. 9, what he has said 10, that he was guilty 11, how they attacked the camp 12. Where they met 13, where the wind was blowing from 14. that he would arrive 15. that he would succeed 16. that you have great regard for him. EXERCISE 34

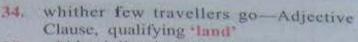
- that I shall be there in time-to be there in
- that we will win the match-2. of our winning the match
- that it was a fine day-upon @ the fine day
- where he is concealed— the place of his concealment
- 5. where he is living—his address
- that the man is sincere— (the man) to be sincere
- what you think about this- your opinion
- that she will soon recover- of her recov-8.

- 9. (It is to be regretted) that he retired from the world so early in life - His retirement from the world so early in life (is to be n gretted)
- what he says his words 10.
- how the problem was done the method 11. doing the problem
- (It seems) that he is a sharper—(He seem 12. to be a sharper
- 13. where I live-my address
- 14. why you did this-the reason for doing the
- 15. (It is not known) who has written to book-The author of this book (is a known)
- 16. whosoever is guilty - the guilty

- When you like Adverb Clause, modifying "come"
- who is here—Adjective Clause, qualifying 'man'
- 3. that he met your brother Noun Clause. object of - 'says'
- that rocks the cradle-Adjective Clause, qualifying 'hand'
  - Before I die-Adverb Clause, modifying 'intend'
  - as we go forward-Adverb Clause, modifying 'rejoice'
  - Which I had read before-Adjective Clause, qualifying 'book'
  - 8. that I am a fool-Noun Clause, object of "thinks"
  - As I drew near-Adverb Clause, modifying 'saw'
  - whom I knew-Adjective Clause, qualifying 'friends'
  - whose soul is dead-Adjective Clause, qualifying 'man'
  - 12, that he will die-Noun clause, object of "thinks"

- who did this Adjective Clause, qualify ing 'man'
- 14. that he would fast for a week-Nou Clause, put in apposition to 'vow'
- 15. that Rama has won the prize-Noun Claus object of 'have heard'
- 16. whom the king suspected-Adjectiv Clause, qualifying vizier'
- 17. that he wrote the letter-Noun Clause, of ject of 'admitted'
- That he will do it-Noun Clause, referring 18. to 'doubt'
- which you mention-Adjective Claus 19. qualifying 'place'
- 20. That such a thing could happen Nov Clause, object of 'do not believe'
- When he heard this Adverb Clause, mod 21. fying 'turned'
- that he has bought-Adjective Claus 22. qualifying 'horse'
- that you will visit us—Noun Clause, obje 10. 23. of hopes'
- as a brave man should do—Adverb Claus 12. modifying 'behaved'

- until the next train comes—Adverb Clause, modifying 'will wait'
- that he would be surrounded—Noun Clause, object of 'feared'
- 27. when he was hungry— Adverb Clause, modifying 'ate'
- 28. Since he has been in hospital—Adverb Clause, modifying 'has improved'
- As I was going in—Adverb Clause, modifying 'came'
- 30. when he was tired of waiting—Noun Clause, put in apposition to 'time'
- when wars should cease—
   Noun Clause, put in apposition to 'time'
- 32. where the climate is good—
  Adverb Clause, modifying
- 33. where roses grow—Adjective Clause, qualifying 'place'



- 35. whither it listeth—Adverb Clause, modifying "bloweth"
- 36. whence they had come—Adverb Clause, modifying \*returned\*
- 37. whence such birds migrate—Adjective Clause, qualifying 'country'
- 38. whither I now depart—Adjective Clause, qualifying 'retreat'
- 39. when the monsoon failed—Noun Clause, put in apposition to 'year
- 40. where you'll get rich in a hurry—Adjective Clause, qualifying 'place'
- 41. whence they had so hopefully set forth that morning—Adjective Clause, qualifying 'prison'
- 42. when you did this—Adjective Clause, qualifying 'day'
- 43. where once I sat—Adjective Clause, qualifying seat
- 44. whence no traveller returns—Adjective Clause, qualifying bourne



- where he can sleep— Adjective Clause
- who has long hair— Adjective Clause
- what the news is— Noun Clause
- 4. Though he has made efforts Adverb Clause
- so that he might avoid slipping—Adverb Clause
- 6. where I live—Noun Clause
- as he was full of joy— Adverb Clause
- 8. what you have asked Noun Clause
- so that he may earn his livelihood—Adverb Clause
- 10. As he is lame—Adverb Clause
- 11. When the sun set—Adverb Clause
- 12. that he had arrived—Noun Clause

- 13. How long the war will last—Noun Clause
- 14. What he had remarked (was)—Noun Clause
- 15. that he was innocent-Noun Clause
- 16. that he will recover soon-Noun Clause
- 17. why he had come-Noun Clause
- that the traitor (should) be executed—Noun Clause
- 19. that the boy was impudent—Noun Clause
- 20. That he is silent-Noun Clause
- 21. when I shall arrive-Noun Clause
- 22. That he had a share in the plot—Noun Clause
- 23. as a born orator does-Adverb Clause
- 24. As existing conditions are such—Adverb Clause
- 25. that he will accept your offer— Adverb Clause
- 26. Where I lived before—Adverb Clause
- 27. if you behave well—Adverb Clause



	EXER	CISE	37
1	Compound Sentence  (i) The horse reared (ii) the rider was thrown  (*and*)		<ol> <li>Complex Sentence</li> <li>(i) 'tis folly to be wise (Main Clause)</li> <li>(ii) where ignorance is bliss</li> </ol>
2	Compound Sentence  (i) Walk quickly (ii) you will not overtake him ('else')	18	(Adverb Clause)  8. Compound Sentence  (i) Listen carefully (ii) take
3.		10	notes ('and') Compound Sentence
	(Main Clause) (ii) in which I live (Adjective		(i) The heavens declare the
4.	Clause)		glory of God (ii) the fir- mament showeth his
	(i) I called him (ii) he gave me no answer ('but')	20	
5.	(i) I agree to your proposals (ii) I think	4.0	(i) He tried hard (ii) he did not succe ('but')
6.	them reasonable ('for') Complex Sentence	21	Compound Sentence     (i) She must weep (ii) she will die ('or
	(i) I went (Main Clause) (ii) because I was invited (Adverb Clause)	22	Complex Sentence (i) They serve God well (Main Clause)
7.	Compound Sentence (i) he is drowned (ii) some passing ship has	23	who serve His creatures (Adjective Clar
8.	saved him ('Eitheror')	9/	(i) Man is guided by reason (ii) beasts (
	(i) I returned home (Main Clause) (ii) because I was tired (Adverb Clause)	24.	
9.	Complex Sentence (i) They always talk (Main Clause) (ii) who		(i) Quarrels would not last long (Main Clause) (ii) if
10.	Complex Septences		the fault were only on one side (Adverb
	(i) He came oftener (Main Clause) (ii) than we expected (Adverb Clause)	25.	Clause) Compound Sentence
1.	Compound Sentence (i) He blushes (ii) he is guilty ('therefore')		(i) God made the country (ii) man made the town ('and')
2.	(i) A guest is unwelcome (Main Clause) (ii) when he stays too less	26.	Complex Sentence
3.	Complex Sentence (Adverb clause)	27.	(i) He trudged on (Main Clause) (ii) thoughe was very tired (Adverb Clause) Complex Sentence
4.	(i) Do well (Main Clause) (ii) whatever you do (North Clause) Compound Sentence		(i) There was one philosopher (Mai Clause) (ii) who chose to live in a tub (Ad jective Clause)
5,	(i) He must have done his duty (ii) he is a conscientious man (*for*) Compound Sentence	28.	Compound Sentence (i) The Commons passed the bill (ii) the
	fighting fell (spect)	29.	Complex Sentence
6.	Compound Sentence	30.	(i) Tell me the news (Main Clause) (ii) 11 you have heard (Adverb Clause)  Complex Sentence 12
	disposes ('but')		Complex Sentence  (i) He has none to lose (Main Clause) (ii) that has most time (Adjective Clause)

- 31. Compound Sentence
  - (i) Your arguments are weighty (ii) they do not convince me ('still')
- 32. Complex Sentence
  - (i) Everything comes (Main Clause) (ii) if a man will only work and wait (Adverb Clause)
- 33. Compound Sentence
  - (i) The same day went Jesus out of the house
  - (ii) (he) sat by the sea-side ('and')
- 34. Compound Sentence
  - (i) We must eat to live (ii) we should not live to eat ('but')

- 35. Compound Sentence
  - (i) Govern your passions (ii) they will govern you ('or')
- 36. Compound Sentence
  - (i) They fought the dogs (ii) (they) killed the cats (iii) (they) bit the babies in the cradles (iv) (they) ate the cheeses out of the vats (v) licked the soup from the cook's own ladles ('and'...)
- 37. Complex Sentence
  - (i) My heart leaps up (Main Clause) (ii) when I behold a rainbow in the sky (Adverb Clause)

#### EXERCISE 38

- (i) As subject of a verb:
- Whether he will come at all is doubtful.
  What she said may be true.
  Whoever finishes first gets a prize.
- ii) As object of a verb:
  - He said that he had not heard the news.
  - I don't know where he has gone.
    I doubt whether he will accept
    the offer.

(iii) In apposition to a noun or pronoun:
We must allow for the fact that she doesn't hear

Never forget this, that a stitch in time saves nine.

It is unfortunate that you have lost your purse.

- (iv) As complement of a verb:
  - My belief is that he is innocent.

    The truth is that they are married.
    - My request is that I may be allowed to go now.



- how you found that out —object of the verb
- 2. That he will succeed—subject of the verb
- (that) you have made a mistake—object of the verb 'think'
- 4. (that) her mother is ill—object of the verb
- 5. How long I shall stay here—subject of the verb 'is'
- 6. that he had come object of the verb 'did (not) know'
- 7. that he was guilty—put in apposition to the pronoun 'It'
- how it all happened—object of the verb 'do (not) understand'
- 9. who wrote Shakuntala—object of the verb
- how it is done—object of the preposition 'on'
- that you stole the purse—object of the verb 'do deny'
- whosoever is guilty—object of the verb 'will punish'

- 13. (that) I know your face—object of the verb
- 14. if dinner is ready—object of the verb 'ask'
- 15. that he was killed—put in apposition to the noun 'report'
- 16. that he would succeed connected with the adjective 'hopeful'
- 17. whatever you think right—object of the verb
- how can you get out of this mess—object of the verb 'don't see'
- 19. when the train will arrive—object of the verb 'Do know'
- 20. whoever came—subject of the verb 'was'
- 21. (that) you want a situation—object of the verb \*understand\*
- 22. that the prisoners shall diecomplement of the verb 'is'
- 23. how sorry I am—object of the verb 'cannot express'
- 24. what he meant—object of the verb 'guessed'
- 25. that she will be angry—connected with the adjective 'afraid'



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- 26. why you behaved so—object of the verb
- 27. how this will end—object of the verb 'ean tell'
- 28. that we have been deceived—complement of the verb is
- who has done this—put is apposition to the pronoun 'It'
- 30. how I can deal with this rascal object the verb 'do (not) know'
- 31. whether I should laugh or cry-object of verb 'did (not) know'
- 32. that you should succeed—connected will the adjective 'desirous'

#### EXERCISE 40 =

- that Jack built—qualifies the noun 'house'
- that climbs too highqualifies the pronoun 'He'
- that knows no waking—qualifies the noun 'sleep'
- (that) the teacher gave us—qualifies the noun 'order'
- that are honest—qualifies the noun 'Servants'
- who die in a great cause—qualifies the pronoun 'They'
- 7. who love us—qualifies the pronoun 'those'
- 8. which is lost—qualifies the noun 'moment'
- which goes in and out with me—qualifies the noun 'shadow'
- 10. that blows nobody good—qualifies the noun 'wind'
- II. when the seeds of character are sown—qualifies the noun 'time'
- that sailed the wintry sea—qualifies the noun 'Hesperus'
- 13. who have done the wrong qualifies the pronoun 'They'
- 14. who has made a name for himself—qualifies the noun son
- 15. who helps you in time of need—qualifies—the noun-friend
- 16. that glitters—qualifies the pronoun AD
- 17. (that) I asked him—quali question'
- 18, who laughs last qualifies the pronoun 'He'
- 19. (that) we enjoy—qualifies the noun bless-

- ings
- 20. that are whole qualifies the prono
- 21. who are great boasters—qualifies the no
- 22. (that) you propose qualifies the not 'plan'
- 23. that never finds the day—qualifies the no
- 24. that has no turning—qualifies the no.
- 25. (that) I asked for—qualifies the prone
- 26. that he laid his hands upon qualifies:
- 27. that remind me of his father—qualifies noun tricks'
- (that) you sent me—qualifies the noun me sage.
- which hung over the garden wall—quality the noun 'grapes'
- 30. that held a prince—qualifies the noun bar
- 31, that is down—qualifies the pronoun 'Hi
- 32. as dreams are made on qualifies the m
- 33. that hath no music in his soul—qualifies noun 'man'
- 34. Which God has given to man alone bend the heaven—qualifies the noun \*gift\*
- 35. Where our hero we buried—qualifies a noun 'grave'
- 36. Who lives longest—qualifies the prome 'he' (understood)
- 37. That is scated by the sea—qualifies the 000 'town'

EXERCISE 41

This is the book I want.

He is not a person I would trust.

The car I hired broke down after five miles.

This is the most interesting novel I have ever read.

The book I was reading last night was a detective novel.

The boy you see at the door is my nephew. The pen I lost was not a good one.

The ladder I was standing on began to slip One of the people I work with has won the fir prize in the lottery.

What is the name of the woman you were spering to?

#### EXERCISE 42

I was not here on the day he arrived.

The time he was born was very auspicious.

This is the occusion you should prove your worth.

The reason he came was to borrow my bicycle.

Do you know the year Pandit Nehru died?

I don't know the time the accident happened. This is the place I lost my ring.

Can you tell me the time the meeting will begin?

I can never forget the day I first met you. The time he will arrive is uncertain...

#### **EXERCISE 43**

Wait here till I come back.

When we reached the station the train had departed.

She fell down while she was getting off the bus.

We shall go as soon as you are ready.

I shall see him before I leave for England.



You may sit where you like.

I have put it back where I found it.

She shall have music wherever she goes.



He is studying hard so that he can get a first class.

Bring it nearer so that I may see it better.

I didn't move lest I should wake him up.

#### EXERCISE 46

I didn't buy it because it was very expensive.

We must finish now, since it is nearly bedtime.

Since you don't take advice, there is no point in asking for it.

As it is raining, you'd better stay indoors.

The boy was absent because he was ill.

# EXERCISE 47

She will come if you telephone her.

Unless you work hard you cannot pass the examination.

If you heat ice it turns to water.

If I were you! I wouldn't do that.

You can't get there in time unless you take a taxi.

#### EXERCISE 48

It was so dark that I could see nothing.
He can so quickly that we couldn't catch him.
His speech went on so long that I fell asteep.
So terrible was the storm that many houses collapsed.
It's such a good story that I'll never forget it.













# EXERCISE 49

I can't walk as fast as you can.
Life is as pleasant as you make it.
He is not so stupid as he looks.
She is much older than she looks.
You are not as clever as she is.

## EXERCISE 50

You should do as I tell you.
Leave it as it is.
As you sow, you will reap.
Write as I suggest.
You may finish it how you like.

# EXERCISE 51

Although it was raining, he went out without a raincoat.
Though he was wealthy, he was not happy.
Even if you don't like him, you can still be polite.
I'll buy one whatever it costs.
However often I tried, I could not find the answer.

# 1000

#### EXERCISE 52

- as we forgive our enemies—Adverb Clause of Manner, modifying the verb 'forgive'
- so that we may reap—Adverb Clause of Purpose, modifying the verb 'sow'
- as I told him—Adverb Clause of Manner, modifying the verb "did"
- 4. if I tried—Adverb Clause of Condition, modifying the verb 'couldn't be'
- 5. as we were setting out—Adverb Clause of Time, modifying the verb 'arrived'
- 6. If this story were false—Adverb Clause of Condition, modifying the verb 'should do'
- 7. since I had nothing to cat—Adverb Clause of Time, modifying the verb 'is'
- 8. wherever I go—Adverb Clause of Place, modifying the verb make?
- 9. as the Romans (do)—Adverb Clause of Manner, modifying the verb
- 10. If I were you—Adverb Clause of Condition, modifying the verb 'would do'
- 11. as his word (was)—Adverb Clause of Degree, modifying the adjective 'good'

- as yours (is)—Adverb Clause of Degree modifying the adjective 'keen'
- where there was no earth—Adverb Class of Place, modifying the verb 'fell'
- 14. Since you say so—Adverb Clause of Reson, modifying the verb 'must believe'

  15. if you value your life. Adverb Clause.
- 15. if you value your life—Adverb Clause Condition, modifying the verb 'stand'
- 16. so that he may become rich—Adverb Claus of Purpose, modifying the verb 'labour' than he could afford. Adverb Clause
- 17. than he could afford—Adverb Clause Degree, modifying the adverb 'more'
- 18. that a child can understand it—Adver-Clause of Result, modifying the adjectiv-'simple'
- as though he did not hear—Adverb Claus of Manner, modifying the verb 'kept on'
- 20. Boy as he was Adverb Clause of Concession, modifying the verb was chosen
- 21. as a cowboy rides—Adverb Clause of Manner, modifying the verb "rides"
- 22. before I submit—Adverb Clause of Time modifying the verb 'will die'
- 23. as he was returning from school—Advert Clause of Time, modifying the verb 'was caught'

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- than he writes Adverb Clause of Degree, modifying the verb 'speaks'
- while I was out—Adverb Clause of Time, modifying the verb 'came'
- 26. After the vote was taken—Adverb Clause of Time,

modifying the verb

- 27. as if he had been a child—Adverb
  Clause of
  Manner, modifying the verb wept
- 28. as long as the Roman empire lasted—Adverb Clause of Time, modifying the verb 'was worshipped'
- as best he might—Adverb Clause of Manner, modifying the verb 'consoled'
- 30. that I could not overtake him—Adverb Clause of Result, modifying the adverb
- 31. inasmuch as I have told him—Adverb
  Clause of Reason, modifying the verb
  'knows'
- that (he has) brains—Adverb Clause of Degree, modifying the Adjective more
- Since you desire it—Adverb Clause of Reason, modifying the verb 'will look'
- lest any one should escape Adverb Clause of Purpose, modifying the verb 'set'
- 35. although his success was not expected— Adverb Clause of Concession, modifying the verb 'succeeded'
- than the moon (is)—Adverb Clause of Degree, modifying the adjective 'larger'
- 37. when the cannonading stopped all of a sudden—Adverb Clause of Time, modifying the verb was
- 38. ere charity began—Adverb Clause of Time, modifying the verb 'gave'
- wherever I went—Adverb Clause of Time, modifying the verb 'was'
- 40. as if the ground were slipping beneath his feet—Adverb Clause of Manner, modifying the verb 'felt'
- th 41. as though they could do no wrong—Adverb
  Clause of
  Manner, modifying the verb \*act\*

- 42. where angels fear to tread—Adverb Clause of Place, modifying the verb 'rush'
- 43. lest he should be seen Adverb Clause of Purpose,

modifying the verb 'dared not stir'

- 44. before it was fairly started—Adverb Clause of Time, modifying the verb 'was checked'
- 45. so that he may eat—Adverb Clause of Purpose, modifying the verb 'lives'
- 46. as (it) had been expected—Adverb Clause of Manner, modifying the verb 'happened'
- 47. when he discovered the print of a foot on the sand—

Adverb Clause of Time, modifying the verb was puzzled

- 48. as a feast (is)—Adverb Clause of Time, modifying the adjective good.
- 49. as the clock struck five—Adverb Clause
- of Time, modifying the verb 'finished'

  50. as you stand there—Adverb Clause of Degree, modifying the adjective 'sure'
- 51. since my playmates left—Adverb Clause of Reason, modifying the verb "is"
- Whilst I live—Adverb Clause of Time, modifying the verb 'shall want'
- 53. than it carried conviction with it—Adverb Clause of Degree, modifying the adverb
- 54. Notwithstanding that Dunne is being lionized—Adverb Clause of Concession, modifying the verb \*keeps\*
- 55. till the signal was given—Adverb Clause of Time, modifying the infinitive 'to wait'
- 56. Rich as he is—Adverb Clause of Degree, modifying the verb 'would envy'
- 57. than secret love (is)— Adverb Clause of Degree, modifying the adjective 'better'





- 58. that you keep your eye on me like this—Adverb Clause of Reason, modifying the verb 'have furned'
- 59. when the expression of his face began to change—Adverb Clause of Time, modifying the verb 'had read'
- 60. as I intended him for the learned profession—Adverb Clause of Reason, modifying the verb 'was bred'
- 61. that everybody liked him -Ada Clause of Extent, modifying the adject such
- 62. before I began to think seriously of near mony—Adverb Clause of Time, modify the verb 'had taken'
- 63. If you have tears—Adverb Clause of Condition, modifying the yerb 'have'
- 64. as long as men are men—Adverb Cla of Time, modifying the verb 'will be'

- He talked so long that he was tired. (Adverb Clause of result, modifying 'so long')
- I asked where he was born. (Noun Clause, object of 'asked')
- 3. He did as he was told. (Adverb Clause of manner, modifying 'did')
- I don't believe what you say. (Noun Clause, object of 'don't believe')
- 5. Whosoever is guilty will be punished.
  (Noun Clause, subject of 'will be punished)
- 6. He laughs best who laughs last. (Adjective Clause, qualifying 'he')
- People like him because he is generous. (Adverb Clause of reason, modifying 'like')
- 8. I shall help you, since you say so. (Adverb Clause of reason, modifying 'shall help')
- 9. He was punished as he deserved. (Adverb Clause of manner, modifying 'was punished')
- He mended his ways before it was late. (Adverb Clause of time modifying 'mended')
- 11. He rushed home as soon as he heard the news. (Adverb Clause of time modifying 'rushed')
- He drove so fast that he soon overtook me. (Adverb Clause of result, modifying 'so fast')
- He found the umbrella where he had left it. (Adverb Clause of place, modifying 'found')
- I asked him how ald he was. (Noun Clause, object of 'asked)

- If you are diligent, you will learn Hind a few weeks. (Adverb Clause of condition modifying 'wifl learn')
- I stopped because I was tired. (Adv Clause of reason, modifying 'stopped')
- 17. We don't know what has become of he (Noun Clause, object of 'don't know')
- 18. Let us find out when the train will arrive. (Noun Clause, object of 'find out')
- 19. Do you know who did it? (Noun Clau object of 'do know')
- 20. Do whatever you think right. (No Clause, object of 'do')
- 21. I haven't seen him since I returned he Lahore. (Adverb Clause of time, moting 'haven't seen')
- 22. I wonder how this will end. (Noun Clay object of 'wonder')
- 23. Ask him what he wants. (Noun Clay object of 'ask')
- 24. He ran as fast as he could. (Adverb Clar of degree, modifying 'as fast')
- 25. We couldn't get the information as he not there. (Adverb Clause of reason, ject of 'couldn't get')
- I would accept the offer if I were you. (A verb Clause of condition, object of 'wos accept')
- 27. It rained so hard that the streets of flooded. (Adverb Clause of result. most ing 'so hard')

He did it as I told him. (Adverb Clause of en 28manner, modifying 'did')

I will die before I submit. (Adverb Clause 29.

of time, modifying 'will die')

I am told that he is a millionaire, (Noun m 30.

Clause, object of 'am told')

She is as intelligent as she is beautiful, 00 31. (Adverb Clause of degree, modifying 'as intelligent')

32. Tell me what you want. (Noun Clause,

object of 'tell')

HF.

He was in Mumbai when his father died. (Adverb Clause of time, modifying 'was')

I didn't go out as it was raining. (Adverb Clause of reason, modifying 'didn't go')

You may do as you please. (Adverb Clause

of manner, modifying 'may do')

36. He is stronger than you are. (Adverb Clause o degree, modifying 'stronger')

Although he is not rich. he has contributed liberally

to the Red Cross. (Adverb Clause of concession, modifying 'has contributed')

Success attends the person who works hard. 38. (adjective Clause, qualifying 'person')

39. I expect that we shall win. (Noun Clause, object of 'expect')

I can't say when I shall return. (Noun

Clause, object of 'can't say')

You would not have succeeded, if I had not helped you. (Adverb Clause of condition, modifying 'would not have succeeded')

42. They were defeated although they fought most valiantly. (Adverb Clause of concession, modifying 'were defeated')

43. When the cat is away, the mice play, (Adverb Clause of time, modifying 'play')

Strike the iron while it 44. is hot (Adverb Clause of time, modifying 'strike')

45. God helps those who help themselves. (Adjective Clause, qualifying 'those')

46. Make hay while the sun shines. (Adverb Clause of time, modifying 'make')

Be cautious till you are out of the wood. (Adverb Clause of time, modifying 'be')

48. Uneasy lies the head that wears a crown. (Adjective Clause, qualifying 'head')

Those who live in glass houses should not 49 throw stones. (Adjective Clause, qualifying 'those')

Where ignorance is bliss it is folly to be wise. (Adverb

Clause of place, modifying 'is')

51. It is an ill wind that blows nobody good. (Adjective Clause, qualifying 'it')

52. No sooner did he see me than he ran away. (Adverb Clause of time, modifying 'ran')

53. We are such stuff as dreams are made on . (Adjective Clause, qualifying 'such stufff')

It is a long lane that has no turning. (Adjective Clause, qualifying 'It')

55. Fools rush in where angels fear to tread. (Adverb Clause of place, modifying "rush")

56. We cat so that we may live. (Adverb Clause of purpose, modifying 'eat')

#### EXERCISE 54

We don't know where he was buried. (Noun Clause, object of 'don't know') Where he was buried is not known. (Noun Clause, subject of 'is not known') It is not known where he was buried. (Noun Clause, put in apposition to 'It')

This is the place where he was buried. (Adjective Clause, qualifying 'place') A tomb-stone was set up where he was buried. (Adverb Clause of place, modifying 'was set up')

Can you tell me, when the train will ar-

rive? (Noun Clause, object of 'can tell')

When the train will arrive is uncertain.

(Noun Clause, subject of 'is')

It is uncertain when the train will arrive.

(Noun Clause, put in apposition to 'It')

Would you please tell me the time when
the train will arrive? (Adjective Clause,
qualifying 'time')

3. He couldn't say where he had left it. (Noun Clause, object of 'couldn't say')

Where he had left it was not known. (Noun

Clause, subject of 'was not known')
It was not known where he had left it. (Noun Clause, put in apposition to 'It')

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The pen was found where he had left it. (Adverb Clause of place, modifying 'was found')

He didn't remember the place where he had left it. (Adjective Clause, qualifying 'place')

Do you know who did it? (Noun Clause, object of 'do know')
 Who did it is a mystery. (Noun Clause, sub-

ject of 'is')

- It is a mystery who did it. (Noun Clause, put in apposition to 'It')
- I saw the man who did it. (Noun Clause, qualifying 'man')
- Ask him why he did it. (Noun Clause, object of 'ask')

Why he did it cannot be explained. (Noun Clause, subject of 'cannot be explained') It is not known why he did it. (Noun Clause, put in apposition to 'It')

The reason why he did it still remains a mystery. (Noun Clause, put in apposition to 'reason')

This is why he did it. (Noun Clause, complement of 'is')

6. I believed that he might succeed in life. (Noun Clause, object of 'believed')

That he might succeed in life was my belief. (Noun Clause, subject of 'was')

My belief was that he might succeed life. (Noun Clause, complement of 'wa It was my belief that he might succeed life.

(Noun Clause, put in apposition to 'li')
He worked hard that he might succeed
life. (Adverb Clause of purpose, modify
'worked')

7. I asked him whom he had met. (No Clause, object of 'asked')

Whom he had met was not known. (No Clause, subject of 'was not known')

It was not clear whom he had met. (No Clause, put in apposition to 'It')

The man whom he had met cheated him

(Adjective Clause, qualifying 'man')

8. Can you say when the monsoon faile (Noun Clause, object of 'can say')

When the monsoon failed is not exact known. (Noun Clause, subject of 'is known')

It is not exactly known when the monst failed. (Noun Clause, put in apposition 'It')

Do you remember the year when the mosoon failed? (Adjective Clause, qualify 'vear')

When the monsoon failed, our country's fered from famine. (Adverb Clause of time modifying 'suffered')

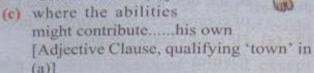
# EXERCISE 55

1. if 2, if 3, who/that 4, that 5, than 6, who/that 7, that/which 8, as 9, that/ who, till 10, that/whi 11. Though 12, that 13, that/who 14, though/although 15, If 16. When 17, than 18, If I Though...yet 20, how 21, If 22, When 23, since 24, which/that 25, as 26, when 27, When/Altwho 28, who/that 29, when 30, where 31, When 32, till 33, when 34, who/that 35, till/until, who who/that 37, that 38, who/that, where 39, that 40. Since 41, though /although 42, while 43, Who, that 44, that, till 45. Where/who, how 46, that, when 47, Though/Although, who 48, why, the 49, that, when

#### EXERCISE 56

1. (a) I determined to send him to town (Principal Clause)

(b) As my eldest son was bred a scholar [ A d v e r b Clause of reason, m o d i f y i n g 'determined' in (a)]



(a) Clive had been only a few months in the army

(Principal Clause)

(b) when intelligence arrived [Adverb Clause of time, modifying 'had been' in (a)]

(c) that peace had been.....and France
[Noun Clause, put in apposition to
'intelligence' in (b)]

3. (a) I had a partial father (Principal Clause)

(b) who gave me a better education [Adjective Clause, qualifying 'father' in (a)]

(c) than his broken fortune would have allowed [Adverb Clause of degree, modifying 'better' in (b)]

4. (a) He told us (Principal Clause)

(b) that he had read Milton in a prose translation [Noun Clause, object of 'told' in (a)]

(c) when he was fourteen [Adverb Clause of time, modifying 'had read' in (b)]

5. (a) he will always find his happiness incomplete (Principal Clause)

(b) with whatever luxuries a bachelor may be surrounded [Adverb Clause of concession, modifying 'will find' in (a)]

(c) unless he has a wife and children [Adverb Clause of condition, modifying 'will find' in (a)]

6. (a) Among many reasons, one of the first is (Principal Clause)

(b) which make me glad to have been born in England [Adjective Clause, qualifying reasons' in (a)]

(e) that I read Shakespeare in my mother tongue [Noun Clause, complement of 'is' in (a)]

7. (a) He professed to have learned his poetry from Dryden (Principal Clause)

(b) whom he praised through his whole life with unvaried liberality [Adjective Clause, qualifying 'Dryden' in (a)]

(e) whenever an opportunity was presented [(Adverb Clause of time, modifying 'praised' in (b)]

8. (a) We hardly realize (Principal Clause)

(b) who are fortunate to live in this enlightened century [Adjective Clause, qualifying 'we' in (a)]

(e) how our ancestors suffered...beings [Noun Clause, object of 'realize' in (a)]

9. (a) We cannot justly interpret the religion of any people (Principal Clause)

(b) unless we are prepared to admit [Adverb Clause

of condition, modifying 'cannot interpret' in (a)]

(e) that we ourselves are liable...faith [Noun Clause, object of 'to admit' in (b)]

10. (a) Milton said (Principal Clause)

(b) that he did not educate his daughters in the languages

[Noun Clause, object of 'said' in (a)]

(e) because one tongue was enough for a woman [Adverb Clause of reason.

modifying 'did (not) educate' in (b)]

11. (a) The man is a fool (Principal Clause)

(b) who does not see [Adjective Clause, qualifying 'man' in (a)]

(e) that the good of every living creature is his good [Noun Clause, object of 'does (not) see' in (b)]

12. (a) Nothing can describe the confusion of thought (Principal clasuse)

(b) which I felt [ Adjective Clause, qualifying 'man' in (a) ]



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- (c) when I sank into the water [Adverb Clause of time, modifying 'felt' in (b) ]
- 13. (a) We had in this village, some twenty years ago, a boy (Principal Clause)
- (b) whom I well remember [Adjective Clause, qualifying 'boy' in (a)]
  - (c) who from his childhood showed.....for bees [Adjective Clause, qualifying 'boy' in (a)]
- 14. (a) Considering we are not to be surprised (Principal Clause).
  - (b) that the world is so intricate [Noun Clause, object of 'considering' in (a)]
- (c) that science has progressed slowly.

  [Adverb Clause
  of result, modifying 'so
  intricate' in (b)]
- 15. (a) You take my house (Principal Clause)
  - (b) when you do take the prop [Adverb Clause of time, modifying 'take' in (b)]
  - (c) that both sustain my house [Adjective Clause, qualifying 'prop' in (b)]
- (a) I heard a thousand blended notes (Principal Clause)
  - (b) while in a grove I sat reclined in that sweet mood [Adverb Clause of time, modifying 'heard' in (b)]
  - (c) when pleasant thoughts bring sad thoughts to the mind [Adverb Clause of time, modifying 'sat' in (b)]
- 17. (a) we cannot agree with Dr. Johnson (Principal Clause)
  - (b) Much as we like Shakespeare's comedies (Adverb Clause of concession, modifying 'cannot agree')
    - (c) that they are better (Noun Clause, object of 'cannot agree')

- (d) than his tragedies (are) [Adverb Clause, of degree, modifying 'better' in (e)]
- 18. (a) Those will find (Principal Clause)
  - (b) who look into practical life [Adjective Clause, qualifying 'those' in (a)]
  - (e) that fortune is usually on the side of the industrious [Noun Clause, object of 'will find' in (a)]
  - (d) as the winds and waves are on the side of the best navigators [Adverb Clause of comparison, modifying 'is' in (c)]
- 19. (a) He hardly knows (Principal Clause)
  - (b) who sits from day to day, heedless of its loudest lay [Adjective Clause, qualifying 'he' in (a)]
  - (e) that it has sung (Noun Clause, object of 'knows')
- 20. (a) History says (principal Clause)
  - (b) that Socrates continued to talk to the friends [Noun Clause, object of 'says' in (a)]
  - (c) when he was given the cup of hemlock
    [Adverb Clause of time, modifying
    'continued' in (a)]
  - (d) who were standing around him [Adjective Clause, qualifying \*friends\* in (b)]
- 21. (a) I have no sympathy with the poor man (Principal Clause)
  - (b) (whom) I knew [Adjective Clause, qualifying 'man' in (a)]
  - (c) who told me [Adjective Clause, qualifying 'man' in (a)]
  - (d) (that) he dared not look at his razor [Noun Clause, object of 'told' in (c)]
  - (e) when suicides abounded [Adverb Clause of time, modifying 'told' in (e)]

- (a) I am satisfied with things [Principal Clause]
  - (b) as they are [Adverb Clause of manner or state, modifying 'am satisfied' in (a)]
- (e) and it will be my pride and pleasure to hand down this country to my children [Principal



- Clause, co-ordinate with (a)]
- (d) as I received it from those [Adverb Clause of state or manner, modifying 'to hand down' in (c)]
- (e) Who preceded me [Adjective Clause, qualifying 'those' in (d)]
- 2. (a) Some politicians of our time lay...proposition [Principal Clause]
  - (b) that no people ought to be free [Noun Clause, put in apposition to 'it' in (a)]
  - (e) till they are fit to use their freedom [Adverb Clause of time, object of 'ought to be']
- 3. (a) He never speaks of himself except
  [Principal Clause]
  - (b) (that he speaks) [Noun Clause, object of 'except' in (a)]
  - (e) when (he is ) compelled [Adverb Clause of time, modifying 'speaks' in (b)]
- (d) (he) never defends himself by a mere retort [Principal Clause, coordinate with (a)]
  - (e) he has no ears for slander or gossip
    [Principal Clause, co-ordinate with (a)
    and (d)]
  - (f) (he) is scrupulous in imputing motives to those [Principal Clause, co-ordinate with (a), (d), and (e) ]
  - (g) who interfere with him [Adjective Clause, qualifying 'those' in (f)]
  - (h) and (he) interprets everything for the best [Principal Clause, coordinate with (a), (d), (e) and (f)]
- (a) Subhash Chandra Bose died [Principal Clause]
  - (b) before his aim was achieved [Adverb Clause of time, object of 'died' in (a)]
  - (e) and yet he will always....great hero
    [Principal
    Clause, coordinate with (a)]
  - (d) who fought [Adjective Clause, qualifying 'hero' in (c)]
  - (e) and sacrificed his life....country [Adjective Clause, coordinate with (d)

- and qualifying 'hero']
- 5. (a) The notice had been kind [Principal Clause]
  - (b) which you have been pleased to take of my labours
    [Adjective Clause,
  - qualifying 'notice' in (a)]

    (c) had it been early [Adverb Clause of condition, modifying 'had been' in (a)]
  - (d) but it has been delayed [Principal Clause, co-ordinate with (a)]
  - (e) till I am indifferent [Adverb Clause of time, modifying 'has been delayed' in (d)]
  - (f) and (till) I cannot enjoy it [Adverb Clause of time co-ordinate with (e) and modifying 'has been delayed' in (d)]
- 6. (a) I hope [Principal Clause]
  - (b) (that) it is very cynical asperity not to confess obligations, or to be unwilling [Noun Clause, object of 'hope' in (a)]
  - (c) where no benefit has been received [Adverb Clause of place, modifying 'to confess' in (b)]
  - (d) that the public should consider me as owing that to a patron [Noun Clause, adjunct to 'unwilling' in (b)]
  - (e) which Providence has enabled me to do for myself [Adjective Clause, qualifying 'that' in (d)]
- 7. (a) I found [Principal Clause]
  - (b) while I was doing this [Adverb Clause of time, modifying 'found' in (a)]
  - (c) (that) the ride began to flow [Noun Clause, object of 'found' in (a)]
  - (d) though (it was) very calm [Adverb Clause of concession, modifying 'began' in (c)]
  - (e) and I had the mortification to see my coat, shirt and waistcoat swim away [Principal Clause, co-ordinate with (a)]
  - (f) which I had left on shore upon the sand [Adjective Clause, qualifying 'coat, shirt and waistcoat' in (e)

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# KEY TO HIGH SCHOOL GRAMMAR & COMPOSITION

8. (a) with reluctance he accepted the invitations of his kindly and faithful

Now I'm

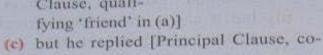
vour

Persian friend [Principal Clause]

66

Clause]

(b) who scolded him for refusing meat [Adjective Clause, qualifying 'friend' in (a)]



ordinate with (a)]

(d) that too much eating led man to commit many sins [Noun Clause, object of

'replied' in (c)]

 (a) Macaulay had wealth and fame, rank and power [Principal Clause]

(b) and yet he tells us in his biography
[Principal Clause, co-ordinate with (a)]

(e) that he owed the happiest hours of his life to books [Noun Clause, object of 'tells' in (b)]

10. (a) A literary education is simply one of different kinds of education [Principal Clause]



(b) and it is not wise [Prinicpal Clause, coordinate with (a)]

that more than a small percentage of the people of any country should have an exclusively literary education [Noun Clause, put in apposition to 'it' in (b)]

11. (a) The way into my parlour is up a winding stair [Principal Clause]

(b) and I have many curious things to show [Principal Clause, co-ordinate with (a)]

(c) when you are there [Adverb Clause of time, modifying 'to show' in (b)]

12. (a) They love to see the flaming forge and hear the bellows roar and catch the burning sparks [Principal Clause]

(b) that fly like chaff from a threshing floor [Adjective Clause, qualifying 'sparks' in

(a)]

13. (a) The friends came back every one [Principal Clause]

(b) who had left [Adjective Clause, qualifying 'friends' in (a)]

(c) And darkest advisers looked bright [Principal Clause, co-ordinate with (a)]

(d) as the sun (does) [Adverb Clause of comparison, modifying 'bright' in (c)]

14. (a) She lived unknown [Principal Clause]

(b) and few could know [Principal Clause, co-ordinate with (a)]

(c) when Lucy ceased to be [Noun Clause, object of 'could know' in (b)]

15. (a) Three wives sat up in the lighthouse tower [Principal Clause]

(b) And they trimmed the lamps [Principal Clause, co-ordinate with (a)]

(c) as the sun went down [Adverbial Clause of time, modifying 'trimmed' in (b)]

16. (a) His hair was yellow [Principal Clause]

(b) as hay (is) [Adverb Clause of comparison, modifying 'yellow' in (a)]

(e) But threads of a silvery grey gleamed in his tawny beard [Principal Clause, co-ordinate with (a)]



- (a) He espied an old man stooping and leaning on his staff, weary with age and travel, coming towards him [Principal Clause]
- (b) when Abraham sat at his tent door, according to his custom, waiting to entertain strangers [Adverb Clause of time, modifying 'espied' in (a)]

- (c) who was a hundred years of age [
  Adjective Clause of time, qualifying
  'man' in (a)]
- 2. (a) God called to Abraham [Principal cause]
  - (b) and (he) asked him [Principal Clause, coordinate with (a)]
  - (c) when the old man was gone [Adverb Clause of time, modifying 'called' in (a) and 'asked' in (b)]
- (d) where the stranger was [Noun Clause, object of 'asked' in (b)]
- 3. (a) He replied [Principal Clause]
  - (b) (that) I thrust him away [Noun Clause, object of 'replied' in (a)]
  - (e) because he did not worship Thee (Adverb Clause of reason, modifying 'thrust']
- 4. (a) (you) enjoy the good things [Principal Clause]
  - (b) while you are upon earth [Adverb Clause of time, modifying 'enjoy' in (a)]
  - (c) that are here [Adjective Clause, qualifying 'things' in (a)]
  - (d) To that end they were given [Parenthetical Clause]
  - (e) and (you) be not melancholy [Principal Clause, co-ordinate with (a) and (e)]
  - (f) and (you do not) wish yourself in heaven [Principal Clause, co-ordinate with (a) and (e)]
- 5. (a) There is no saying [Principal Clause]
  - (b) (that) shocks me so much [Adjective Clause, qualifying 'saying' in (a)]
  - (c) as that (shocks) [Adverb Clause of comparison, modifying 'much' in (b)]
  - (d) which I hear very often [Adjective Clause, qualifying 'that' in (c)]

- (e) that a man does not know how to pass his time [Noun Clause, put in apposition to 'that' in (e)]
- 6. (a) You must observe, my friend [Principal Clause]
  - (b) that it is the custom of this country for the company to sit as mute and as motionless [Noun Clause, object of 'must observe' in (a)]
  - (c) as statues (do) [Adverb Clause of comparison, modifying 'mute' and 'motionless' in (b)]
  - (d) when a lady or gentleman happens to sing [Adverb Clause of time, modifying 'to sit' as in (a)]
- 7. (a) Mr. Burchell had scarce taken leave [Principal Clause]
  - (b) and Sophia (had scarce) consented to dance with the Chaplain [Principal Clause, co-ordinate with (a)]
  - when my little ones came running out to tell us [Adverb Clause of time, modifying 'had taken' in (a) and (had) consented' in (b)
  - (d) that the Squire had come with a crowd of company [Noun Clause, object of 'to tell' in (e)]
- 8. (a) I hope [Principal Clause]
  - (b) (that) it will give comfort to great numbers [Noun Clause, object of 'hope' in (a)]
  - (e) who are passing through the world in obscurity
    [Adjective Clause, qualifying 'numbers' in (b)]
  - (d) when I inform them [Adverb Clause of time, modifying 'will give' in (b)]
- (c) How easily distinction may be obtained [Noun Clause, object of 'inform' in (b)]
- 9. (a) All have done good work [Principal Clause]
  - (b) who have meant good work with their whole hearts [Adjective Clause, qualifying 'all' in (a)]



(c) although they may die [Adverb Clause of concession, modifying 'have done' in

(d) before they have the time to sign it [Adverb Clause of time, modifying 'may

die' in (c)]

10. (a) We are told [Principal Clause]

- (b) that he stole from his play-fellows to a vault in St. Jame's fields for purpose of investigating the cause of a singular echo [Noun Clause, object of 'are told' in (a)]
- (e) while (he was) still a mere child [Adverb Clause of time, modifying 'stole' in (b)]
- (d) which he had observed there [Adjective Clause,

qualifying 'echo' in (b)]

11. (a) The slave, hearing the shrieks of the dying person, ran to see [Principal Clause

(b) who was at his work not far from the place [Adjective Clause, qualifying 'slave'

(c) where this astonishing piece of cruelty was committed [Adjective Clause, qualifying 'place' in (b)]

(d) what was the occasion of them (Noun Clause, object of 'to see' in (a)]

- 12. (a) Every insignificant author fancies it of importance to the world to know [Principal Clause]
- (b) that he wrote his book in the country [Noun Clause, object of 'to know' in (a)]
  - (e) that he did it to pass away some of his idle hours [Noun Clause, co-ordinate with (b) and object of 'to know' in (a)]
    - (d) that it was published at the importunity of friends [Noun Clause, co-ordinate with (a) and (c) and object of 'to know' in (a)]
  - (e) that his natural temper, studies or conversation directed him to the choice of his subject [Noun Clause, co-ordinate with (a), (b), (c) and (d) and object of 'to know' in (a)]

13. (a) I consider a human soul without education like marble in a quarry [Principal Clause]

(b) which shows none of its inherent

beauties [Adjective Clause, quali-

fying 'marble' in (a)]

(c) until the skill of the polisher fetches out the colours [Adverb Clause of time, modifying 'shows' in (b)]

(d) (until it) makes the surface shine [Adverb Clause of time, co-ordinate with (c) and modifying 'shows' in (b)]

(e) (until it) discovers every ornamental cloud, spot and view [Adverb Clause of time, co-ordinate with (c) and (d) and modifying 'shows' in (b)]

(f) that run through the body of it [Adjective Clause, qualifying 'cloud', 'spot' and

'view' in (e)]

14. (a) They sent a message to the oracle of Jupiter Ammon to ask the reason [Principal Clause]

(b) when the Athenians in the war with the Lacedaemonians received many defeats both by sea and land [Adverb Clause of time, modifying 'sent' in (a)]

(c) why they should be less successful [Noun Clause, put in apposition to

'reason' in (a)]

(d) who crected so many temples to the gods [Adjective Clause, qualifying 'they' in (c)]

(e) (and who) adorned them with such costly offerings [Adjective Clause coordinate with (d) and qualifying 'they'

(f) than the Lacedaemonians (were) [Adverb Clause of comparison, medi-

fying 'less successful' in (c)]

(g) who fell so short of them in all these particulars [Adjective Clause, qualifying 'Lacedaemonians' in (f)]

He feels not the wants nor plague 15. (a) [Principal Clause]

- (b) that holds fast the golden mean [Adjective Clause qualifying 'he' in (a)]
- (c) and (that) lives contentedly between the little and the great [Adjective Clause, co-ordinate with (b), qualifying 'he' in (a)]
- (d) that pinch the poor [Adjective Clause, qualifying 'wants' in (a)]
- (e) that haunt the rich man's door, embittering his state [Adjective Clause, qualifying 'plagues' in (a)]

#### EXERCISE 59

- 1. It is never so late that one cannot mend.
- 2. He is so proud that he cannot beg.
- My heart is so full that I cannot express my feelings.
- He was so late that he could not hear the first speech.
- He is so ignorant that he cannot be a postman.
- The boy was so old that he could not be whipped.
- 7. This tree is so high that I cannot climb it.

- He speaks so fast that he cannot be understood.
- He is so stupid that he is not suitable for such a difficult post.
- She was sobbing so deeply that she could not make any answer.
- 11. This fact is so evident that it does not require proof.
- The work is so much that no man can do it single-handed.
- 13. That shirt is so small that it does not suit me.
- 14. The bag was so heavy that I could not carry it.

#### EXERCISE 60

- His (Abdul's) brother is not stronger than Abdul. (Comparative)
- Akbar was greater than most other kings. (Comparative)

Very few kings were as great as Akbar.

(Positive)

3. Karim is not more industrious than some other boys. (Comparative)
Karim is not the most industrious boy.

(Superlative)

4. Mysore is not so cool as Bangalore.

(Positive)

5. Rama is better than any other bowler in the eleven. (Comparative)
Rama is the best bowler in the eleven.

(Superlative)

- 6. Chennai is bigger than most other cities in India. (Comparative)
  Chennai is one of the biggest cities in India. (Superlative)
- 7. The Arabian Nights is more popular than any other storybook. (Comparative)
  The Arabian Nights is the most popular storybook. (Superlative)
- Your pony is not so well trained as this.

(Positive)

9. No other church in Mumbai is so big as this.

(Positive)

This church is bigger than any other church in Mumbai. (Comparative)

- No other morning paper has as big a circulation as this newspaper. (Positive)
   This newspaper has the biggest circulation of all the morning papers. (Superlative)
- No other woman was so beautiful as Helen of Troy. (Positive)
   Helen was the most beautiful woman.

(Superlative)

12. Birds do not fly as fast as the airplane.

(Positive)

- Very few Indian cities are as big as Hyderabad. (Positive)
   Hyderabad is bigger than most other Indian cities. (Comparative)
- Meat is not more nutritious than some beans.
   (Comparative)
- 15. Very few Indian kings were as great as Samudra Gupta. (Positive) Samudra Gupta was greater than most other Indian kings. (Comparative)

#### KEY TO HIGH SCHOOL GRAMMAR & COMPOSITION 70

- 16. No other island in the world is so large as Australia. (Positive) Australia is larger than any other island in the world. (Comparative)
- 17. R.K. Narayan is greater than most other Indo-Anglian novelists. (Comparative) R.K. Narayan is one of the greatest Indo- 20. He does not love any of his sons better than Anglian novelists. (Superlative)
- 18. This is hotter than most other districts in India. (Comparative) Very few districts in India are as hot as (Positive)
  - 19. It is not so good to beg as to starve.

the others. (Comparative)

#### EXERCISE 61

- 1. This novel was written by Premchand.
- 2. The brave are admired (by us).
- 3. The baby was bought a ball. (or : A ball was bought for the baby.)
- 4. I am known to them.
- 5. I was invited to his house yesterday.
- 6. Bathing is enjoyed by them.
- 7. The door was opened by them.
- 8. The book was read by me long ago.
- 9. It was expected by Pakistan that they would win the match.
- 10. He was appointed monitor.
- 11. By whom were you taught such tricks as these?
- 12. Caesar was accused of ambition by Brutus.
- 13. The cliff is being climbed by the boy.
- 14. I was taught by him to read Persian.
- 15. Better behaviour is expected from a college student.
- 16. A video of 'The Titanic' was shown.
- 17. What cannot be cured must be endured.
- 18. The troops were reviewed by the General in the maidan.

- 19. We were shown some ancient coins by the curator of the museum. (or : Some ancient coins were shown us by the curator of the museum.)
- 20. The old house has been pulled down.
- 21. Passengers are forbidden to cross the railway line.
- His wife was made to do the work.
- 23. Beasts are taught by Nature to know their friends.
- Wealth is desired by all and acquired by
- 25. Four million African slaves were emancipated by Lincoln.
- 26. Good news is expected.
- 27. It is proposed to build a dam for irrigation purposes.
- 28. He was offered a chair (or : A chair was offered him.)
- 29. Ouebec was surrendered by the French to the English in 1759.
- 30. I was shown the greatest respect.
- 31. Alas! his voice will be heard no
- 32. Will those happy days be ever forgotten?
- 33. Is my meaning understood?
- 34. His words must be listened to.

- 1. It was hoped by Macbeth that he would succeed Duncan.
- Who were you taught Urdu by? (Formal: By whom were you taught Urdu?)
- 3. He was found guilty of murder.
- 4. Orders that he should be imprisoned were immediately given by the King.
- 5. The light has been put out.
- His warnings were laughed at and all his proposals (were) objected to.
- 7. He was regarded as an impostor and called a villain by the Swiss.
- 8. The money has been kept in the safe.
- 9. It was pretended by him that he was a baron

- 10. He was accused of various offences by his 17. We are told how the subordinates.
- He was seen opening the box. II.
- The police were ordered to pursue the thief. 12.
- Grapes cannot be gathered from thistles. 13.
- A happy millionaire is never heard of.
- It will be learnt with astonishment that war 15. is imminent.
- 16. Was that name never heard?

- castle received its name.
- 18. Let the weak not be insulted.
- 19. Why were you defrauded of your earnings?



#### EXERCISE 63

- 1. The clerk wrote the letter.
- 2. Without effort one can gain nothing.
- 3. Kalidas wrote "Shakuntalam."
- 4. His singular appearance struck me.
- 5. My brother saw him.
- 6. They chose him leader.
- 7. Bees make honey.
- 8. A cruel boy killed the bird.
- 9. Watt invented the steam-engine.
- 10. The cat killed the mouse.
- 11. The teacher praised the
- 12. The Prime Minister opened the Exhibition.
- 13. Who broke this jug?
- 14. They/He offered me a chair.
- 15. Everyone will blame us.

- The sight will gladden him.
- Alexander Graham Bell invented the telephone.
- 18. Somebody has stolen my watch.
- A cat may look at the king.
- 20. They have cut the telephone wires.
- 21. They pronounced harsh sentences on the offenders.
- 22. We will discuss this question at the meeting tomorrow.
- 23. Why should you suspect me?
- 24. Those who live in glass houses should not throw stones.
- He will be greatly surprised if they choose
- 26. The crew set the ship on fire and abandoned
- 27. The police arrested him on a charge of theft, but released him for lack of evidence.

- A griffin was not so rapacious as him.
- 2. A griffin was not more rapacious than him.
- 3. No other Great Moghul was so great as Akbar.
- 4. Aurangzeb was not so great as him.
- 5. The rose by any other name would not smell less sweet.
- 6. No sooner did he come than they made objections.
- 7. I own no wealth other than these fishing nets.
- 8. I am never without love for my country.
- No other mountain in the world is so high as Everest.

- 10. He is not always wise.
- 11. He did not notice me when he came in.
- 12. Nobody will deny that he did his best
- 13. None but a mil ionaire can afford such e trava-
- 14. There is no man who does not make mistakes sometimes.
- 15. I do not care what he says about me.
- 16. No sooner did he see me than he came up and spoke to me.
- He must not have failed to see the Fij Mihal when he went to Agra.





#### EXERCISE 65

- Everybody was present.
- 2. He lived only a few years in
- 3. Everyone would admit that she was pretty.
- 4. God will remember the cry of the humble.
- 5. I am very tired.
- 6. Everyone present cheered.
- 7. Whenever I laid a plan in my life, I carried it out.

- 8. Only a few men would be cruel and unjun to a cripple.
- He did as well as any man could have done 9.
- The two brothers are alike. 10.
- He has promised to abstain from wine in fature:
- We found the road rather bad. 12.
- Where there is smoke there is 13.
- 14. It is likely that he has seen the home for the last time.



#### EXERCISE 66

- 1. No one can touch pitch without being defiled.
- 2. No man by taking thought can add a cubit of his stat-
- 3. It does not matter even if the field is lost.
- 4. That is not the way a gentleman should behave.
- Everyone knows the owl.

- I shall never forget those happy days,
- No one is so wicked as to amuse himself with the infirmities of extreme old age.
- 8. You should not waste time in this fruitless occupation.
- This is not the kind of dress to wear in school.
- You cannot gather grapes from thorns or figs from thistles.

#### EXERCISE 67

- 1. Who can be expected to submit for ever to injustice?
- 2. Is there anything better than a busy life?
- Where in the world will you find a fairer building than the Taj Mahal?
- What is the use of offering bread to a man who is dying of thirst?
- 5. What could we have done without you help?
- Was that an example to be followed?

### EXERCISE 68

- 1. I would give anything to see you happy.
- 2. There was a wonderful (or : horrible) sight.
- 3. Man is a wonderful piece of work.
- 4. Great things (or : wonderful things) might be done, if men were wise.

God bless

- 5. An elephant is a very wonderful creature.
- 6. He manages his sword very awkwardly.
- 7. I wish we two were infants play-
- 8. I wish I had the wings of a dove.
- 9. He has a very large nose.
- 10. I wish I had a good horse. 11. I wish I were safe at home.

- 12. There was a great fall, my countrymen.
- It was a very delicious meal.
- 14. A quiet life affords very sweet delight.
- 15. The camel is very well fitted for the work he has to do.
- 16. You are very cold.
- 17. This is a very beautiful scene.
- 18. These mangoes have a very delicious flavour.
- 19. It is shameful of you to use a poor cripple so.
- 20. I wish I knew more people.
- You have grown very much. 21.
- I wish I had come one hour sooner.





#### EXERCISE 69

- 1. What a horrible night it is!
- 2. How base of him to desert you in your time of need!
- 3. How hard to believe that he did such a deed!
- 4. If only I had met you ten years ago!
- 5. How stupid of me to forget your name!
- 6. What an unhappy life he leads!



## EXERCISE 70

- (a) 1. He rejected all that we proposed.
  - Steel is strengthened by the addition of nickel.
  - 3. He agreed to supply me with firewood.
  - 4. What he *intends* is not clear from his letter.
  - 5. You cannot be admitted without a ticket.
  - 6. He does not intend to leave the city.
  - 7. I am disinclined to work today.
  - 8. He succeeded in all that he undertook.
  - These mangoes smell sweet but taste sour.
- (b) 1. The defenders succeeded in repelling every attack on the city.
  - This scene surpasses all others in beauty.
  - 3. It is *admitted* that he is the greatest general of the century.
  - 4. They rejoiced most at the good news,
- (c) 1. Though the ant is small it has as much intelligence as the elephant.
- 2. He expressed regret for his hasty act (or action)
  - 3. He was so full of activity in his old age

- that he won everybody's admiration.
- 4. Before I pay you your dues, you must affix your signature to this receipt.
- 5. The best way to maintain health is to observe temperance in all things.
- (d) 1. It is quite probable that the day will be fine.
  - 2. The rats were greatly troublesome to us.
  - 3. He was dismissed for being negligent rather than for being incompetent.
  - It was an admitted fact that he was clever, but it was evident that he lacked industry.
  - The merchant was greatly successful in all his dealings, and it was natural that he was esteemed by his fellow citizens.
- (e) 1. He was poorly and meanly dressed.
  - He broke the rules without any intention of doing so, but it does not follow that he was wrongly punished.
  - 3. He was evidently mistaken but obviously sincere.
  - By carefully analysing these substances you will see that they are essentially different.

- In his tower the poet sat and gazed on the sea.
- The project completely failed and everyone was surprised.
  - We saw the rain coming on and took shelter under a tree.
  - He not only educated his nephew but also set him up in business.
  - The fog was very dense and so the steamer sailed at less than half speed.
  - Raleigh took off his cloak politely and placed it in the muddy street.
  - He was occupied with important matters and therefore had no leisure to see us.

- He is popular, yet he cannot be called a great writer.
- He rushed against Horatius and smote with all his might.
- He was very learned, he was far from being a pedant.
- Little Jack Horner sat in a corner and ate his Christmas pie.
- He must resign, or he will be publicly dismissed.
- There is drought and so the crop is short.
- The sun set, and yet the men had not completed their work.

## 74 KEY TO HIGH SCHOOL GRAMMAR & COMPOSITION

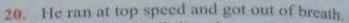
- 15. He made several efforts but failed.
- 16. He had pleasant manners and therefore gained many friends.

17. Not only did he give them pecuniary assistance, he also gave them

much valuable advice.

The referee whistled and the game was stopped.

19. He was negligent and therefore the company suffered heavy losses.



- 21. He possessed all the advantages of education and wealth and yet he never made a name.
- The magician took pity on the mouse and turned it into a cat.
- 23. He was dissatisfied and so resigned his position.
- He threw off his coat and plunged into the sea.

## EXERCISE 72

- The boys heard their father's footsteps and ran away.
- 2. He put forth a great effort and lifted the box.
- 3. The man was very hungry and so ate too much.
- 4. He was very strong, yet he was overcome.
- 5. His family did not like him to leave school, but he did. (or : He left school, and this was against his family's wishes.
- 6. He was virtuous and was therefore universally respected.
- His friend has helped him, and so he is prospering.
- He is a cripple and therefore cannot ride a horse.
- The rain washed away the embankment and therefore the train was wrecked.
- He found himself in difficulty and went to his teacher for help.
- 11. My friend is now in Mumbai and I shall go there to meet him.
- Let such a thing happen and then I should take long leave.
- They are forbidden to enter the sacred place and disobedience is punished with death.

- You must apply early, or you cannot be certain of getting a place.
- He has failed repeatedly, yet he intends to try again.
- 16. I have given him my advice, yet he has done this foolish thing...
- He has great ability and therefore he has been able to win a high position.
- 18. He has become very poor, but it is not through any fault of his own.
- He used very inaccurate language, for he knew no better.
- 20. His sword broke and he was left defenceless.
- 21. His health was bad and so he was rejected.
- He is proud and boastful and therefore I do not like him.
- He wanted to avoid punishment and so he ran away.
- He was ignorant and therefore followed the wrong course.
- He has made no provision for old age and so he is poor.
- He had a desire for revenge and so he agreed to this.
- 27. A tyre burst on the way and this added to their troubles.

- 1. Being poor, they often suffered great hardship.
- 2. Having overslept himself, he missed the train.
- Slaying his brother, the prince became king in his place.
- 4. This coat is too big to be mine.
- This general having fought bravely, the king made him Commander-in-Chief.
- 6. Pushing his head into the tent, the camel asked to be allowed to warm his nose.



- Having never been at school as a boy, he had no opportunity of learning to read or write.
- In the event of its occurring again, you will be punished.
- Being unwilling to disappoint his friend, he granted the request.

RURP

- 10. With all their precautions, they ran aground.
- 11. In spite of his being rich, he is not contented.
- 12. Make haste so as not to be late.
- In spite of the steamer going down, the crew were saved.
- The piper advancing, the children followed.
- 15. The horse rearing, the rider was thrown.
- Walk quickly so as to overtake him.
- 17. In spite of my calling him, he gave me no answer
- 18. In the event of some passing ship having not saved him, he must have been drowned.

- Being a conscientious man, he must have done his duty.
- In spite of his having tried hard, he did not succeed.
- In spite of his repeated attempts, he did not succeed.
- Having decided not to go any further that day, we put up at the nearest hotel.
- Failing your help I must try to carry out my task alone.
- 24. To add to his difficulties, his partner died.
- 25. He was horrified to see blood stains on the floor and no sign of his child.
- 26. Besides men, women and children were also put to death.
- 27. All except me went down to meet him on the train.
- 28. In spite of his being a well-read man, in matters of business he is a fool.
- Work at least six hours a day to make sure of success.
- 30. In spite of his being very poor, he does not complain..
- Besides not returning the goods, he did not pay the bill.

- L My friend having arrived, we went for a walk.
- The servant having brought the lamp, I began my homework.
- 3. The ink having dried up, I could not write.
- 4. I have a lot of work to do now.
- 5. We must hurry to escape the rain.
- 6. He has an unpleasant duty to perform.
- 7. Besides pitying him, he relieved him.
- He offended his master by doing this.
- 9. Having read the book carefully, he could tell the story in his own words.
- His object becoming known, everybody tried to help him.



- He was delighted at his good luck in finding a hundered-rupee note.
- Having hurt his ankle, Rama will not be able to play today.
- 13. Be good to be happy.
- 14. Not liking the work, he began it unwillingly.
- 15. He took no notice of my order to halt.
- In spite of his being a good steady worker, he is rather slow.
- 17. In spite of my continually inviting him to visit me, he never came.
- Having served out his sentence in gaol, he was released.
- Being a good obedient boy, he worked exceedingly hard at school.
- The dacoits, having stopped to divide the booty, the police overtook them.
- Having practised daily, he became an expert player.

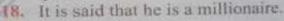
# KEY TO HIGH SCHOOL GRAMMAR & COMPOSITION

- 76 22. Having had no good result, your attempt can hardly be successful.
- 23. The President coming into the hall, everyone rose from his seat.
- 24. In spite of his escaping several times, he has finally been caught.
- 25. The horse falling heavily, his rider came down with him.
- 26. Finding himself getting weaker and weaker he counsulted a doctor.
- The plague having broken out in the city, the people moved out into the jungle.
- 28. Having no money with me, I could not give the beggar anything.

## EXERCISE. 75

- 1. I expect that I shall meet Rama tonight.
- 2. He hoped that he would win the prize.
- 3. It is not likely that his father will punish him.
- 4. He admitted that he had stolen the watch.
- 5. Krishna wishes that I should play for his team.
- 6. He believes that their success is certain in that case.
- 7. I overheard all that he remarked
- 8. I did not think that it would be fit to reply to his writings.
- 9. He confessed that he had committed a fault.
- 10. Where he is hiding is still unknown.

- 11. I shall be glad if you advise me in this mat-
- 12. He pleaded that he was ignorant of the law.
- 13. Our friends will hear that we have succeeded.
- 14. You imply by your words and manner that I am guilty.
- 15. I request that you should help me.
- 16. I cannot foretell when I shall depart.
- 17. I wish you would be quiet.



- 19. Tell what is true.
- 20. I have long suspected that he is poor.

- I saw a bird that was wounded.
- 2. Rama is happy in the class where he is at
- 3. The man who is near me is my brother.
- 4. Our guru is a man who leads a blameless life.
- 5. Your father is the man who can help you in this matter.
- 6. The value which exercise has is great.
- 7. Was this the deed that a good man would do?
- 8. I was the first who heard the news.
- 9. These are not the methods which are adopted in business.

- 10. The classroom is not the place where boys can play.
- 11. He is hardly the boy that can do credit to the school.
- 12. He liked the place where he lived (or : worked) formerly.
- 13. Smoke, which is the certain indicator of fire, appeared in the mine.
- 14. I was the first who arrived.
- 15. That is not the way that it should be answered:
- 16. It was the work which was done by a wild animal.
- 17. He is the man who carries water.
- 18. I have no place where I can sit.
- 19. My friend, who is the magistrate of this place, is on leave.
- 20. He sat outside on a stone which was in the compound.



cost what

it may.

## KEY TO HIGH SCHOOL GRAMMAR & COMPOSITION

#### EXERCISE 77

can't

walk

further

- 1. When he was punished he wept.
- When Queen Victoria was reigning there were many wars.
- Since he was quite contented, he never grumbled.
- As he was ill-treated by his master, he ran away.
- He was so dull that he could not understand.
- 6. The tiger is feared as it is fierce.
- If you permit me I will go away.
- The peon would be quite happy if he was paid another Rs. 100 a month.
- 9. He replied as well as he could.
- 10. I can only tell you as far as I remember.
- 11. Rama works harder than Krishna does.
- 12. As his health is bad, he has resigned.
- 13. He was annoved when he was rebuked.
- 14. He cannot be caught as he is quick.
- 14. He camiot be caught as he is quick.
- 15. He is so lazy that he cannot succeed.
- He came in very quietly so that he might avoid waking his father.
- 17. He waited there so that he might meet me.
- One cannot be admitted unless one has permission.
- 19. I will help you as best I can:
- 20. Do not go out unless you get leave.
- 21. Though it was hot, they marched quickly.
- 22. Though he is young, he is very capable.
- 23. Wait here till I arrive.
- 24. After his father died, he left Mumbai.
- 25. Until he was thirty he remained unmarried.

although you may no

- Since he had that illness he has been partly blind.
- 27. Before he died he made his will.
- 28. As I anticipate sanction I have issued the order.
- He hindered the police when they were executing their duty.
- 30. This was done when I was absent.
- They kept silent lest they should be imprisoned.
- 32. He shot the dog though I entreated him not to do so.

  12. He wrote as he was in [17] buy it.
- He wrote as he was instructed.
- He worked as well as he could.
- 35. Come back when it is six o'clock.
- 36. The body quivered every time when a blow was given.
- 37. If I am to speak honestly, I do not know.
- 38. I came today so that I might take advantage of the special train.
- 39. I was greatly surprised that he failed.
- Till the day of examination arrived he did no more work.
- 41. When the tiger had fallen, he climbed down from the tree.
- 42. When Aurangzeb ruled, taxes were very heavy.
- 43. We eat so that we may live.
- 44. Some people live so that they may eat.
- 45. He has gone down to the river so that they may bathe.
- 46. Have you come so that you may see me?
- 47. Does he wish that I should go?

- 1. Can you tell me when he will arrive?
- 2. After he saw the Chief Minister he departed.
- Many ships were so shattered that they were wholly unmanageable.
- England expects that every man will do his duty.
- 5. When the guests departed, he went to bed.
- 6. Few know the date when Lucy died.
- It was difficult to discover where the source of the Nile was.
- I will meet you at any place that is convenient for you.



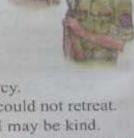


- Though he eanestly protested, he was condemned.
- 10. He is proud that he was born of a high tamily.
- The prince was to be found where the battle was the hottest.
- 12. I rejoice that he has good fortune.

78

- 13. If he had not confessed it himself, the crime could scarcely have been brought home to him.
- 14. He alone entered, while the rest of us were waiting outside.
- As he was not feeling (or: did not feel) well, he decided to lie down.
- 16. As the last of these voyages did not prove very fortunate, I grew weary of the sea.
- If we consider the difficulties of his position, he has acted admirably.
- Speak low so that you may prevent our being overheard.
- 19. He was so much excited that he could not hear reason.
- A letter from the butler brings to the club the news that Sir Roger is dead.
- 21. There is none who can dispute my right.
- As he was accustomed to rule, he schooled himself to obey.
- 23. He saved the child though it risked his life.
- 24. A tree that is good cannot bring forth evil fruit.
- 25. I convinced him that he was mistaken.
- 26. It all depends upon how you do it.
- 27. He can prove that he is innocent.
- 28. Everybody knows who the author of Gulliver's Travels is.
- 29. The date when he will arrive is uncertain.
- 30. How long the war will last is uncertain.
- 31. There is no hope that he will recover.
- 32. The exact date when Buddha was born is unknown.
- If one wants to maintain perfect health, one should have a daily bath.
- 34. Success or failure depends largely on the efforts you make.
- As I was in a hurry I forgot the most important letters.

- 36. Those who listen never hear any good of themselves.
- Finding that the door was unlocked, the thier entered the house.
- It is impossible to trust the word of one who
  is a habitual liar.
- Gray, who is the author of the Elegy, lived in the eighteenth century.
- 40. The shepherd found the sheep that was lost.
- The boy readily admitted that he had made the mistake.
- 42. Tell me what your plans are.
- 43. He could clearly remember the incidents that occurred in his youth.
- 44. When he arrived at the foot of the hill, he blew his trumpet.
- 45. It was a spider that saved Robert Bruce.
- 46. The man that is prudent looks to the future.
- 47. As he had no money, he was unable to prosecute his studies.
- 48. As all the money had been spent, we started looking for work.
- 49. Those who are idle cannot hope to succeed.
- Our orders were that we should show no mercy.
- 51. It was so late that they could not retreat.
- 52. I must be cruel so that I may be kind.
- The men fought as they were in desperation.
- He is so truthful that he cannot be a successful courtier.
- 55. What you will be paid depends on the quality of your work. (or: The remuneration which you will get depends on the quality of your work.)
- 56. He conducted himself madly so that he might escape suspicion.
- Good boys need not fear that they will be punished.
- 58. The accused confessed that he was guilty.
- 59. I asked him why he had come.
- 60. If it had not been for your folly, you could have been a partner in the firm today.
- Tell me what your age is, (or : Tell me how old you are.)





- 62. I was glad when I heard of your arrival (or: I was glad to hear that you had arrived.)
- 63. As he was a very diligent and elever lad, he soon distinguished himself.
- 64. He is so short that he is not fit to be a soldier.
- It was said that this is the birthplace of Buddha.
- 66. His success went beyoud what he expected.
- 67. Though he was in poor health, he worked hard.
- 68. As he felt out of sorts, he went to bed.
- He complained that he had been unjustly treated.
- He killed the hen so that he might get the treasure.
- An army of ants will attack animals which are large and ferocious.

- 72. A planter who was very miserly formerly lived in the island of Jamaica.
- He often gave his poor slaves food that was too little.
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- It is excellent to have the strength that a giant has.
- When we finished our work, we went out for a walk.
- 78. Though thou hast thy faults I love thee still.
- 79. The news is so good that it cannot be true.
- 80. This tree is so high that I cannot climb it.
- 81. He is so old that he cannot learn anything new.
- The world's greatest men have not laboured so that they may become rich.
- 83. When the wind changes, we shall have rain.
- 84. Though he has great wealth, he is not happy.

#### EXERCISE 79

- 1. We believe in his innocence.
- 2. His absence was much regretted.
- The consequence of his carelessness was the loss of the game.
- He asked the reason of my coming.
- He ordered the execution of the traitor.
- His escaping unburt is to be hoped for.
- 7. I do not know the time of my return
- We hope for better times to come.

- The news of the landing of the enemy spread like wild fire.
- My success does not make me happy.
- He ordered the police to imprison the rioters.
- Your willingness to believe this is incredible.
- 13. A prudent person is respected.
- 14. The victory of our troops is reported.
- 15. All believed him to be guilty of murder.
- 16. Tell me your meaning.

- 1. He sold his brother's horse
- Being unable to help in any other way, I gave her some money.
- 3. I have no horse to lend you.
- 4. The marks left by the whip were still visible.
- 5. This is our camping place.
- 6. The heart full of grief is heavy.
- 7. Your reply is foolish.
- 8. The evil done by men lives after them.
- 9. Do you not remember him, your former friend?
- This is her knitting needle.



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- My success does not make me happy.
- He ordered the police to imprison the rioters.
- Your willingness to believe this is incredible.
- 13. A prudent person is respected.
- 14. The victory of our troops is reported.
- 15. All believed him to be guilty of murder.
- 16. Tell me your meaning.

- 1. He sold his brother's horse.
- Being unable to help in any other way, I gave her some money.
- 3. I have no horse to lend you.
- 4. The marks left by the whip were still visible.
- 5. This is our camping place.
- 6. The heart full of grief is heavy.

- 7. Your reply is foolish.
- 8. The evil done by men lives after them.
- 9. Do you not remember him, your former friend?
- This is her knitting needle.



#### 80 KEY TO HIGH SCHOOL GRAMMAR & COMPOSITION

- 11. Have you nothing to say?
- 12. He prospered by the help of his friends.
- They were advised by a clever lawyer, a High Court pleader.
- 14. He is weak from his recent illness.
- A dead man needs to riches.
- 16. I have seen Rama's house.
- 17. He was the most learned of the judges of that time.
- 18. He died in his native village.
- The horse, being an Arab of pure blood, is very swift.
- 20. The smell coming from this drain is very bad.
- 21. Can he get no work to do?
- 22. Is there no place for bathing here?
- 23. The birds have no water to drink.
- 24. He shot a tiger, the scourge of the district.
- That is my book. 25.
- 26. I saw a blind man.
- This is the waterbottle.
- 28. The chief achievement of Wycliffe and his 43. He told us the expected time of his arrival.

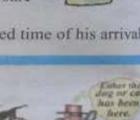
- friends was the translation of the Bible into Enlgish.
- I found the lost book. 29.
- 30. The boy standing first got the prize.
- 31. A city on a hill cannot be hid.
- 32. People living in glass houses must not throw stones.
- His services to the state cannot be over esti-33. mated.
- Their dwelling place is very unhealthy. 34.
- This basic idea of his philosophy is very difficult to comprehend.
- I have no time to waste on idle talk. 36.
- A person relying on his own efforts has the best chance to win success.
- Here is an impassable barrier.
- A self-made man is always respected.
- 40. A notoriously idle boy was awarded a prize.
- 41 Men like you cannot be easily disheartened.
- An industrious man is sure 42 to succeed.



- Being here, you may as well see it.
- 2. He was angry to hear the result.
- 3. Does he know the consequences of his refusal?
- He cannot go without my consent.
- In the event of your talking always, you cannot always talk sense.
- 6. You never come here but to steal something.
- The boy ran at the highest possible speed. 7.
- It beginning to rain, we waited a while. 8.
- In spite of his having failed twice, he will 9. try again...
- 10. He made such good speed as to be in time.
- 11. Because of his illness, he stayed at home.
- 12. Feeling cold, he lit a fire.
- 13. Being unable to get much, I accept little.
- 14. He will pay you on hearing from you.
- He was too tired to sleep. 15.
- They rejoice at their going. 16.

- I congratulated him on his pass-
- 18. Being rich, he can afford to be generous.
- The hour having arrived, they started. 19.
- Believing his word, I did not ask for proof. 20.
- Seeing the cat, the dog jumped up. 21.
- The horse is too old to walk 22.
- The tiger is renowned through all the coun-23. tryside for his cunning and ferocity.
- He was very angry at having to pay again. 24.
- Darkness increases in proportion to the pe-25. riod of our waiting here.
- He is not too tall to 26. enter the doorway.
- Hearing the signal. 27. they sprang up.
- The truth being 28. known, further lying is uscless.





- 29. Everywhere I shall follow you.
- 30. Immediately on seeing us he disappeared.
- 31. Immediately on hearing the news he wrote to me.
- 32. I shall punish you for this act.
- 33. In his absence I spoke to his father.
- 34. They went to a cheaper place to live in.
- Everywhere the people gathered to listen to his preaching.
- 36. She stood like stone.
- 37. We have come to help you.
- You will pass by working hard.
- He cannot see without wearing glasses.
- 40. His father still trusted him in spite of his deceit.
- 41. He is not prudent enough.
- 42. It was too dark to see your hand.

- The fraud being discovered, he was imprisoned after trial.
- 44. He was too indolent to be successful.
- 45. An honest boy speaks out his thoughts.
- 46. Sit down anywhere.
- The vigour of the mind increases in proportion to the size of the brain.
- 48. I shall give you my horse in exchange for your silver.
- We will do the work to the best of our ability.
- Robinson Crusoe was puzzled to discover the print of a foot on the sand.
- He will not be frightened even at the fall of the sky.
- Apollo was worshipped throughout the period of the Roman Empire.
- 53. I will buy it at any cost.
- I am surprised at your believing such nonsense.
- 55. I will support all your acts.

#### EXERCISE 82

- It is terrible for people to die of starvation.
- I was unable to hear your words.
- The weather being too stormy, we did not go.
- 4. His success is doubtful.
- 5. He became too ill to walk.
- No one is promoted to a higher class without being examined.

Tell me

- 7. He ran at the highest possible speed.
- 8. He promised to come tomorrow.
- Tell me your address.
- 10. He confessed his guilt.
- 11. It was dark enough for us to lose our way.
- 12. Tell me your age.
- The time of his arrival is not yet known.
- 14. Grant me my request.
- 15. We hope for better times to come.
- 16. I insist on your not going.
- 17. I shall remain in my place.
- Turning to the right, you will soon reach the temple.

- 19. He gave a graphic account of his escape.
- We went half an hour earlier so as to get a good seat.
- 21. He complained of unjust treatment.
- 22. He is certain to come.

  (or: He will certainly come.)
- 23. The Commissioner gave reward to deserving men.
- 24. I asked him the reason for his coming.
- 25. An orphan child is to be pitied.
- 26. To catch the early train they left at six o'clock.
- Suspicion always haunts the mind of a guilty person.
- 28. He went to Ooty to improve his health.
- 29. A book containing pictures of animals was presented to him by his uncle.
- 30. Seeing Brutus among the assassins, he covered his face with his gown.
- John Bright once spoke of a first-class carriage in an express train as the safest place in England.
- 32. The question is too complicated to be settled immediately.



#### KEY TO HIGH SCHOOL GRAMMAR & COMPOSITION

 But for his absence, the motion would have been carried.

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- The passage is too difficult for me to comprehend.
- We must do the work to the best of our ability.
- In spite of their most valiant fight, they were defeated.
- In the event of his winning the battle, he will be crowned.
- 38. I wish to know the time of his death.
- The surviving soldiers have received medals.
- This is a sewing machine.
- He seemed very anxious for us to come.
- 42. The priests were satisfied with his offer of the money.
- You must be hungry in the event of your not having denied.

- 44. It is time for you to go.
- 45. Luckily, he came just then,
- 46. He is certain to help you. (or : He will certainly help you.)
- 47. You must write to me immediately on reaching Mumbai.
- 48. He gave away some books belonging to his brother.
- 49. Can you tell me the name of the author of the book?
- 50. He is said to have won by his own effort.
- 51. I cannot come in my parents'absence.
- 52. This sum is too hard for me to do.
- 53. One man falling, another took his place.
- 54. Work as hard as possible.
- 55. Drink while possible.
- 56. A man like him should succeed.
- 57. The police know this from information received by them.

- 1. If you spare the rod, you will spoil the child,
- If we do not do our work well, our master will be angry with us.
- When she woke at length she looked around.
- If you do not keep quiet, you will be punished.
- 5. Though the ship was wrecked, the erew were saved.
- 6. If Shirin does not come, she will send a letter.
- If you do your best, you will never reject it.
- As soon as he received your telegram, he set off.
- If I do not hurry back at once, my business will greatly suffer.
- 10. Unless you do this, you will be punished.
- Though Rama may not be clever, he is certainly industrious.
- 12. After I put my hand into my pocket I gave him a rupee.
- If you do the right, you will have no reason to be ashamed.

- 14. The crow, when he had stolen a piece of cheese, flew with it to a tree.
- When I called at your house yesterday, you were out.
- 16. Since this is the prisoner's first offence, he will be let off with a small fine.
- 17. After he put on his hat, he went outside.
- Since you have earned his gratitude, you will not go unrewarded.
- After he failed in his first attempt, he never tried again.
- Though time flies fast, it sometimes appears to move slowly.
- It is well-known that mosquitoes cause malaria.
- 22. If she does not weep, she will die.
- Though he ran to the station, he missed the train.
- As the boy was tired, he went to bed.
- Though he is poor, he is contented.
- Though life has few enjoyments, we cling to it.



- 27. If you eat few suppers, you will need few medicines.
- 28. As he is working hard, he will succeed.
- 29. He works hard so that he may succeed.
- 30. While he was going along this road, he met a dragon.
- 31. Though they were refused pay, they went on working.
- Though I frowned upon him, he loves me still.
- 33. If you find victories, we will find rewards.
- Though, the arches were poorly armed, they offered a stubborn resistance.
- 35. If you cross this line, you will be captured.
- Unless you are warmly clad, you will catch cold.
- If you take care of his pence, the pounds will take care of themselves.
- 38. Though he adored his proud wife, he was in mortal fear of her fierce temper.
- Though we are few, we are of the right sort.
- If you are diligent, you will succeed.
- Though it seems too good to be true, it is a fact.

- 42. If you resist the devil, he will flee from you.
- 43. If I fail to recover it, I will die in the attempt.
- If you take a farthing from a hundred pounds, it will be a hundred pounds no longer.
- 45. As he has lost all his teeth he cannot eat hard food.
- 46. If you give him an inch, he'll take an ell.
- 47. If you hear him out, you will understand him the better.
- 48. If you advance another step, you are a dead man.
- 49. If you send the deed after me, I will sign it.
- 50. As he was very learned, he seemed to know everything.
- As he was ambitious, I killed him.
- After we landed at Karachi, we spent there a very enjoyable week.
- 53. When he called upon Mr. Pundit, he introduced us to his partner.
- 54. As he was my friend, I loved him.



- L If you give me the book I will read it.
- 2. If you take quinine, your fever will be cured.
- 3. When I tell him to be quiet he takes no no-tice.
- 4. Though he is deaf, he will always pretend to hear.
- Though you have paid the bill, you will get no more credit.
- Though I ran all the way to the station, I missed the train.
- Since Rama is a better player than Krishna, he must take his place in the team.
- 8. As you called me, I am here.
- As the master is nearly blind, the boys are very sorry for him.
- 10. If we do not win, we shall die.
- If you do not let me come in, I will break down the door.

- If you are careful in your diet, you will keep healthy.
- 13. If you listen I will tell you all.
- 14. Though he is very agreeable, I don't like him.
- As it is cold, I shall wear a coat.
- If you send me the gun,
   I will mend it.
- If you are good, you need not be clever.
- 18. If you do not follow me, you will lose your way.
- As you ordered the goods, they have been sent.
- 20. If you do not pay, sign a chit.
- 21. As I don't like his lectures, I don't attend
- 22. If he had not run away, they would have killed him.

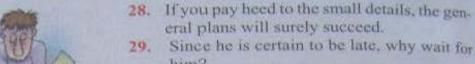


## KEY TO HIGH SCHOOL GRAMMAR & COMPOSITION

23. Though he has injured me, I will forgive him.

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- 24. If you are not quiet, I shall punish you.
- 25. If you are just, you need not fear.
- 26. Though he was never present, he always sent a deputy.
- 27. Be so kind that you will help me.



- If you do not go away, I must. 30.
- As Sri Lanka went in first on a very wet 31. wicket, they lost the match.
- Though they tried to bribe the peon, he was 32. too clever for them.

#### EXERCISE 85

- Once upon a time a man owned a hen and it laid every day a golden egg.
- We tried several bi-2. cycles and then selected this.
- He did not succeed and this is surprising. 3.
- Take exercise, or you will be ill. 4
- Run and you will be in time. 5.
- He was afraid and therefore ran away. 6.
- He was not there and therefore I spoke to 7. his brother.
- 8. He saw the danger, yet he pressed on.
- You may try with all your might, but you will not succeed.
- I must be invited, or I shall not go. 10.
- 11. Don't eat too much or you will be ill.
- 12. There may be nothing in it, still it is a book.
- 13. Keep quiet, or you will be punished.
- 14 Casear loved me and so I weep for him.
- 15. You have done this and so I will punish you.
- 16. He heard the news and at once he wrote to
- 17. Rest and then go on with the work.
- 18. He was dying and therefore I forgave him.
- He was feeling ill and therefore he stayed at home.
- He had deceived him, yet his father trusted 20. him.

- The sky may fall, but he will not be fright-21.
- 22. He was educated at a public school and there he learnt Latin.
- He ventured to obstruct my path, so I struck 23.
- 24. They wished to extend their empire and therefore they went to war.
- 25.4 They fought most valiantly, but they were defeated,
- 26. He writes very illegibly and so I cannot read his letter.
- You told him something and I know it.
- 28. The ship was steered very successfully and so it reached the harbour safely.
- 29. Be respectable and you will be respected.
- He was ambitious and therefore I killed him. 30.
- She was often capricious and impertinent, 31. yet she was never
- out oftemper. 32. The waves are raging white, but yet I'll row you o'er the
- ferry.
- He began late, but finished first. 33:
- He tries hard, but he is seldom successful. 34.
- The sun set and he returned home. 35
- Duty calls us and we must obey. 36.
- He had a cow and it gave enormous quanti-37. ties of milk.
- He was too rash and therefore failed. 38.
- We wish to live and so we eat 39.
- He was very learned and seemed to know 40. everything.

#### EXERCISE

86

- Rama finished his meal and went to school.
- I ask a civil question and expect a civil reply.
- They opened the shop and they have not been poor ever since.
- I can answer, but I don't choose to.

- 5. We may not be able to admire a weak man, but we might admire a bad
- You may not succeed, yet I advise you to try.
- 7. You should understand, so I spoke plainly.
- 8. He feigned sleep, for he had an object in doing so.
- 9. Fight was useless and therefore he gave himself
- 10. We are here and so we will stay here.
- 11. He will not come and I think so.
- 12. There is a rupee in your hand and I know it.
- 13. Come at any time and you have option in the matter.
- 14. I must be in better health and then I shall come.
- 15. I did not see the snake, so I did not shoot it.
- His practice is disgrace-16. ful, yet his precept is equally beautiful.



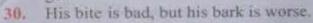








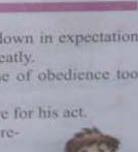
- 17. Suppose we are in Rome, then we must behave as Romans do.
- 18. I fired and he fell
- 19. Come here and you will repent it.
- 20. He left Mumbai and I have not heard from him ever since.
- 21. He wished to leave a message and therefore went to the house.
- 22. We must run, or we shall miss the train.
- 23. The sun touches the horizon and immediately darkness begins to settle upon the scene.
- 24. You may be very clever, yet you cannot succeed without industry.
- Do this, or a worse thing will befall. 25.
- Trust to the book and you will find your-26. self in difficulties.
- We should keep our 27 honour sustained and we may lose all without regret.
- 28. Things are bad and they might be worse.
- 29. Finish your work and then you may



31. Either I am right or you are.

- No sooner did the ship touch the shore than a soldier of the tenth legion leaped into the
- We have helped them not only with money but also with a body of workers, all welltrained and experienced.
- Mrs. Smith is wiser than any other member of the family and Jane is prettier than any of her other three daughters.
- 4. A special service devised for the occasion helped solve the difficulty.
- 5. The doctor compelled the lady to drink such vile medicine that he all but killed her with
- 6. These affairs are already as well known to you as to me.
  - 7. No sooner had Sir Roger seated himself than he called for wax candles.
  - 8. When the preparation of supper was over,

- Robinson Crusoe sat down in expectation of enjoying himself greatly.
- Nelson knew the value of obedience too well to fail to anticipate some censure for his act.
- The secretary did not reply to me for ten days.
- If you have a look at the 11. newspaper, you will find a lot of space devoted to advertisements.
- She had no money; there-12. fore she did not go with us.
- He has not only a salary but also a private income.
- Poverty compelled his parents to send him abroad to earn his own living.





- 15. The more proficient he becomes in games, the fonder he grows of them.
- Of all the men known to me none is less inclined than he is to believe ill of others. (or : Of all the men I know he is the least inclined to believe ill of others.)
- 17. At the break of the monsoon the temperature had a rapid fall.
- 18. He has not only squandered his fortune and estranged his friends, but also ruined his health by his recklessness and extravagance.
- 19. The new facts he has discovered and the new arguments he has advanced have not changed my opinion.
- (1) His treatment of his ser-20. vants is notoriously mean.

- (2) He treats his servants in a notoriously mean way.
- (3) It is notorious that he treats his servants meanly.
- (4) The meanness with which he treats his servants is notorious.
- You can imagine how annoyed I was when 21. I learnt that the football match had been postponed.
- 22. He has no income other than what he earns by his pen.
- (1) It was a sailing ship that was wrecked 23. here last December.
  - (2) It was here that a sailing ship was wrecked last December.
  - (3) It was last December that a sailing ship was wrecked here.
- There is a probability of his coming back.

### EXERCISE 88

You foot ...

- 1. Having hurt his foot, he stopped.
- 2. Having been in prison before, the thief received severe sentences.
- 3. Unwilling to go any further, he returned And L
- Seeing the uselessness of violence, they changed their policy.
- (Being) weary of failure, he emigrated to Africa.
- (Being) warned of his danger, 6. he made good his escape.
- 7. Losing a large sum of money. he gave up speculation.
- Receiving no answer, I knocked a second 8.
- 9. His wife having encouraged him (or : Encouraged by his wife), he presevered.
- 10. Not satisfied with his salary, he gave up his situation.
- 31. Feeling tired, he laid his work aside.
- 12. Sceing Hari on the path, he went straight on.
- The stable door being open, the horse was stolen.



- 14. Taking up his gun, he went out to shoot the lion.
- 15. I went to Mumbai last year to see a dentist.
- Stealing a piece of cheese, a crow flew to her nest to enjoy the tasty meal.
- 17. Taking pity on the mouse, the magician turned it into the cat.
- Alighting from the train, a passenger fell 18. over a bag on the platform.
- 19. Charmed with the silk, my sister bought ten yards.
- His answer having been spoken quickly. I 20. did not hear it.
- (Having been) delayed by a storm, the 21. ship came into port a day late.
- Having resolved on a certain course, he 22. acted with vigour.
- The letter having been badly written, I had 23. great difficulty in making out its contents.
- A hungry fox saw some bunches of grapes 24. hanging from a vine.
- Hurrying away with much haste, Cinderella 25. dropped one of her little glass-slippers.
- Walking along the street one day, I saw a 26. dead snake.
- Being overpowered, he surrendered. 27.
- Having run at top speed, he got out of breath 28.
- Possessing all the advantages of education 29.

and wealth, he never made a name.

30. (Being) occupied with important matters, he had no leisure to see visitors.



- The Russians having burnt Moscow, the French were forced to quit it.
- The votes on each side being equal, the chairman gave his casting vote against the resolution.
- Having lost the favour of his master, Wolsey was dismissed from his high offices.
- Being a big and very strong boy, he is in the football team.

- Being ill, he came to me for leave.
- 36. I heard Abdul shouting very loudly and calling me.



- Raising his gun and taking aim, he shot the tiger.
- Being very old and having lost his teeth, he could not eat hard food.
- Having told you the facts and having nothing more to say, I will sit down.
- Returning home, I saw a man looking very ill and lying by the roadside.

#### EXERCISE 89

- 1. There goes my brother Sohrab.
- The cow provides milk, a valuable food.
- 3. Mr. Pundit, a wellknown Sanskrit scholar, was elected President.



- Coal, a very important mineral, is hard, bright, black, and brittle.
- 5. We saw the picture, a very fine piece of work.
- Geoffrey Chaucer, the first great English poet, was born in 1340.
- Tagore's most famous work is the Gitanjali, a collection of short poems.

- 8. His only son, a lad of great promise, died before him.
- His uncle, a millionaire, sent him to England for his education.
- 10. The dog bit the man, a notorious burglar.
- 11. I love my faithful dog Bruno.
- Jawaharlal Nehru, the first Prime Minister of India, died in 1964.
- 13. De Lesseps, a French engineer, made the Suez Canal, a great work.
- Mr. Pundit, the Collector, lives in Dustipur, a large town.



- He earned promotion by attending to his duties.
- He may escape punishment by confessing his fault.
- On account of his illness last term, he was unable to attend school.
- My forgiving him his fault has not prevented him from repeating it.
- 5. At the sound of the bugle the weary soldiers leapt to their feet.
- At the word of command you will fire.
- 7. By setting traps every might he cleared his house of rats.

- The court listened silently to the decision given by the judge.
- In expectation of obtaining leave he has already bought his steamer ticket.
- It is impossible to suspect a man with such a good record.
- Even a bird shows great courage in defending its young ones.
- For a want of provisions the garrison could hold out no longer.
- But for your help I should have been drowned.
- On examining the statement I find many errors in it.
- At least in appearance he is free from disease.

#### 88 KEY TO HIGH SCHOOL GRAMMAR & COMPOSITION

- 16. He never fully recovered from the shock of his son's death.
- He was not justified in tak-17. ing the law in his own hands.
- The streets were flooded by 18. the heavy rain.
- In spite of his heroic efforts 19. to succeed, he failed.
- The weather is pleasant in 20. spite of its being a little cold.
- I took no notice of its rudeness. 21.
- There is no doubt about his having stolen 22. the purse.
- Her father is opposed to her marrying a for-23.
- I was surprised at his entering the room with 24. his hat on (or : To my surprise he entered the room with his hat on.)

- He got great honour by saving the life of the Rajah.
- His interest was aroused by an advertise. 26. ment in the newspaper.
- He amused us very much by singing a funny
- On hearing of the prince's illness the people 28. crowded to the place.
- On receiving the news of the recovery of 29. the prince, the people were very enthusiastic.
- 30. He makes a lot of money by buying and selling horses.
- I saw a soldier with a lance in his hand and a sword by his side.
- She stood there for hours without moving 32. or speaking.
- The discovery of his crime was a heavy 33. blow to his reputation and his business.

## EXERCISE 91

- His friend having arrived, he was very 1. pleased.
- The rain having fallen. the crops revived.
- storm having The 3. ceased, the sun came out.
- The troops having been ordered out, the police were unable to hold the mob in check.
- The holidays being at an end, the boys are returning to school.
- The wind having failed, the crew set to work with a will
- 7. It being a very hot day, I could not do my work satisfactorily.
- 8. His house having been burned down, he lives in a hotel.
- 9. The King having died, his eldest son came to the throne.
- 10. His father being dead, he had to support his widowed mother.

- II. Rain having been plentiful this year, rice is cheap.
- The secretaryship being vacant and nobody 12. being willing to undertake duties of the post, I offered my services.
- The prisoner having been questioned and 13. no witness having come forward, the judge dismissed the case.
- The sun having risen and the fog having 14. away, the lighthouse was seen less than a mile away.
- He having fired his gun 15. and the ball having high, the tiger sprang on him.
- The master being out of 16. the room and the door being shut, the boys made a lot of noise.



- He had no money to give away.
- 2. I have nothing more to tell you.
- He is too poor to afford a motor-car.
- I was glad to hear of his good fortune.
- The information has come too late to be of any use to us.

- Your father will be delighted to hear of your success.
- You were prudent not to invest all your savings in one concern.
- 8. He did not have even a rupee with him to buy a loaf of bread.
- The Pathan took out a knife to frighten the old man.
- 10. I am not afraid to speak the truth.
- H. He works hard to earn his livelihood.
- The strikers held a meeting to discuss the terms of the employers.

- 13. He has five children to provide for.
- Napolean is universally acknowledged to have been one of the greatest of generals.
- Various means were employed by His Majesty to kill Gulliver secretly.
- I will not be afraid to speak the truth.
- 17. He is honourable enough not to break his word.
- He has some bills to pay.
- He must apologize to escape punishment.
- He keeps some fierce dogs to guard his house and keep away robbers.



#### EXERCISE 93

- I accept your statement unreservedly.
- He answered me correctly.
- He forgot his umbrella carelessly.
- He is certainly a bad boy.
- The train is usually very late.
- I shall come back soon.
- 7. He kicked the goal-keeper intentionally.
- 8. He obstinately refused to listen to advice.
- 9. He spent all his money foolishly.
- 18. He was unavoidably absent at the meeting.
- 11. He applied for leave unsuccessfully.
- 12. He admitted his error regretfully.
- 13. I met him only once in a railway carriage.
- 14. He has succeeded unexpectedly.
- 15. It must be done at any cost.
- 16. I have read Bacon to my great profit.

- 17. He preserved indomitably.
- 18. The door was rather suspiciously open.
- He is not qualified for the post in any degree.
- 20. The blow dazed him only for a time.
- Luckily, I did not eat any of the poisoned food.
- 22. He solved the problem in no time.
- 23. He visited Ooty for reasons of health.
- 24. He accomplished the task with unflagging industry.
- Boys grow up to be men slowly and imperceptibly.
- Rama struck Krishna cruelly, frequently and unreasonably.

- 1. Nobody knows the birthplace of the great poet Homer.
- Being a leader, he did not naturally follow other men.
- This hat, bought by me two years ago, is still good and fit to wear.
- For thirty years he devoted himself to public affairs without taking a holiday.



Clive's proposals, in spite of opposition by some, were carried with the support of the majority.

6. Clive informed the council of his determination to introduce necessary reforms in the

administration.

 The man, in spite of his innocence and his ability to defend himself, refused to speak for fear of convicting his friend.

8. While in prison, he was able to talk to his friend in the next cell by making a hole in the brick wall between the cells.

9. A workman, hearing the shouts of the drowning boy for help, plunged into the river at the risk of his-own life.

 The traveller, toiling slowly over the desert, suddenly turned round on hearing his companion crying for help.

 Returning down the valley of the Jumna, we came first to Delhi, the capital of India.

- The art of printing was introduced into England during the reign of Edward IV by William Caxton, a native of Kent.
- Striking his foot against a stone, he fell to the ground making his clothes very dirty.
- The corn having ripened in the sun in a short time, the farmer was filled with joy.
- 15. Opening his letters, reading them carefully and sending for his clerk, he dictated answers to them.
- 16. His payment of all his late father's debts, a very honest proceeding, was very creditable to him.
- He has two horses to feed, water, groom and bring to his master at 12 o'clock.
- He goes to school to learn and grow up honest, healthy and clever.
- My notice was drawn to a Pathan armed with a gun, hiding in my garden.
- 20. The soldiers having starved, their ammunition having been expended, their clothes being in rags and their leaders having been dead, the enemy easily defeated them.
- Inspired by Napolean, the first Emperor of the French and a great soldier, with the most war-like spirit, his armies won many victories.
- Wellington, the greatest of English generals, Nelson, the greatest of English admi-

rals, and Napolean, the greatest of French soldiers, were contemporary heroes of their respective countries.

 Finding himself the richer by a paisa and seeing his adversary outwitted, the miser

laughed.

 He hardened his heart to punish the people mercilessly and make an example of them once and for all.

25. He receives much gratitude by performing kindly actions, by not being harsh in the execution of his duty and by not oppressing the poor.

26. His friends having assembled and offered him their congratulations upon his safe return and everybody being comfortably seated, he described all his adventures.

27. The thieves poisoned the dog brought from England and trained carefully to protect his

property.

28. Vultures with cruel beaks and talons, appearing one after another and wheeling round and round, were descending towards

the spot.

29. The room was covered with blood staining the walls and ceiling, darkening the floor, flowing in a stream under the door and standing in puddles everywhere.

The house having been pulled down, another having been built in its place, it was difficult to identify the exact spot.

31. He earned the hatred of all good men by inciting youths to crime, furnishing them with means and keeping himself safely out of the way in time of danger.

 He was punished for copying from the next boy, a mean and dishonest action bringing

disgrace upon him.

33. He did not have sufficient courage to face the opposition of his caste fellows or to go away from his native place to begin life afresh.

34. Rabindranath Tagore, a Nobel laureate and the author of the National Anthem, founded Shantiniketan.

35. Having been very often ill and frequently absent, he had no opportunity to finish his work or to do much of it in fact.

36. He had often helped the criminal, a man of his own caste and an ungrateful and incorrigible wretch.



37. Having picked up a wounded bird during a walk one day, having brought it home and tended it carefully for some time, he was very glad of its complete recovery.

38. A boy known to me at school is now famous as a soldier, known to the tribesmen as the "Sleepless One" and greatly feared

by them.

39. The water having been boiled, the tea having been made, the food being ready and the table being spread, they sat down to eat and drink.

 He deserves my thanks for having found my purse and returned it to me without taking anything from it.

I saw a terrier, a well-bred

little animal with three legs and only one ear.

42. My orders to him were to clean all the silver, to put it away, to lock it up and to bring me the key of the box.



43. The horse had many of the points of a racer—slim legs, high withers, powerful quarters and a tremendous stride.

44. Having been a great statesman, having worked well for his country and having been very popular, he was accorded a tomb in Westminster Abbey.

45. Wood having been collected, camp fires having been lighted, food having been cooked and eaten, the army lay down to sleep.

6. His conduct being disgraceful, he alienated

himself, besides being put in gaol.

 Rama with his wide knowledge of the business and Krishna with the necessary capital entered into partnership, combining resources.

Their father having divided his large sum of money equally between them by his will, the daughters were eagerly sought in marriage.

 The ground, abounding in frogs and snakes, the enemies of mankind, is soft and marshy.

 His superiors being pleased with him, he is justified in having high hopes.

51. He rode along for hours, without striking his horse or spurring

 I have some advice to give you and impress strongly upon you.

53. I hear rumours about Laxman, an old pupil of mine, a good cricketer and a good football player but not a steady worker.

54. Delighted with the intelligence and brightness of the scholars, he overlooked the fact of their knowing few things by heart.

55. He built a house with many large doors, many large windows, wide verandahs and a general air of coolness and comfort.

 He told a story about a famous warrior of great strength.

57. He came to Mumbai to see his father and settle some business.

58. The boat, having no mast after the storm and being unable to keep before the wind, could not return to port.

59. The cage, strongly built for the purpose,

contains a tiger.

60. The ancient myths of India have been preserved in the minds of the people with great care by the priests and the learned men, the guardians of the lamp of learning.

- 1. He does well; only he is nervous at the start.
- 2. The way was long and the wind was cold.
  3. It is raining beauti
- 3. It is raining heavily, so I will take an umbrella with me.
- 4. The harvest truly is plenteous, but the labourers are few.
- It was a stormy night, yet we ventured out.
- 6. Football is a very vigorous and healthy game and therefore everybody should play it.



- 7. He is foolish and is also obstinate.
- 8. I am in the right, but you are in the wrong.
- We can travel by land and can also travel by water.
- 10. The train was wrecked, but no one was hurt,
- 11. The paper is good, but the binding is very bad.
- We must hasten, or the robbers will overtake us.
- The prince married the beautiful princess and they lived happily ever after.
- The river is deep and swift, so I am afraid to dive into it.

- 15. He was not only fined but also sent to prison.
- You may go to the theatre and Rama also may.

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- Lying on his bed, Bruce looked up to the roof and saw a spider.
- I cried out sadly, beat my head and breast and threw myself down on the ground.
- You must play hockey, or you must play football.
- Either you or Rashid is wrong and you cannot both be right.
- I got up and looked about everywhere, but I could not perceive my companions.
- In Hyderabad I visited Charminar, Golkonda Fort and Birla Mandir, but I could not visit Salar Jung Museum.
- A is equal to B and B is equal to C and therefore A is equal to C.
- 24. Most of the rebels were slain and a few, having escaped, hid in the woods and marshes and thus the rebellion was quickly suppressed.
- 25. He was my school-fellow, but having become a great man, he has grown proud enough to forget his old friends.
- I did not see you, but having important news, I should have spoken to you, for delay was dangerous.
- Make haste or you will be late, for there is no other train till midnight and that train is a slow one.
- 28. Their boats are made of a kind of bark and they are light enough to be carried easily on the shoulders.
- 29. The emu, or Australian ostrich, does not sit on the eggs but covers them up with leaves and grass and leaves them to be hatched by the heat of the sun.
- 30. We must eatch the 5 o'clock train and there being only half an hour left, we must start without further delay.
- A timid dog is dangerous, for he always suspects ill-treatment and tries to protect himself by snapping.

- 32. A husbandman had sown some corn in his fields only recently and as cranes came to eat the corn, he fixed a net in his fields to catch them.
- 33. The monsoon having failed and the tanks having become almost empty, no grain could be sown and therefore a famine was feared and the ryots looked anxiously for the next monsoon, which, proving unusually abundant, averted the danger.
- 34. The second class carriage being full, we must either pay first class fare or wait for the next train, for we are forbidden to travel first class with second class tickets.
- 35. He is a rich man and, as he did not earn his wealth, he does not appreciate the value of money and squanders it.
- He beat me in the race, for being a year older, he naturally runs faster, but next year I may do better.
- 37. The storm having abated, the sun shone, but the ship-wrecked mariners could see no sign of land and were adrift in the mid-ocean.
- 38. Generally your conduct is good and therefore you will not be punished for having been guilty of an act of folly, but I advise you to be more prudent in future.
- 39. Having lost my way, I asked a policeman to direct me, but being new to his work, he could not help me and called a gentleman passing by to my assistance.
- 40. Seeing the danger, the enginedriver applied the brakes, but as the line was greasy and the brakes failed to act quickly, the train crashed into the gates at
- 41. The rain having fallen steadily for several days, the river overflowed its banks, so the terrified villagers abandoned their homes and fled to the higher ground, but soon the floods retired and the villagers were able to return.
- EXERCISE
- 1. I am sure that he is wrong.
- His complaint was that you deceived him.
- 3. Do you know when the train will arrive?
- 4. I have often told you that all the



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- planets except for Pluto travel round the sun the same way and in the same place.
- 5. It is certain that he will waste his time.
- 6. Tell me where you have put my hat.
  - In spite of the fact that he is short-tempered.

    I like him.

- 8. Ask the guard if it is time for the train to start.
- 9. I am sure that it is going to rain.
- 10. What is worth doing is worth doing well.
- 11. No one can doubt that he is a sincere worker.
- 12. I did not hear what he said.
- 13. Tell me how you found that out.
- 14. I think that you have made a mistake.
- 15. Can you tell me who wrote Shakuntala?
- 16. Do you deny that you stole the purse?
- I cannot adequately express how sorry I am.
- 18. That we have been deceived is the truth.
- It is a mystery how Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose died.
- We expect that he will succeed.

- 21. Tell me what you have done.
- 22. We wished to know where we were going.
- It was evident from the distant roar of water that we were nearing some waterfall.
- We do not know how many of the enemies escaped.
- 25. I want to know why the two friends quarrelled.
- The fact that he is a great orator cannot be denied,
- I will show you how Columbus made an egg stand on its end.
- 28. I cannot remember where I have seen this man before.
- 29. I do not know when he will arrive.
- 30. It is difficult to under stand why he distrusts his own sons.



#### EXERCISE 97

- The man who committed the theft last night has been caught.
- The French and the Italian languages are different from the Latin language, which was once spoken in almost every part of Europe.
- The time when the accident happened was six o'clock.
- 4. Can you tell me the reason why you are not keeping good health lately?

- 5. All the plans which he has for earning money quickly have failed.
- A fion who was proud of his strength despised the weakness of the mouse.
- The fox saw the grapes which hung over the garden wall.
- 8. That is the school where I was taught.
- 9. Show me the place where you put it.
- My travelling companion was an old gentleman by name Mr. Haq, whom I met in Basra.

- The nurse must be tired, as she had no sleep last night.
- 2. If a gentieman calls, please ask him to wait.
- 3. He ran so quickly that he soon overtook me.
- 4. Do not go till I get ready.
- 5. As he spoke in a very low voice, nobody could hear him.
- 6. Although I mended my watch this morning, it has stopped.
- As it was very stuffy, I could not sleep last
- 8. Unless the monsoon breaks this month, the wells will run dry.
- Whether I help you or not, you are sure to lose the game.

- As soon as the fireman came out of the house, the roof collapsed.
- Success attends hard work, while failure attends bad work.
- 12. If you do not hurry, you will miss the train.
- When the delegates arrived, the discussion was resumed.
- Though he is very old, he enjoys good health.
- As no more funds are available, the work has been stopped.
- As soon as he saw me coming, he took to his heels.
- 17. Though I am blunt, I am at least honest.
- 18. When he was contradicted he was annoyed.
- 19. As he bled profusely, he died.

#### KEY TO HIGH SCHOOL GRAMMAR & COMPOSITION 94

- 20. Though it is true of some, it is not true of all.
- As he ran quickly, he 21. soon overtook me.
- Your letter arrived 22. after I had left home.
- 23. As soon as he saw us. he disappeared.
- 24. He will not go out in the rain lest he should get wet.
- The bandits fought desperately, as they 25. could not bear the idea of being taken alive.
- The sailors cast anchor so that they might prevent the ship from drifting on the rocks.
- Since you make a good deal of 27 noise, I cannot work.
- We may sail tomorrow if the 28. weather permits.
- 29. It is so simple that even a child can understand it.
- 30. When he was returning from school, he was caught in a shower.
- 31. Robinson Crusoe was puzzled when he discovered the print of a foot on the sand.
- 32. When he finished the work, the clock just struck five.
- Though he is being lionized, he keeps a 33. level head.

- 34. Have you turned detective that you keen your eye on me like this?
- After we travelled together as far as 35. Kolkata, we parted company.
- No other man in our community is as rich 36. as he is.
- Whether you wish to do the work or not 37. you must do it.
- As he was sick, he remained at home. 38.
- 39. If you have tears, prepare to shed them now
- 40. Though he may slay me, I will trust him.
- When he saw me he ran away. 4E.
- He came to my house when I was out. 42.
- He has been very poor since his father died. 43.
- As he grew weaker and weaker, he died. 44.
- 45. We take off our clothes when we go to bed.
- He was hanged as he 46. had committed murder.
- 475 All will respect you if you are honest.
- 48. He is so old that he cannot walk.
- 10 He won the race as he was the swiftest.
- 50. Let us be honest as long as life lasts.
- The wolf is larger than the jackal is. 51.
- Arjun is as clever as Rama is. 52.

- 1. That is the man who gave me a dog that went mad.
- That Rama will not play in the match is a foolish notion. as he is the best player in the school.
- 3. He praised me for writing the letter which contained truth.
- Have you ever heard that honesty is the best
- He came to see me and tell me that his father was dead after having been ill for a long
- The horse that I wished to sell you has killed the man who was trying to steal it.
- He felt better as the medicine which he had taken cured his headache.
- When he gave an order he was obeyed, as they fear to offend him.
- As the absence of the girl from her home was unusual, inquiries were made, which led to no result.

- I am not able to understand your conduct which has been described to me as very peculiar.
- He played exceedingly well in the match HE. yesterday, so his team won.
- 12 ... He told me that he had written a letter to his su perior for a certain reason.
- I visited his garden, where 13. there were some beautiful rose-trees full of bloom. red and white in colour.
- As no one would give him work, he forsook his dishonest ways, which had brought him to the depths
- of poverty. Why does he worry since he is sure to receive his pay due to him?
- He told me that the doctor who has attended 16. him for years is not able to understand why he has very bad health though he lives very carefully.







- 17. Though his servants disliked him for his harshness, they flattered him.
- 18. I carefully sighted the rifle so as not to miss, since a miss might have cost me my life.
- It should be kept in mind that the speed of the boast was remarkable though it was going against the current and the wind.
- 20. I was told that he stole a book in which was written the owner's name which was well known to him.
- 21. In order to surprise the enemy they had marched the whole journey, which was very long, at top speed.
- 22. Having got long leave, my friend is going to Europe, where his brother already is, so as to become a doctor.
- 23. Rama has declared it to be his intention not to play against the Hindu School, which has a very strong team, as he does not wish to tire himself before the cup-match, which takes place the next day.
- It very often happens that the man who talks most does least.
- Our father says that the man who did this must have been undoubtedly very strong.
- 26. I should like to know how much money he paid for the information, to whom and why, so that I can prosecute him.
- Fearing pursuit and capture, they hid the very valuable treasure in some place in a jungle, which was never discovered.
- It is not difficult to see the reason why he
  endeavoured to hide the traces of the crime
  that he had committed.
- A man like him who had not learned to read and write, and who was very ignorant and could not even talk fluently, should not pretend to be a doctor.
- 30. The father fully described a large number of his boy's accomplishments to the teacher
  - he persisted in refusing it, so I left him to
  - Toiling over the desert, a famished traveller was highly delighted to find a bag, but

- so that he might get him admitted to the school.
- 31. The jackal which was pursued by the dogs was caught, because it was very hungry while they were well fed.



- 32. Since he had ordered them to be punctual, he got more angry as he waited longer.
- It is my duty to send you there, whether you like it or not.
- 34. If you wish to succeed as well as your father, you must work as hard as he did.
- 35. I am sorry to hear that you have failed, as I think that you deserved to pass.
- 36. The Principal has issued orders to the effect that you will be allowed to enter for the examination if you work hard.
- 37. Judging by the results of the examination, I think that Rama is cleverer than Krishna.
- 38. It is generally true that where there is a will there is a way.
- 39. Hearing the news, I went to the hospital, which is not far away from my house, to discover the extent of his injuries.
- 40. It is only right that he will promote you sooner or later according as you please him or displease him.
- 41. The proverb says that as you sow, so you will reap.
- 42. Wherever you look you will see signs of industry, which speak well for the prosperity of the people.
- It is undeniable that the sight of a sword gives pleasure to a man like me, who has done much sword-play.
- 44. As they had been thoroughly well trained, they played the game at least as skilfully as anyone could have done.
- 45. His father was very grieved to receive the report that he was more idle and careless than the other boys in the school.



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when he opened it he found nothing but pearls.

Hundreds of men and women have travelled in space, some for a few



days and others for several months.

When I was in Sri Lanka in May last, I visited Milintale, which is regarded as the cradle of Buddhism.

Once, as an oarsman was rowing by himself without looking behind him, he met another boat and, being upset, crashed into

6. A dog, while running away with a piece of meat, passed some deep still water and, seeing there the reflected image of meat, he dropped the meat into the deep water and snatched in vain at the shadow.

Seeing a crow sitting on a tree with a piece of cheese in his mouth, a fox praised his singing, and the crow, pleased by the flattery, began to sing and as a result, he dropped the cheese.

8. When a lion, who was proud of his strength and despised the weakness of the mouse. was caught in a net and could not escape from it, he was set free by the exertions of the mouse.

Afraid of his barons, John, King of England, who did not care about liberty. signed a document called the Magna Carta at Runnymede on the Thames, not far from Windsor.

10. Running down the incline, the train attained great speed and, while turning a sharp curve at the bottom, it oscillated under the influence of the brakes and threw all the passengers into a panic.

Having managed to creep into a basket of corn, a half starved mouse rejoiced in his good fortune and fed greedily on the corn, but when he tried to get out of the basket, his body was too big to pass through the hole.

12. Venus and Mercury are nearer to the sun than the earth and, as they are very hot planets, it would not be possible for any life to survive on them.

A band of well-armed ruffians, some of whom were escaped convicts, entered a village at night, when the villagers were asleep, and stole their cattle.

While my fellow-traveller, who had a gun. was boasting of his bravery, a bear suddenly came behind a rock close in front of us and stood in our way, growling angrily.

Mungo Park, who was employed by the African Association, explored the interior regions of Africa and, the undertaking being hazardous, he suffered many distresses. which were often alleviated by the compassion of the negroes.

A lion, while drinking in a 16. clear pool, saw his stately mane reflected by the pool and greatly admired it; but being afterwards pursued by hunters with their guns through a thick wood, he found his mane useless and of no avail.

As it was not possible to disobey the king 17. who ordered me to go to a distant village, I set off for the village, where I was mortified to find no one willing to admit me into his house and, being regarded with astonishment and fear. I was obliged to sit the whole day without victuals while a tree protected me against the heat and the sun.

The wind rose and there were heavy rain clouds, so that the night was very threatening; and the wild beasts being numerous thereabout, to escape them it would have been necessary to climb a tree and sit among the branches.

The sun having set, I was preparing to pass 19. the night in a tree, when a negro woman, who was returning from the labour of the field, stopped to observe me and, perceiving my weariness and dejection, inquired into my situation; and when I briefly explained it to her, with a look of compassion she told me to follow her.

She conducted me to her hut and told me to 20. remain there for the night, and then, finding me hungry, she procured from outside a fine fish, caused it to be half-boiled upon some embers and gave it to me for supper.

He had made war on Saxony, set the Ro-21. man crown upon his head and become famous throughout the whole world, but his fame had not prevented his hair from becoming grey.

Being in his seventy-eighth year, having 22. been reduced to despondency by the disaster in Germany, travelling at an unhealthy time of year and having exposed himself imprudently to the night air, Augustus probably died a natural death and all the other particulars are quite opposed to poison theory.

23. We enjoy the remotest products of the north and south and are free from extremities of the weather and our eyes are refreshed with the green fields of Britain, while



which is not the least part of our happiness.

As he was treated very ungraciously by the court while being supported very enthusiastically by the people, it might be expected that he, being a man of haughty and vehement temper, would eagerly take the first opportunity of showing his power and gratifying his resentment.

our palates are refreshed with tropical fruits,

25. Bonaparte, a Corsican by birth, having distinguished himself at school, joined the republican army as a corporal to start with, and by his remarkable bravery and great mental powers he became the head of the army of Italy, conquered Egypt, set aside the republic and was proclaimed Emperor.

26. Having been full of years and honours, he is now gone to his final reward, and those honours were especially dear to his heart, as they were gratefully bestowed by his pupils and bound him to the interests of that school, where he had been educated and to whose service his whole life had been dedicated.

#### EXERCISE 101

1. came 2. continued 3. spoke 4. knows 5. could 6. could 7. will 8. may 9. was 10. could 11. was 12. might 13. could 14. can 15. began 16. left 17. heard 18. was 19. meet 20. proceed 21. entered 22. felt 23. preached 24. were 25. was 26. choose 27. dared 28. could 29. can 30. could 31. might 32. were/was 33. was 34. repent 35. may 36. come 37. limped 38. like 39. might 40. lie 41. can 42. might 43. works 44. would 45. tried 46. could 47. expected 48. asked 49. could

#### EXERCISE 102

- 1. might/could 2. might
- 3. may/can an 9. could
- 4. would
- 5. can
- 6. may/can

- 7. might 13. might
- 8. may/can 14. would
- 15. could
- 10. might
- 11. can 17- could
- 12. would

19. might/could 20. might/could 21. would

### EXERCISE 103

- 1. was 5. was
- 2. were
- 3. began
- 4. sounded

- 5. was 6. gave 8. were 9 had b
- 7. came/returned/got
- 9. had been/was 10. is





- He reminded me that he had often told me not to play with fire.
- The teacher remarked that they had all done it very badly.
- They wrote that it was time they had thought about settling the matter.
- The teacher promised that he would explain it if they would come before school the next day.
- She wrote that she was waiting and watching and longing for her son's return.
- 6. The examiner's orders were that no one was to bring books into the room nor ask him questions about what he had told them to do.

- The dwarf asked her to promise him that when she was Queen she would give him her first-born child.
- He said that it was his horse and 'that if he did not prove it in a few minutes he would give up his claim.
- He cried that he would avenge her/my wrongs and that he would not enter Athens until he punished the king who had so cruelly treated her/me.
- He wrote and said that he was unable to come just then because he was ill, but he would certainly start as soon as he was well enough to do so.
- One day he sent for Cassim and told him that he was then old enough to earn his living, so he had to set off and make his own way in the world.

## He asked her what she wanted.

- He asked how my (her/his) father was.
- He asked whether I (she/he) was going home with him.
- He enquired when I (she/he) intended to pay him.
- He asked us why we were all sitting about there doing nothing.
- The prince asked whether I (she/he/we/they) really came from China.
- 7. The poor man exclaimed whether none of them would help him.
- The young Rakshas asked which way she had gone.
- Aladdin asked the magician what he had done to deserve so severe a blow.
- I asked whether he (she/they) did not know the way home.
- He asked whether I (she/he) wrote a good 21. hand.
- The judge finally asked whether he (she) had anything to say on behalf of the prisoner.
- The boy enquired of his father which the proper way to answer the question was.

## EXERCISE 105

- 14. Ulysses asked the bird whether it had anything to tell him.
- The young sparrow asked its mother what that queer object was.
- Then aloud he asked the boy to tell him whether the miller was within.
- They asked who he was and what he wanted.
- 18. Stroking the bird's feathers, she asked affectionately whether it had come to comfort her in her sor-
- The Rajah was deeply grieved and asked his wife what he could do for her.
- 20. When the sun got low, the king's son asked Jack where they could lodge that night, since they had no money.
- 21. She asked him what was it that made him so much stronger and braver than any other man.
- When the Brahmin approached, the first thief asked why he carried a dog on his back and whether he was not ashamed.

### EXERCISE 106

- The swami asked the villagers to bring him a glass of milk.
- The teacher told the boys to sit down.
- 3. The officer shouted to his men to halt.
- 4. The King ordered the Hatter to take off his hat.
- 5. The teacher advised him not to read so fast.

- 6. He asked me to wait until he came.
- He told his servant to hurry up and not to waste time.
- 8. Their mother told the children to run away.
- He asked his daughter to take his golden jug and fetch him some water from the well.
- His master ordered him to go down to bazar and bring him some oil and a lump of ice.

- Mr. Squeers exclaimed with a sigh that milk was, to be sure, a very rare article in London.
- He angrily remarked that I (he/ she) was a very stupid fellow.
- He exclaimed sadly that he was ruined.
- He exclaimed sadly that their foes were too strong.
- 5. He remarked that I/he was a

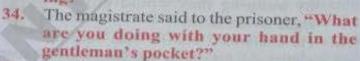
- very lazy boy and that I/he had done my/his work very badly.
- 6. They exclaimed that they had passed the holiday merrily.
- 7. He exclaimed that it was a nuisance.
- 8. He remarked that it was very cruel of him.
- He exclaimed that it was a great pity I (she/ he/they/we) had not come.
- The Queen exclaimed sadly that he had done a very rash and bloody deed.



#### EXERCISE 108

- He said to Rama, "Come with me."
- Rama replied, "I cannot do so,"
- "When will the next letter come?" he said to his father.
- "There may not be another this year," replied his father.
- Rama said to me, "What has become of Hari?"
- "I have not seen him for months," I said to
- The master said, "Please attend carefully to what I am saying."
- I wrote, "I shall visit him tomorrow,"
- 9. He observed, "I have never liked doing that."
- 10. "Be quiet" I said to them.
- "Have you anything to say?" 11. he said to me.
- 12. Rama said to Hari, "Will you change places with me?"
- "I am tired," he said. "I wish to go to bed." 13.
- An old mouse said, "Who will bell the cat?" 14.
- 15. John said, "I want to be a soldier".
- "Where are you going?" he said to me. 16.
- 17. "What do you want?" he said to me.
- 18. Abdul said, "I have seen this picture."
- 19. The boy said, "I shall come with you."
- 20. He said, "The earth moves round the sun."
- 21. The stranger said to Alice, "Where do you live?"
- 22. I said to Mary, "Will you lend me a pen-

- 23. He said to us, "I have waited an hour."
- 24. "Are you now quite well again?" the lady inquired.
- 25. He said, "I have come to see you."
- He said, "Even though I have come, it is 26. against my will."
- The speaker said, "It gives me great plea-27. sure to be here this evening."
- He said to them, "Will you listen to such 28. a man?"
- 29. He said to me, "Will you accompany me?"
- 30. He said to me, "Leave the room and do not return."
- 31. The mother said to her boy, "Where have you been all the afternoon?"
- 32. Hari said to Rama, "Have you read the letter?"
- 33. The King said to the philosopher, "Whom do you consider the happiest man living?"



- The fox cried out to the goat, "A thought 35. has just come into my head."
- 36. He said to his sons, "Do not quarrel among yourselves when I am dead. Remain united."
- The lion said to the fox, "I am very weak. 37. My teeth have fallen out. I have no appe-
- 38. He replied, "I have promised to reward my soldiers. I have kept my word."

- Jack asked his mother to cheer up, because
- he would go and get work somewhere. But the sea-god asked the prince not to be afraid and told him that he had taken pity on him and would help him.
- The child replied that he would not kneel, for if he did, he would spoil his new
- Alexander claimed that they were losing a good horse for want of skill and spirit to manage him.



- Telemachus replied that he could not drive away the mother, who had borne him and nourished him.
- The philosopher replied that no man must be called happy until he had ended his life in a fitting manner.
- The wolf asked the fox to yield himself as vanquished. If he did not, he (wolf) would certainly kill him.
- He said that he believed that they were in that country among a people whom they liked and who liked them.





9. He asked them to take that bird away. Its guilded cage reminded him of his father whom he had imprisoned.

The dealer told him that he had just one word to say to him. He must either make his purchase or walk out of his shop.

11. He thought that his hour had come and decided to meet death like a man.

Mentor asked him not to be cast down and 12. to remember whose son he was. All would be well with him.

Bhishma asked the boys to remember they were playing a game. If it was Arjuna's turn

he must have it.

The old man asked them to sit down and rest themselves there on the bench. He said that his good wife Baucis had gone to see what they could have for supper.

The man exclaimed that he (the other man) did not know what those beans were. He added that if they were planted over-night, by morning they would grow right up to the sky.

He exclaimed that he was very clever. All his life he had been talking prose

without knowing it.

She told her son that she was old and lonely and asked whether he had no pity on her loneliness. She asked him to stay with her, for he was yet more boy than man.

Goldsmith once said that he did not practise but made it a rule to prescribe only for his friends. Beauclerk, addressing him as dear doctor, asked him to alter the rule, and

prescribe only for his enemies.

He asked who he was to speak to him like that and added that he was the master. He further asked why he should help him, for it was his work, not his (the speaker's), to draw the cart.

20. The duke said that he could not hope to see those trees which he was planting come in perfection, but it was right for him to plant for the benefit of his successors.

The king asked them whether they were angry because they had lost their leader. He said that he was their king and that he would

be their leader.

An old Crab asked a young one why it walked so crooked and advised it to walk straight. The young Crab wanted its mother to show it the way.

The Deer asked the Jackal who he was. The 23 Jackal replied that he was Kshudrabuddhi the Jackal. He lived in that forest all by himself, he had neither friend nor relation.

One summer some elephants were very 24. much distressed by the heat and told their leader that they were absolutely perishing, for want of water. The smaller animals had bathing-places but they had none. They asked what they were to do and where they

were to go.

When the king saw him coming, he asked 25 who he was and what he wanted. The Rabbit replied that he was the ambassador from His Majesty Chandra-the Moon. The Elephant king asked him to declare his errand.

A young Rajah once asked his Vizier how 26. it was that he was so often ill. He took great care of himself; he never went out in the rain; he wore warm clothes; he ate good food. Yet he was always catching cold, or

getting fever.

He told his sons that a great treasure lay hidden in the estate he was about to leave them. The sons wanted to know where it was hidden. The old man said that he was about to tell them, but they must dig for it. 28. Lady Grizzel remarked that Becky spoke

French very well. Becky modestly said that she ought to know it as she had taught it in a school and her mother had been a French-

29. The soldier asked the witch what she was going to do with the tinder-box. She replied that it was no business of his. Since he had got his money, she demanded that he should give her her tinder-box.

Ulysses said that his name was Noman and 30. that his kindred and friends in his own coun-

try called him Noman. The Cyclops told him that this was the kindness he would show him: he would eat him last of all his friends.

Nelson told Hardy that he was 31. a dead man. He was going fast and it would be all over with him soon. He asked Hardy to go nearer to him and said that his dear Lady Hamilton should have his hair and all other things belonging to

32. He called the shoemaker a big blockhead, us he had done the reverse of what he had de sired him. He reminded the shopkeeper that

he had told him to make one of the shoes larger than the other, and, instead of that, he had made one of them smaller than the other.

- 13. The Raja told the jester that he could extend no other mercy to him except permitting him to choose what kind of death he wished to die. He ordered him to decide immediately, for the sentence must be carried out. The jester said that he admired his kindness and chose to die of old age.
- 34. Her mother told her that she must go straight to her grandmother's cottage and not loiter on the way. There was a wolf in the wood through which she was going; but if she kept to the road he would not do her any harm. She asked her to be a good girl and do as I told her.
- 35. Next morning at breakfast his wife told George that she thought she could tell what was amiss with their clock. He sharply asked what it was. His partner replied that it wanted winding up.
- 36. A fawn one day told her mother that she was bigger than a dog, and swifter and better winded, and she had horns to defend herself. How was it that she was so afraid of the hounds? Her mother smiled and said that she knew all that fully well; but no sooner did he hear a dog bark than, somehow or other, her heels took her off as fast as they could carry her.
- 37. A young mole told her mother that she could see. So her mother put a lump of frank incense before her, and asked her what it was. The young one replied that it was a stone. The mother exclaimed that not only did she not see, but she could not even smell.

38. The princess asked the woman what she was doing. She replied that she was spinning. The princess exclaimed that

it was very charming and wanted to try if she could spin also.

39. The judge asked the miser if the bag he had lost contained one hundred and ten pounds. The miser replied that it did. Then the judge concluded that as that one contained one hundred pounds it could not be his.

40. He answered slowly, asking his son sadly why he asked the one thing he could not grant him. His hands were too weak to rein those fiery beasts; he did not know the path.

Therefore, he asked his son to ask something else, anything but that.

- 41. The speaker declared that he entirely objected to the proposal. He objected to it as founded on a wrong principle and as highly inconvenient at that time. He questioned me that they had considered all that the proposal involved. He entreated them to be cautious.
- 42. Kausalya forbade her child Rama to desire to possess the moon, because it was thousands of miles off, and it was not a plaything for children and no child had ever got it. If he wished she would bring some jewels that were brighter than the moon, and he could play with them.
- 43. The hen bird was just about to lay, and she asked her mate whether he could find her some place convenient for laying her eggs. He asked whether that was not a very good place for the purpose. She answered that it was not, for it was continually overflowed by the tide. Then he asked in emotion whether he had become so feeble that the eggs laid in his house were to be carried away by the sea. The hen bird laughed and said that there was some considerable difference between him and the sea.
- 44. A cat, hearing that a hen was laid up sick in her nest, paid her a visit of condolence, and creeping up to her, asked how she was, what he could do for her and what she was in want of. He asked her to tell him whether there was anything in the world that he could bring her. He advised her to keep us her spirits and not to be alarmed. The hen thanked him and asked him to be good enough to leave her. She told him that she had no fear but she would soon be well.
- 15. He asked the child not to fret, for he could make her happier there than ever she could have been on the earth. He would give her beautiful things to play with, which a queen would envy. He promised that rubies and diamonds would be her toys, and her plates would be of solid gold. All the beautiful things she saw belonged to him, for he was the king of that rich underworld. But she only replied that she had been happy playing with the pebbles on the seashore, and she cared only for the sparkle of the little waves on the shining sand. Saying that there were no flowers, no sun there, she wept anew.

# KEY TO HIGH SCHOOL GRAMMAR & COMPOSITION

## EXERCISE 110

6. was 5. has was 3. were/are 4. 14. is 15. cats 13. was 11. was 12. was/is is/was 10. 18. is 19. is 20. is

## EXERCISE III

5. who/whom 6. who/whom 7. whom 8. who 2. who 3. who/whom 4. who 1. who 2. who 3. who/who 12. whom 13. Whom/who 14. Whom/who 15. who

16. whom 17. who 18. whom 19. whom

## EXERCISE 112

Where is your luggage? 1.

What beautiful scenery " rice 2.

Can you give me some advice (or : a piece of advice)?



He has eaten two pieces/loaves of bread.

7. 15

I have some important work to do (or : an important piece of work to do).

8. have 9. has

17. are

16. is

What awful weather!

#### XERCISE 113

1. have (Subject is plural) 2. has (Subject is singular) 3. come (Subject is plural) 4. kill (Subject is plural) 5. were (subject is plural) 6. are (Subject is plural) 7. were (Subject is plural) 8. prevents (Subject is singular) 9, tend, themselves (Subject/Antecedent is plural)

#### EXERCISE 114

1. him 2. me 3. me 4. we 5. I 6. me

#### EXERCISE 115

- 1. As he was condemned to death the scaffold was erected for his execution.
- Born in Surat, he received a part of his education in Mumbai.
- Observing the house on fire, they sent for the en-
- As it was a wet day, I wore my mackintosh.

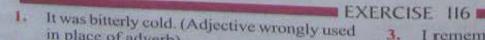
in place of adverb)

negative)

- Having gone to bed very late, I was waken by the sun at about nine o'clock.
- Referring to your esteemed inquiry, we state that the prices of the articles are as follows.
- If one stands on the top of the hill, the eye roams over a beautiful landscape.
- Having failed in the first attempt, he/she/I 8. made no further attempts.
- Bearing this in mind, we will find no particular difficulty.
- 10. Travelling from Karjat to Khandala, one finds the line most beautifully laid.
- As I was his sole companion, he naturally addressed himself to me.

I couldn't help laughing at the joke. (Double

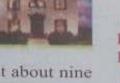
- While we were crossing the 12. channel, a heavy storm arose.
- Hoping to hear from you, I 13. remain yours sincerely.
- When we called upon him vesterday, he subscribed a handsome sum to the Famine Relief Fund.
- Going up the hill, we saw an old temple 15.
- Resting in cool shelter, we beguiled the 16.
- hours with desultory talk. Information having been obtained, he was 17. arrested for complicity in the plot (or : having obtained information, the police arrested
- him for complicity in the plot.) As we were weary with travelling, the destination seemed a hundred miles
- away. When I met my friend in the 19. park, he told me all the news.
- When we/I entered the room. 20. the light was quite dazzling.



I remember never to have seen a more excited football match. ('never' misplaced)

This novel is very interesting. ('100' misused)



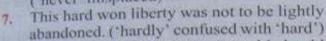






I haven't got any money, I have got no money. (Double negatives destroy each other.)

My friend said he remembered having never read a more enjoyable book. ('never' misplaced)



8. I am very glad to see you. ('much' should not be used with adjectives)

No one can write as neatly as he does. (Adjective wrongly used in place of adverb)

10. I cannot by any means (or : I can by no means) allow you to do so. (Double negative)

The flowers smell sweet. (quality of the subject, rather than of the action of the verb, is expressed)

I don't know anything (or : I know nothing) whatever of the matter, (Double nega-

tive)

### EXERCISE 117

For sale, a piano with carved legs, the property of a musician.

In a fit of peevish vexation, he tore up the tender letter which his mother had written him.



With thankful good humour the captain took the things which the gods provided.

Sometimes you will see an alligator eight feet long lying on the bank in sunshine.

All the day long, all the courtiers told the Queen how beautiful she was.

With her lap full of newspapers, Mrs. Jeremy Doud was sitting with her husband on the steps of the hotel, when Amy amd Dulce came up.

7. The man who utters such threats ought to be brought before a magistrate.

8. In his holidays he visited the battlefield where Napolean was defeated.

9. With a gun he killed the sparrow which was eating some crumbs.

No magnanimous victor would so cruelty 10.

treat those whom the fortunes of war had put in his

The constable said that the 11. prisoner, full of rage and fury, seizing a bolster, had knocked the prosecutor down.

A nurse maid, about twenty years old, is 12. wanted for a baby.

With a swollen leg I spent the last three days of my holiday in a chair.

14. This monument has been erected, as a mark of affection, to the memory of John Brown who was accidentally shot by his brother.

150 In thirty-seven wrecks, fortunately only five lives were lost.

The following verses were written, for his own amusement, by a young man who has long since been dead.

17. Owing to lack of fuel, many works must close if the strike lasts over the weekend.

18. In the long room at 4 o'clock, there will be a meeting of all boys who play cricket and football.

### EXERCISE 118

With but little modification these acts were pushed through Parliament in spite of opposition.

The beaux, as well as women, of that day painted their faces.

Riding across the field of battle, he saw countless number of the dead.

4. They work only when they have money.

5. With a frown on his face, he refused to relieve the beggar.

His body was found floating lifeless on the water, by a fisherman, at a short distance from where the boat was upset.

He was very fond of her, more than once he thought of marrying her.

It is proposed to construct a bath 99 feet long for males.

One day the bird did not perform to his satisfaction. certain tricks which he had taught it.

10. I have lately received from the author's son permission to print the following tale.

11. In a motor-car they left the hotel where they had been staying.





Let

You are

a foot

# 104 KEY TO HIGH SCHOOL GRAMMAR & COMPOSITION

- The Board of Education has resolved to erect a building, three storeys high, large enough to accommodate 500 students.
- 13. With absolute contempt he spoke of the notion that the national debt might be repudiated.
- 14. One of the combatants was unhurt, and the other sustained in the arm a wound of no importance.
- 15. Girl of nice manners and appearance, wanted for telephone.
- 16. He repeated the whole poem with perfect accuracy after he had read it only once.

- Very fortunately, he was shot without effect by a secretary under notice to quit, with whom he was finding fault.
- 18. A clever judge would see a great deal better than a stupid jury, whether a witness was deliberately lying.
- I was impressed rather by the manner of the orator than by his matter.
- He was driving away in a coach and six from the church where he has been married.
- Stories, which are of an entirely fictitious character, have often been related of these animals.

### EXERCISE 119

- 1. The necessity of amusement made me a carpenter, a birdcager,
- a gardener.
  Speak clearly, if you would be understood.
- 3. Even a fool, when he holdeth his peace, is counted wise.
- When we had dined, to prevent the ladies leaving us, I generally ordered the table to be removed.
- My orchard was often robbed by schoolboys, and my wife's custards plundered by the cats.
- Whenever I approached a peasants's house towards nightfall, I played one of my most merry tunes.
- By conscience and courage, by deeds of devotion and daring, he soon commended himself to his fellows and his officers.
- Wealth may seek us, but wisdom must be sought.
- 9. Beware lest thou be led into temptation.
- Brazil, which is nearly as large as the whole of Europe, is covered with a vegetation of incredible profusion.
- We judge ourselves by what we feel capable of doing, while others judge us by what we have already done.
- 12. Some are born great, some achieve greatness, and some have greatness thrust upon them.
- I, therefore, walked back by the horseway, which was five miles round.

- Read not to contradict nor to believe, but to weigh and consider.
- The leaves, as we shall see immediately, are the feeders of the plant.
- A public speaker should be cool, collected and precise.
- 17. Sir, I would rather be right than be President.
- 18. In fact, there was nothing else to do.
- At midnight, however, I was aroused by the tramp of horses' hoofs in the yard.
- Spenser, the great English poet, lived in the time of Oueen Elizabeth.
- 21. One of the favourite themes of boasting with the Squire is the noble trees on his estate, which, in truth, has some of the finest that I have seen in England.
- 22. When he was a boy. Franklin, who afterwards became a distinguished statesman and philosopher, learned his trade in the printing office of his brother, who published a paper in Boston.
- 23. We had in this village, some twenty years ago, an idiot boy, whom I well remember, who from a child showed strong propensity for bees.
- 24. Margaret, the eldest of the four, was sixteen and very pretty, being plump and fair, with large eyes, plenty of soft, brown hair, a sweet mouth and white hands, of which she was rather vain.
- 25. A letter from a young lady, written in the most passionate terms, wherein she laments the misfortune of a gentleman, her lover, who was lately wounded in a duel, has turned my thoughts to that subject and inclined me to examine into the causes which precipitate men into so fatal a folly-

### EXERCISE 120 =

- In the old Persian stories Turan, the land of darkness, is opposed to Iran, the land of light.
- History, it has been said, is the essence of innumerable biographies.
- 3. Attention, application, accuracy, method, punctuality and dispatch are the principal qualities required for the

qualities required for the efficient conduct of business of any sort.

- When I was in Delhi, I visited the Red Fort, Qutab Minar, Raj Ghat, India Gate and Chandni Chowk.
- He was now in vigour of his days, forty-three years of age, stately in person, noble in his demeanour, calm and dignified in his deportment.
- Your wife would give you little thanks, if she were present to hear you make this offer.

- 7. A high-bred man never forgets himself, controls his temper, does nothing in excess, is courteous, dignified, and that even to persons whom he is wishing far away.
- All that I am, all that I hope to be, I owe to my angel mother.
- We all, or nearly all, fail to last our "lease" owing to accidents, violent and avoidable as well as unavoidable disease.
- Nuclear bomb testing fills the air with radioactive dust and leaves many areas uninhabitable for centuries.
- 11. In a strict and legal sense, that is properly the domicile of a person where he has his true, fixed, permanent home and principal establishment and to which, whenever he is absent, he has the intention of returning.

### EXERCISE 121

- As Caesar loved me, I wept for him; as he was fortunate I rejoice at it; as he was valiant, I honour him; but as he was ambitious, I slew him.
- 2. The shepherd, finding his flock destroyed, exclaimed, "I have been rightly served! Why did I trust my sheep to a wolf?"
- 3. However strange, however grotesque, may be the appearance which Dante undertakes to describe, he never shrinks from describing it; he gives us the shape, the colour, the sound, the smell, the taste.
- "Perhaps," cried he, "there may be such monsters as you describe!"
- 5. Sancho ran as fast as his ass could go, to help his master, whom he found lying and not able to stir. Such a blow he and Rozinante had received. "Mercy on me!" cried Sancho. "Did I not give your worship fair warning? Did I not tell you they were windmills and that nobody could think otherwise unless he had also windmills in his head?"
- Modern ideas of government date back to the 1600s, when, for the first time, people

began to question a king's right to rule, once thought to be Godgiven.

When I look upon to the tombs of the great, every emotion of envy dies in me; when I read



the epitaphs of the beautiful, every inordinate desire goes out; when I meet with the grief of parents upon a tombstone, my heart melts with compassion; when I see the tomb of the parents themselves, I consider the vanity of grieving for those whom we must quickly follow.

- 8. They had played together in infancy; they had worked together in manhood; they were now tottering about and gossiping away the evening of life; and in a short time they will probably be buried together in the neighbouring churchyard.
- "Take away that bauble," said Cromwell, pointing to the mace which lay upon the table. And when the House was empty, he went out with the key in his pocket.
- 10. One day, walking together up a hill, I said to Friday, "Do you not wish yourself to be in your own country again!" "Yes", he said.

You are

a foot

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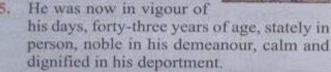
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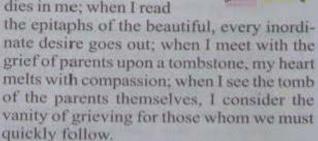
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- As Caesar loved me, I wept for him; as he was fortunate I rejoice at it; as he was valiant, I honour him; but as he was ambitious, I slew him.
- 2. The shepherd, finding his flock destroyed, exclaimed, "I have been rightly served! Why did I trust my sheep to a wolf?"
- 3. However strange, however grotesque, may be the appearance which Dante undertakes to describe, he never shrinks from describing it; he gives us the shape, the colour, the sound, the smell, the taste.
- 4. "Perhaps," cried hc. "there may be such monsters as you describe!"
- 5. Sancho ran as fast as his ass could go, to help his master, whom he found lying and not able to stir. Such a blow he and Rozinante had received. "Mercy on me!" cried Sancho. "Did I not give your worship fair warning? Did I not tell you they were windmills and that nobody could think otherwise unless he had also windmills in his head?"
- Modern ideas of government date back to the 1600s, when, for the first time, people

began to question a king's right to rule, once thought to be Godgiven.

 When I look upon to the tombs of the great, every emotion of envy dies in me; when I read



8. They had played together in infancy; they had worked together in manhood; they were now tottering about and gossiping away the evening of life; and in a short time they will probably be buried together in the neighbouring churchyard.

 "Take away that bauble," said Cromwell, pointing to the mace which lay upon the table. And when the House was empty, he went out with the key in his pocket.

 One day, walking together up a hill, I said to Friday, "Do you not wish yourself to be in your own country again!" "Yes", he said.



### 106

### KEY TO HIGH SCHOOL GRAMMAR & COMPOSITION

"What would you do there?" said I, "Would you turn wild and eat men's flesh again?" He looked full of concern and, shaking his head, said, "No!"

When a great office is vacant, either by HL. death or disgrace, which often happens, five or six of these candidates petition the Emperor to entertain His Majesty and the court with a dance on the rope; and whosoever jumps the highest without falling, succeeds

to the office.

- That familiarity produces neglect has been long observed. The effect of all external objects, however great or splendid, ceases with their novelty. The courtier stands without emotion in the royal presence; the rustic tramples under his foot the beauties of the spring, with little attention to their colours or their fragrance; and the inhabitant of the coast darts his eye upon the immense diffusion of water without awe, wonder or terror.
- If you look about you and consider the lives of others as well as your own, if you think how few are born with honour and how many die without name or children, how little beauty we see and how few friends 18. we hear of, how many diseases and how much poverty there is in the world, you will fall down upon knees and, instead of repining at one affliction, will admire so many blessings which you have received from the

hand of God.

We thank Thee for the place in which we 14. dwell, for the love that unites us, for the peace accorded us this day, for the hope with which we expect the morrow, for the health, the work, the food and the bright skies that make our life delightful, for our friends in all parts of the earth.

Androcles, who had no arms of any kind, 15. now gave himself up for lost. "What shall I do?" said he. "I have no spear or sword; no, not so much as a stick to defend myself

with."

"My quaint Ariel," said Prospero to the little 16. sprite, when he made him free, "I shall miss you. Yet you shall have your freedom." "Thank you, my dear master," said Ariel. "But give me leave to attend your ship home with prosperous gales, before you bid farewell to the assistance of your faithful spirit."

17. "O master!" exclaimed Ananda, weeping bitterly, "and is all the work undone, and all by my fault and folly?" "That which is built on fraud and imposture can by no means endure," re-

turned Buddha.

"Wretch!" said the king. "What harm did I do thee that thou shouldst seek to take my life with your own hand?" "You killed my father and my two brothers," was the reply.

#### EXERCISE 122

Nothing is so easy and inviting as the retort of abuse and sarcasm, but it is a paltry and an unprofitable contest.

Think how mysterious and often unaccountable it is that lottery of life, which gives to this man the purple and the fine linen and sends to the other rags for garments and dogs for comforters!

The human mind is never stationary; it advances or it retrogrades.

The laws of most countries today are split into two kinds: criminal law and civil law.

Islam is one of the world's largest religions with an estimated 1100-1300 million believers. It was founded in the 7th century by Prophet Mohammed.



There is a slavery that no legislation can abolish: the slavery of easte.

Truly, a popular error has as many lives as a cat: it comes walking in, long after you have imagined it effectually strangled.

So far from science being irreligious, as 8. many think, it is the neglect of science that is irreligious: it is the refusal to study the surrounding creation that is irreligious.

None of Telleyrand's mots is more famous than this: 'Speech was given to man to con-

ceal his thoughts'.

There is only one cure for the evils which 10. newly acquired freedom produces, and that cure is freedom.

If you read ten pages of a good book letter 11. by letter, that is to say, with real accuracy, you are for evermore, in some measure, an educated person.

newspaper—Noun+Noun
football—Noun+Noun
moonstruck—Noun+Participle
turncoat—Verb+Noun
brand-new—Noun+Adjective
jet-black—Noun+Adjective
onlooker—Adverb+Noun
stronghold—Adjective+Noun
stronghold—Noun+Adjective
worldly-wise—Adjective+Adjective
life-le

race-horse—Noun+Noun
car-ring—Noun+Noun
cooking-stove—Gerund+Noun
over-dose—Adverb+Noun
fire-proof—Noun+Noun
top-heavy—Noun+Adjective
heaven-born—Noun+Participle
skin-deep—Noun+Adjective
wide-spread—Adjective+Participle
snake-charmer—Noun+Noun
life-long—Noun+Adjective
upland—Adverb+Noun

### EXERCISE 124

(a) super-above...superstructure, superfluous, superscribe
trans-across...transmit, tranship, transatlantic
c o n = w i t h, together...concentrate, collect, combine
sub-under...subdue, submarine, subway
auto-self...autobiography, autograph, autocrat
mis-bad, badly...misconduct, misbehave.

tempest-tossed—Noun+Participle

mis-bad, badly...misconduct, misbehave, mismanage ante-before...anteroom, antechapel, antediluvian

post-after...post-diluvian, post-mortem, postscript

vice-in the place of...vice-president, vicechancellor, vice-principal

extra-outside, beyond ... extraordinary, extra-troical, extra-territorial

pre-before...prefix, pre-arrange, pre-Shakespearean

arch= chief...archbishop, arch-enemy, arch-liar

(b) -en wooden, woollen, leaden, earthern,

-ish : boyish, girlish, childish, brutish, foolish -less : faithless, pitiless, merciless, hopeless, senseless

(e) a little river—rivulet
the state of being a
child—childhood
to make fat—fatten
which cannot be read—illegible



(d) incredible—in=not
antidote—anti=against
anarchy—an=without
misconduct—mis=wrong
monarch—mona=single, alone
sympathy—sym=with
manhood—hood=state, condition
hillock—ock=small
archbishop—arch=chief
amiss—a=without
bicycle—bi=two
dismantle—dis=apart
freshen—en=make (causative)

unfit to be chosen incligible

(e) circumstance—circumstantial habit—habitual stone—stony miser—miserly irony—ironical labour—laborious circuit—circuitous

friend—befriend
bath—bathe
fertile—fertilize
grass—graze
clean—clean, cleanse
sweet—sweeten
critic—criticise

(g) sustain—sustenance
attain—attainment
confess—confession
attach—attachment
fortify—fortification
oblige—obligation
give—gift
cruel—cruelty
govern—government





#### KEY TO HIGH SCHOOL GRAMMAR & COMPOSITION 108

- sweet-sweetness muscle-muscular (b) hazard hazardous worth-worthy quarrel-quarrelsome admire-admirable thirst-thirsty god-godly
- fortune misfortune (1) legible-illegible visible—invisible agreeable—disagreeable ever-never fortunate—unfortunate practicable-impracticable honour-dishonour patience-impatience sense-nonsense truth—untruth resolute-irresolute legal-illegal capable-incapable

organize-disorganise



creditable increditable in- = not (Latin) (1) bene- = well (Latin) post- = after (Latin) dys-badly (Greek) dis=apart (Latin) hale=heal

credible-incredible

(1) glass=glaze high=height sit-scat dig-ditch strong-strength deep-depth (m)

grand-grandeur discreet-discretion supreme-supremacy rival-rivalry certain-certainly warm-warmth desolate-desolation dense-density





### EXERCISE 125

1. Epigram 2. Irony 3. Apostrophe 4. Personification 5. Epigram 6. Interrogation 7. Synecdoche 8. Climax 9. Exclamation 10. Epigram 11. Interrogation 12. Antithesis 13. Litotes 14. Metonymy 15. Irony 16. Oxymoron 17. Apostrophe 18. Interrogation 19. Simile 20. Hyperbole 21. Synecdoche 22. Paradox 23. Epigram 24. Personification; Transferred Epithet 25. Metaphor 26. Epigram 27. Interrogation 28. Apostrophe 29. Antithesis 30. Irony 31. Climax 32. Simile 33. Synecdoche 34. Hyperbole 35. Metaphor 36. Epigram 37. Synecdoche 38. Apostrophe 39. Epigram 40. Apostrophe 41. Antithesis 42. Antithesis 43. Simile 44. Personification 45. Antithesis 46. Simile 47. Pun 48. Apostrophe 49. Personification 50. Simile 51. Simile 52. Epigram 53. Metonymy 54. Apostrophe 55. Hyperbole 56. Anticlimax 57. Oxymoron 58. Antithesis 59. Epigram 60. Epigram.

### Pattern 1

### Subject

1. Fishes

2. Dogs

It

The sun

5.

### Pattern 2

Subject+Verb

1. My father is

She looks

### Verb

SWIIII. bark.



is raining is shining.

agree.

### Subject Complement a doctor.

ill.

### EXERCISE 126

Isn't it

Is this pen

54 It was

### beautiful? vours?

### Pattern 3

### Subject+Verb

1. I have lost

2. He knows

3. Close

4. My uncle built

5. I borrowed

## dark.





my purse.

me.

the window

a house.

his scooter.



### 109

### Pattern 4 Subject+Verb

	and the second			
	COMP.		900	

- His father promises 2
- Please pass 37
- Shall I tell 4
- I wished

#### Indirect Object

us him

me vou him

### Direct Object

physics. a present. the salt. a story? a happy trip.



### Pattern 5

S	u	b	Ì	2	e	t	Ŧ	٧	e	r	b	
						٠.				-		

- He bought Lowe 2.
- Thank 3. The fisherman 4. saved
- I must remind 5

### Direct Object Preposition Prepositional Object

a watch for sixty rupees for

from her him about

his wife. my tailor. your help.

drowning.

#### Pattern 6

#### Subject+Verb

- He painted
- The boy made
- 3. I found
- She thumped 4.
- 5. The noise drove

#### Noun/Pronoun

the car his clothes the tin the cushion

her

### Adjective

blue. dirty. empty flat. mad.



#### Pattern 7

### Subject+Verb

- L He believes
- 2. Look
- 3. I will arrange
- 4. The police succeeded
- 5. The price depends

### Preposition

in at for in on

### Prepositional Object

ghosts that picture. transport. catching the thief. the quality.

#### Pattern 8

### Subject+Verb

- 1. I would like
- 2. He wants
- 3. I forgot
- 4. We expected
- 5. My uncle intends

### to-infinitive (as object of the verb)

to see the film.

to talk to you.

to do my homework. to win the match.

to buy a car.



### Pattern 9

### Subject+Verb

- 1. She wanted
- They asked
- 3. He didn't allow
- My friends encouraged
- His father intended

### me to help her.

him to resign.

him

### Noun/Pronoun to-infinitive, etc.

us to go out.

me to compete in the race.

to study for the Bar.

### Pattern 10

### Subject+Verb

- Lenjoy
- He has stopped
- He likes
- She avoids
- They began

### Gerund, etc.

playing.

swimming. speaking. playing video games. meeting him.



#### Pattern 11

#### Subject+Verb

- We saw 1.
- 1 heard
- He found
- 4. I felt
- She noticed

### Pattern 12

### Subject+Verb

- We saw
- I heard
- She watched 3.
- The doctor made 4
- 5. I felt

### Pattern 13

### Subject+Verb

- We found 1.
- 2. Lgot
- She had
- He wanted 4.
- You must make 5

#### Pattern 14

### Subject+Verb

- I thought
- We supposed
- The teacher appointed 3.
- 4. They chose
- The jury found

#### Pattern 15

### Subject+Verb

- We thought
- 2. Texpected
- 3. He suggested
- 4. She says
- The maid admitted

#### Pattern 16

#### Subject+Verb

- 1. Father told
- 2. He promised
- I warned
- Remind
- We informed

### Pattern 17

#### Subject+Verb

- Lasked
- We don't know 2.
- 3. 1 wonder
- 4. Please say
- 5. Can you suggest

### Noun/Pronoun

him somebody Gopal someone the boy

### Noun/Pronoun

him somebody him me the mosquito

### Noun/Pronoun

vour name my coat her car the speech vourself

### Present Participle

opening the box. laughing. betting on horses moving behind me. going out.

### Plain Infinitive

open the box. laugh light fire. take the medicine. bite me.

### Past Participle

crossed out. pressed. repaired. typed. respected



#### Noun/Pronoun

him. him this boy him her-

### (to be) complement

(to be) honest. (to be) a bachelor. monitor leader. guilty.

#### that-clause

(that) he had left already.

(that) you would get a first class. (that) I should marry Kamala.

(that) she is very busy.

(that) she had stolen the watch.



#### Noun/Pronoun

me 1135 her the manager

#### that-clause

that he would be back at six. that he would cooperate. that she shouldn't go alone that the meeting is on Tuesday. that we were willing to work overtime.

#### Interrogative+clause

why he was late. where he has gone. whether he will attend the party. what you want. whom I should meet?



### Pattern 18

### Subject+Verb

- Tasked
- Please show
- Please advise
- Can you inform
- 5. They told

### Pattern 19

### Subject+Verb

- 2. I don't know
- He forgot
- 4. I don't see

#### Pattern 20

### Subject+Verb

- He showed
- Please advise
- 3 Teil
- 4. I have taught

#### Nonn/Pronoun

him me

US .

us

### Interrogative+clause

where he had been. how I should do it. what we should do where he is staying. how well you played.

### Interrogative+to-infinitive

We must enquire how to get there. what to look for.

where to turn off the main road.

how to stop him. She didn't know which to buy.



### Noun/Pronoun

me us

### Conjunctive-to-infinitive

how to do it. which one to buy. where to find a good hotel.

how to swim. how to put it.

### EXERCISE 127

1. isn't it? 2. don't you? 3. won't he? 4. mustn't we (or needn't we?) 5. won't he? 6. isn't he? 7. don't you? 8. did I ? 9. are you? 10. haven't they? 11. need I ? 12. is it? 13. has he? 14. won't they? 15. did he?

### EXERCISE 128

- (a) Yes, I can.
- 2. (a) Yes, I do.
- 3. (a) Yes, Lam.
- 4 (a) Yes, it is.
- 50 (a) Yes, you are.
- 6. (a) Yes, he does
- 7. (a) Yes, I did
- 8. (a) Yes, they will
- 9. (a) Yes, he is.
- (a) Yes, he has.

- (b) No. I can't.
- (6) No. I don't.
- (b) No. I'm not.
- (b) No. it isn't.
- (b) No, you aren't.
- (b) No, he doesn't (b) No. 1 didn't.
- (b) No, they won't
- (b) No, he isn't. No, he hasn't. (b)

### 129 EXERCISE

- 1. 1. Yes,/Of course they do.
  - 3. Yes/So/Of course she did.
  - 5. Yes,/So/Of course he does.
- II. 1. No, he doesn't.
  - 3. No, he doesn't.
  - 5. No, he can't.
- III. I. No/Oh no, he didn't.
  - 3. But I haven't.
- 5. But he isn't.
- IV. 1. (Oh) yes /(Oh) but I can.
  - 3. (Oh) yes/(Oh) but he is.

- Yes,/So/Of course he has.
- 4 Yes,/So/Of course they are.
- Yes,/So/Of course he has.
- Z No, I haven't.
- No, she didn't.
- 6. No, he didn't.
- No/Oh no, she hasn't.
- No/Oh no, he won't.
- No/Oh no, I am not.
- 2. (Oh) yes /(Oh) but she does. 4. (Oh) yes/(Oh) but she will.
- (Oh) yes/(Oh) but you are. 6. (Oh) yes/(Oh) but you do.





#### KEY TO HIGH SCHOOL GRAMMAR & COMPOSITION 112

### EXERCISE 130

- So did Gopi. 4. 1.
  - So were bananas.
  - So can his wife.
- 11. 1. Nor/Neither does my wife.
  - Nor/Neither does that. 3.
  - Nor/Neither does her husband.
- But I can't. IH. I.
  - But my friend didn't . 2.
  - 3. But I can't.
- But my wife does. IV. I.
  - But we will. 3.
  - But she did. 5

- 2. So does his sister.
- 4. So has my brother.
- 6. So must you.
- 2. Nor/Neither could L.
- 4. Nor/Neither was Wednesday's.
- Nor/Neither did I.
- But she doesn't.
- 5. But his brother doesn't.
- 6. But English isn't.
- 2. But I do.
- 4. But others did.
- 6. But my friend did.

### EXERCISE 131

#### (1) There+be

- There was 1.
- 2: There is
- There won't be 3.
- 4. There is
- There isn't 5.

### Subject, etc.

nobody in the house. somebody to see you.

enough time.

a map on page 12.

much sugar in the tin.



#### (2) Subject+Verb Adjective (expressing to-infinitive, etc. emotion or desire)

- Lam
- 2. He is
- 3. He is
- 45 We were
- 5. She is

- delighted
  - eager
  - afraid
  - SOLLY
- content

to see you. He's not

to please the manager to speak in public.

not to see you at the

meeting.

to live in the village.

### (3) It+be

- 1 It was unwise
- 2 It has been
- 3. It was
- 4
- It is
- 5. It was

### (4) Subject+Verb

- E. English is
- 2. This horse is
- 3. This poem is
- 4. Your question is
- 5. Our manager is

#### Adjective oftnoun/

### pronoun

- of him
- of you kind
- of her careless
- wicked of him
- foolish of me

### easy, difficult, etc.

- easy
  - hard
  - difficult impossible
  - hard

### to infinitive,

### etc.

reading.

- to accept the offer.
- to lend me you scooter.
- to do so.
- to behave like that.
- to believe him.



### to-infinitive

- to learn.
- to control.
- to understand.
- to answer.
- to please.



(45)		
1000	200.00	
	11-5-716	
	E3-7; 24-7/1	

It is It will be 2.

It is 3.

It would be 4.

It is

### Adjective

easy difficult bad hard

pleasant

### to-infinitive, etc.

to learn English. to reach the place. to bet on horses.

to please him. to work in this room.

#### (6) H+be...

It's no use 1.

It's no good 2.

It was no good 3.

It will be worthwhile 4

It is foolish

### Gerundial Phrase

applying for the post. meeting him. accepting the offer. visiting the museum. behaving like that.



### (7)

It+be

It is E It is

It is

It is

It is

### Adjective/Noun

probable surprising

doubtful a pity a mystery

### Noun Clause

that he will arrive tonight. that he should have failed the examination. whether she will agree to it. that they missed the train. how he escaped.

### (8)

(9)

### It+tnke...

£. It took us

2. It will take you

3. It took her

4. It has taken me

5. It may take him

### Time Phrase

two hours ten minutes

three months

two years. a week

### to-infinitive, etc.

to reach the place.

to walk to the post office.

to learn dancing.

to write the book.

to finish the work.

### Subject+Verb

1. He is

2. The tea is

3. They were

4. I was

5. The thief ran

### too+Adjective Adverb

too old too hot

too tired

too busy too fast

### to-infinitive etc.

to walk.

to drink.

to walk any farther.

to attend the meeting.

to be caught.

### (10)

## Subject+Verb

I. He is

2. You are

3. This novel is 4. The child is

5. I drove

### Adjectivel/Adverb to-infinitive, etc. tenough

rich enough tall enough short enough old enough

fast enough

to buy a car to reach the picture. to be read in two hours to go to school.



### THECOMPANYBOY.COM

to overtake him.

## KEY TO HIGH SCHOOL GRAMMAR & COMPOSITION 114

### (11)

### Subject+Verb

- L. It was
- 2. He walked
- 3. The box is
- 4. He was hit
- She was

### so+Adjective/ Adverb

- so cold
- so fast so heavy
- so hard
- so clever

### that-clause

that we cancelled the match. that I couldn't overtake him. that he cannot carry it. that he fell to the ground. that they couldn't deceive her.

### (12)

### (i) What+(Adjective+) Noun

- What a wonderful memory
- What a silly idea!
- What a lovely song
- 4. What pretty eyes
- What an ass

### (ii) How+Adjective/Adverb

- 1. How lovely
- 2. How pretty
- 3. How beautifully
- 4. How terrible
- 5. How wonderful



### If-clause (Simple Present)

- 1. If you telephone him
- 2. If you eat it
- 3. If you run
- 4. If you come late
- If it is hot

(14)

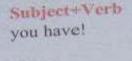
### If-cinese (Simple Past)

- L If you telephoned him
- 2. If you took a taxi
- 3. If I were in your place
- 4. If you didn't obey traffic rules
- 5. If I had the money

(15)

### If-clause (Past Perfect)

- 1. If you had telephoned him
- 2. If you had run
- 3. If the driver had been careful
- 4. If he had taken the doctor's advice.
- 5. If I had not been busy



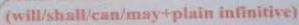
(it is)! she has! he is!

Subject+Verb

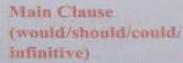
the music is ! the eyes are ! he writes! the noise is !

your memory is !

Main Clause



he will come. you may be ill. you can catch the bus. you will be punished. we shall stay indoors.



he would come you could overtake hit I would not agree to it you might be put injail I would buy a car.

### Main Clause (would/should/could/might+perfect infinitive)

he would have come. you could have caught him up. the accident would not have happened. he would not have died. I would have met him.







### PARAGRAPH WRITING

### EXERCISE 132 =

### 1. A Rainy Day

It was the first of May. Nobody had expected it to be a wet day. When I woke, it was so dark that I thought the night had not yet passed. In the meanwhile I heard the clock strike seven. I soon got up. No sooner did I come out than it began to rain hard. The rain poured continuously for four hours, and the streets were flooded. For the past fortnight it had been intolerably hot, so the rain was a blessing to us. Who would not welcome a rainy day in the midst of scorehing summer?

### 2. A Walk

Last Sunday, a friend of mine proposed that we should go to the seaside. I readily agreed. We could have easily gone on bicycles along the road. But we did not like to miss the romance and the beauty of the cross-country route. We proceeded on foot. In a few minutes we found ourselves in the company of nature. It was very pleasant indeed walking in the

country. We were captivated by the sweetness and screnity of nature. We wished we had not reached the seaside so soon. Fortunately, while returning we lost our way in the woods, and we have to walk nearly double the distance. There was a joyous mystery in roaming about in the woodland. Never had I felt such thrill of pleasure before.

#### 3. The Cow

The cow is a very useful animal. She is very meek and gentle. She lives mainly on grass. In India she is looked on as a sacred creature and worshipped. She gives us milk, which forms an important part of our food. Her milk is the only food for children who are not breast-fed, and to them she is a second mother. She deserves our gratitude and kind treatment.

### 17. The Elephani

The elephant is the largest, as well as the strongest, of all animals. It lives on grass, leaves and roots. It is a strange-looking animal. Its peculiar feature is the trunk, which it puts to various uses. It draws up water by its trunk and squirts it all over its body. It can carry huge loads. It can pile timber. In Africa elephants are hunted mainly for their tusks, which yield ivory and are of great value.

### 21. Revenge

"Revenge, at first though sweet,
Bitter ere long back on itself recoils"—
So says Milton. Revenge is an act of passion and often makes matters far worse. If you forgive your enemy's wrong or injury instead of avenging it, he will be ashamed of what he has done and you will have a spiritual victory over him. Forgiveness is the noblest revenge. We should not forget that we pray God to forgive us our sins.

### STORY WRITING

### EXERCISE 133

## 1. The Old Lindy and the Doctor

There once fived an old lady, who lost her sight. She wanted to be cured of her blindness. She called in a doctor.



"I suppose I shall be able to cure your blindness," said the doctor, after examining her eyes. "You have to pay Rs. 10,000 for treatment."

The old lady thought a while. "I shall pay you the fee," she said, "only if my sight is

completely restored. I shall pay you nothing if you fail to cure me." The doctor agreed.

The doctor called at her house daily and carried on with his treatment. When he saw the lady's furniture he was tempted to steal it. Every day he took away some of her furniture. He delayed the cure till he stole most of her furniture.

At last the doctor cured her blindness. He asked for his fee. "I won't pay you the fee," said the lady; "the cure is not complete."

The doctor brought a suit against the lady. The judge studied the case. "Why have you

refused to pay the doctor his fee?" the judge asked the lady. "Because my sight has not been completely restored," she replied. "I cannot see all my furniture."

The judge understood what had happened. He passed a verdict in favour of the old lady. The doctor has not only to return the furniture which he had taken from her house but to forfeit his fee.

Moral: Dishonesty will be paid for.

### 2. Tit for Tat

A hungry jackal was wondering how to get to the other side of the river, where

he could have plenty of crabs.

An idea struck him when he

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saw a camel. He went to the camel and said, "I'm sure you like sugarcane, don't you?" "Yes, I do," replied the camel, "There is a lot of sugarcane on the other side of the river," said the jackal. "I'd very much like to come along with you. The river is so deep that I shall be drowned if I walk through the water. Would you mind carrying me on your back?" "Not at all," said the camel. "I am grateful to you for the information. I am very pleased to have the opportunity of returning your kindness."

With the jackal on his back, the camel waded through the water. On reaching the bank, the jackal pointed out the sugarcane to the camel and

proceeded to eat crabs.

After finishing his meal, the jackal found the camel still eating sugarcane. He grew impatient. He was seized with an impulse to play a trick on the camel. He ran round the fields howling. The villagers heard the howl and rushed out. They saw the camel in the sugarcane field and beat him with sticks. The camel ran in panic and got into the river. The jackal at once jumped on his back

While crossing the river back, the camel asked, "Why did you play such a trick on me?" The jackal replied, "I am in the habit of howling after a good meal." "I am in the habit of taking a bath after a good meal," the camel said and rolled in the river. The jackal was nearly drowned.

3. The Loyal Nurse

Once there lived a Rajah, who had no children for a long time. At last he was blessed with a son. Unfortunately, however, the Queen died in childbirth. A young woman, who had a baby of her own, was chosen as the prince's nurse.

The nurse began to bring up the prince and her own son together.

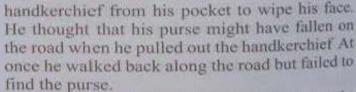
The enemies of the Rajah had been plotting to kill his son so that there might be no heir to the throne. They bribed the guards and entered the palace. A woman rushed to the nurse and warned her of the danger. The nurse had great affection towards her son, but her loyalty predominated. She quickly changed her children's clothes. Her own child was dressed as a prince. She left him there and escaped with the real prince. The rogues entered the room. They concluded that the nurse had run away with her own child. They murdered the child in princely robes and went away in exultation. The nurse thus succeeded in saving the prince.

The Rajah was greatly impressed with her sacrifice. He offered her great rewards as a token of his gratitude for her act. But she refused the rewards. Unable to bear her sorrow for her son's death she killed herself with a dagger. The Raja grieved over her death. He erected a magnificent tomb to commemorate her loyalty.

### 4. A Wise Judgement

Once a miser went out on business. He had a hundred pieces of gold in his pocket. When he had walked about two furlongs, he

had walked about two furlongs, he found that he had lost his purse. He was in great distress. He remembered that a few moments before he had taken his



The miser rushed to the town crier and sought his help. The town crier said, "You must offer a reward to the person who will return your purse. Otherwise you cannot get back the purse." The miser complied. He offered a reward of ten pieces of gold. The crier made the announcement.

A few days later a farmer came to the miser. "I picked up this purse while it was lying on the road," said the farmer. "Is this yours?" "Yes, it is," replied the miser, counting the money. "Thank you very much indeed for returning the purse," The farmer asked for the reward. "How dare you ask for the reward?" said the miser "There were a hundred and ten pieces of gold in the purse. You have already taken your reward. "No, I haven't", protested the farmer. "The purse contained only a hundred pieces. You are bluffing

just to avoid giving me the reward." The miser did not give in.

The farmer appealed to the judge. The judge heard the case attentively. The miser was summoned. The judge examined the purse. He turned to the miser. "How many pieces of gold does your purse hold?" he asked, "One hundred and ten pieces," replied the miser. "But this purse holds only a hundred pieces," said the judge, "so it cannot be yours". He handed the purse to the farmer. The miser overreached himself.

#### 11, Solomon and the Bees

King Solomon was known for his wisdom. The Queen of Sheba, who heard of his fame, once

paid a visit to his court. She was very much impressed by his wealth and grandeur. She wished to test his power of solving puzzles.



She showed Solomon two garlands of flowers. She had one in the right hand and the other in the left. One garland was real and the other artificial. "Can you say which garland is real and which artificial?" she asked. The courtiers were puzzled. Both the garlands looked the same. Solomon could not say a word. The Queen felt triumphant. She thought Solomon would not be able to solve the puzzle.

Solomon soon ordered that the windows should be opened. A number of bees flew into the hall from the garden. They buzzed about the Queen and settled on the garland in the right hand. "The flowers in the right hand are real," said Solomon, "and the others artificial." The Queen was greatly impressed with his wisdom.

### REPRODUCTION OF A STORY POEM

EXERCISE 134

### 1. Abou Ben Adhem

One night Abou Ben Adhem woke up to find an angel in his room. The angel was white and lovely as a lily and added to the beauty of the moonlight in the room. Ben Adhem saw the angel writing something in a book of gold.

There was perfect peace, so Ben Adhem was bold enough to talk to the angel, "What are you writing?" he asked. "The names of those who love God," was the reply. "Is my name one?" said Abou. "No," replied the angel. "Then," said Ben Adhem more softly, but in a cheerful tone, "would you please put me down as one who loves his fellowmen?" The angel complied and vanished..

The next day the angel came again. It showed the names of those whom God blessed. Ben Adhem's name was the first on the list!

Moral: The best way of worshipping God is by loving one's fellowmen.

## 2. King Bruce and the Spider

I had been trying to do a great deed for the good of my people. I tried again and again, but did not succeed. I was disheartened by repeated failures. Sitting alone, I brooded over my misfortune for some time. I decided to give it up.

Just then a spider dropped from the ceiling. It was hanging by a silken thread. I wondered how it would be able to reach its web, which was a long way up. It began to crawl up the thread, but fell nearly to the ground. Again it tried to reach the ceiling and again it fell down. The spider did not seem ruffled. Again it crawled up and managed to go a little higher but fell again. It tried over and again with determination. It made nine vain attempts to reach its web. I thought it would no longer strive to climb. But to my surprise, it did try again. It was only a foot from its web. Slowly and steadily, it got higher and higher and at last jumped into the web.

"Bravo!" I cried out. "The spider did not give up in spite of repeated failures, and at last succeeded. I'd better try again."

I tried once again and succeeded.

### 5. The Blind Men and the Elephant

Once six men of Indostan, who were all blind, wished to find out what an elephant looks like. They approached an elephant one after another.

The first man happened to fall against the elephant's broad and sturdy side. "God



### KEY TO HIGH SCHOOL GRAMMAR & COMPOSITION 118

bless me!" he cried, "The elephant is very like a

The second blind man felt the tusk. He found wall!"

it round, smooth and sharp. "The elephant is very like a spear," he said.

The third man happened to hold the trunk. "The elephant is like a snake," he concluded.

The fourth stretched out his hand and felt the knee. "It's quite clear that this wonderful animal is like a tree!" he said.

It so happened that the fifth man touched the ear. "Even the blindest man can tell what the elephant resembles most," he said. "Who can deny the fact that the elephant is like a fan?"

The hands of the sixth man fell on the tail. 'The elephant is very like a rope!" he cried.

These six blind men quarrelled with one another for a long time, each firm in his own opinion. They did not know that they were all

8. Incident of the French Camp

The French soldiers stormed Ratisbon. The news had not yet reached Napolean. About a mile

away, he stood impatiently on a little mound with his neck thrust out, his legs stretched out, and his arms

locked behind.

He was perhaps reflecting what might happen to his soaring plans if his army-leader Lannes

failed to capture Ratisbon. Just then a soldier was riding at full gallop towards him. On reaching the mound, he threw himself off the horse in joy and managed to stand erect by his horse. He had his chest shot through. "We have got you Ratisbon by the grace of God," he cried. "I have planted our flag myself in the market-place." The Emperor's eye shone, but soon moistened when he noticed the young soldier badly wounded. "You are wounded!" he exclaimed. "No," said the soldier, his pride hurt: "I'm killed!" He sank to the ground and died.

### LETTER-WRITING

EXERCISE 135

20 B.N. Road Thyagaraya Nagar Chennai-600017 April 10, 200 .... Dear Abdul.

My school closes from tomorrow for the summer. My brother who is staying in Hyderabad wants me to spend a few days with him. I am leaving in a couple of days.

Would you be good enough to lend me your camera for a week? I would like to have snapshots of Charminar, Mecca Masjid, Golkonda Fort and other historical spots and buildings during my stay

I assure you I will return the camera in good condition. I hope you are getting on well. Give my love to Auntie.

Yours affectionately, S. Ali Khan

32 J.N. Street Allahabad October 21, 200 .... My dear Shyam,

Shvam

I have just received your letter. I am unhappy to find that you have got low marks in English-Hindi and Mathematics in your quarterly examinations.

I know you are intelligent. But what is the use of your intelligence unless you are industrious? How strange that you should get only 22 marks in Hindi, which is our mother tongue! It shows your gross neglect of studies. Realize what amount of trouble our parents are taking over our education.

I hope you won't waste your time any longer. Study hard and get good marks in the ensuing

examinations.

With love,

Yours affectionately, Ramesh Mohan



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EXERCISE 136

2

852 Kachiguda, Hyderabad-500027 March 1, 200....

Dear Gopal,

Thanks for your letter. You have asked me what my favourite hobby is. Well, my hobby is collecting stamps.

Since I was a schoolboy I have been collecting stamps. The stamps are in six fat books, and I have a bigger collection than any of my friends here. The collection includes certain rare stamps, sent by friends in other countries in return for those which I sent to them.

Every two or three days I usually sit down in the evening at a table with my precious books setting new stamps in them and writing in the names of countries. The stamps can be not only delightful but also instructive. Each stamp has a story to tell me of far countries and strange peoples. Looking through the stamps, I can follow the history of nations with great interest.

Best wishes,

Yours sincerely, V. Krishna Rao

EXERCISE 137

6

47 Shyamnagar Hyderabad-500004 June 12, 200....

Dear Anand,

I got your letter yesterday. You have written me that you intend to spend a week in Hyderabad. I am very sorry indeed that I won't be here during your visit to this town. My parents and myself are going to make a tour through North In Li. We are starting tomorrow evening.

Though I am unable to keep you company, I hope you will enjoy your stay in Hyderabad. There are many sights worth seeing. You should not miss particularly Salarjung Museum, which is one of the biggest museums in Asia, Charminar, Meeca Masjid, Nehru Zoological Park, and Golkonda Fort

All the best.

Yours sincerely, P. Ashok Kumar



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KEY TO HIGH SCHOOL GRAMMAR & COMPOSITION 120

EXERCISE 138

20 Aswini Dutta Road Kolkata-700029 April 24, 200....

dear Peter.

I have reached Kolkata safe and sound. The train I boarded met with an accident, but luckily I My dear Peter.

was one of those who escaped injuries.

s one of those who escaped injuries.

The train stopped at Kharagpur. When it was about to leave, a goods train which was coming in the opposite direction at full speed collided with it. Many of the passengers in the first two the opposite direction at 1011 spect as shocking sight. Some were severely injured. The casualities compartments died on the spot. It was a shocking sight. are estimated at 62.

I happened to sit in the last compartment. Nothing happened to me except that I experienced a violent jerk and fell on a passenger sitting in front of me. A few in my compartment had minor injuries,

It was found that the accident occurred owing to the signalman's mistake. He was immediately

arrested.

Yours very sincerely,

K.R. Williams

Visakhapatnam December 8, 200.... My dear Kishore,

Your letter has arrived just today. I am pleased to hear that you are studying

hard to get a first class in the examination.

But you should not be exclusively occupied with your studies. That can affect your health. You should also take part in athletic games. You may have heard of a

sound mind in a sound body. It is no good reading all day. You will do well to set aside an hour or two every evening for games like football, volley -ball, badminton and tennis. Such games will make your body strong, prevent you from getting fat and keep you healthy.

I hope you will follow my advice.

Best Wishes,

Yours most sincerely,

N. Chandra Sekhar

EXERCISE 140

16 Dewan Road Bangalore February 12, 200.... Dear Ramakrishna.

May I remind you that you have not yet returned my copy of High School English Grammar and Composition borrowed from me a fortnight ago?

When you asked for the book, I said I am in the habit of referring to it nearly every day. I at last lent it after you assured me that you would return it in three days. You said you would send it through your brother, who was to come to this al your brother, who was to come to this place on the following Sunday. You failed to return the book probably because your brother didn't probably because your brother didn't need to come here. Would you kindly make some other arrangement for the book to reach me?

With regards, Sincerely yours, K.V. Devender



24 Teppakulam Road Tiruchirapalli February 12, 200 ....

Dear Krishnan,

I am very sorry indeed to have failed to meet you yesterday evening. I didn't forget promising to eall at your home at five yesterday, but I had to rush my brother to hospital as he slipped in the bathroom and hurt his leg. The doctor said it was a fracture. I was in the bospital till 9 p.m.

Joseph and yourself may have waited a long time for me. I apologize to both of you.

Yours ever, K.V. Devender

EXERCISE 141

17 Giriappa Road Chennai-600017 May 22, 200,...

My dear Mohan,

In my last letter I told you that I was not satisfied with the house I was living in and was thinking of shifting to a new house.

I have at last managed to secure a better house. Last Sunday I shifted to this house. Not only is the house very spacious, but I have good neighbours here. Among my neighbours are two lecturers and a pleader. They are very kind to me and have proved to be excellent company.

I am sure I will be quite happy with my new neighbours.

Yours very sincerely.

G. Kishore Kumar

EXERCISE 142

82 Charni Road Mumbai-400004 January 12, 200 .... Messers Babcok and Singer, Hill Road Mumbai-400050

Dear Sirs.

I am sorry to have to make a complaint about the watch which I bought from you on January 7. (Bill no. 1432).

The watch does not show correct time. I have been using it since last Saturday, the day when I bought it. I have found that it gains four minutes a day.

I am sending you the watch through my brother. I shall be much obliged if you will either set it right or supply a new watch in its place.

Yours faithfully, Rajendra Prasad

Dollops Bakery Khairatabad Hyderabad-500004 June 30, 200 .... Dear Sirs.

I would like to let you know that I will be away on holiday for a fortnight i.e., from July 1st to 14th. Please do not deliver any bread during this period. Yours faithfully,

M.A. Siddique





EXERCISE 143

15 Nehru Road Allahabad

September 9, 200 ....

The Manager

New Press

Allahabad

Sir.

In reply to your advertisement in yesterday's Hindustan Times, I wish to offer myself as a candidate for the post of clerk in your office.

I am 19 years old and have obtained a first class in the Intermediate examination. I have secured 62% marks in English. I am also good at arithmetic. I have learnt to use the computer.

I enclose two testimonials, one from the Headmaster of the high school where I had studied two years ago, and another from the principal of the local Junior college from which I passed the Intermediate examination.

If I am selected I shall try my best to satisfy you by honest and devoted service.

Yours faithfully,

Dinesh Gupta

EXERCISE 144

62 Thambuchetty Street Chennai-600001 May 18, 200.... The Director of Education Tamil Nadu Channai Sir.



I would like to apply for the position of a teacher in the Educational Subordinate Service.

I am 23 years of age. I obtained a second class in the B.A. degree examination with Economics as the main subject. I also hold a degree of Bachelor of Education.

For the last two years I have been working in a local private school but would prefer to work in government schools.

I enclose herewith a testimonial from the Headmistress of the school where I am working. I assure you that, if selected, I shall serve with the utmost devotion and sincerity.

Yours faithfully.

P. Saroja,

EXERCISE 145

The Editor 'The Hindu' Chennai

Particularly for the last two or three months there has perhaps been no day on which road accidents have not occurred in Chennai. It need not be pointed out that the accidents are generally due to reckless driving. Lorry drivers in particular are guilty of rash driving.



The other day I was shocked to witness a dreadful accident in Burma Bazar. While an old woman was going in a rickshaw, a lorry, which was passing in the same direction at top speed, dashed against the rickshaw from behind with the result that the rickshawman and the old woman were crushed to death under the lorry.

I hope that the authorities concerned will take steps to prevent reckless driving. Yours truly,

V. Mahadevan

EXERCISE 146

44 Ganesh Chandra Avenue Kolkata-700013 July 5, 200....

Dear Sir.

I hope you remember that I have passed the Matriculation examination in the First Division. In spite of your advice, I have decided to discontinue my studies owing to financial difficulties.

I am going to apply for the post of clerk in the Public Works Department. I shall be grateful if you will kindly give a testimonial. I would particularly request you not to omit to refer to my participation in school debates, Social Service Camps and athletic activities. Yours faithfully,

S.N. Ghosh

25.

- (i) WANTED: A second-hand computer. Must be in good working order, moderately priced. Please phone 28460132. Address: 27, Anna Salai, Chennai-600002.]
- (ii) FOR SALE: An Ambassador Car, 1995 model. Used for two years. PriceRs. 2,50,000. May be inspected at Messrs Rajan & Co., Pondi Bazar. For further particulars, please telephone 23242657.
- (iii) MISSING: A white puppy missing for the last two days. A scar on its forehead. Reward of Rs. 50 to anyone who finds the dog and in-forms. Phone 28523092. Address: S. Swaminathan, 74 Ranga Road, Chennai-600004.

### COMPREHENSION

### EXERCISE 147

- 1. The passage is written about Mahatma
- A Hindu is one who believes in Hinduism. An Indian is a native or citizen of India.
- He showed us the way to live and the way to die.
- 4. He loved all religions and all nations. He believed in the essential unity of man. He devoted himself to the service of all men, more specially of the poor and the distressed everywhere. He always followed truth.
- 5. Nehru suggests that Gandhiji was the

- beloved champion and leader of the people both of India and of Pakistan. This is corroborated by the spontaneous tributes that his death brought from the people of Pakistan.
- Truth meant a great deal to Gandhiji. His dominating passion was truth.
- 7. Memorials=those which serve to keep in remembrance; monuments immutable = unchangeable; essential = important in the highest degree





estrangement-separation in feeling and sympathy

spontaneous=of one's free will discrimination=ability to see or make small differences dominating=having control or influence

Himalayan=very great

 People had to listen to "The Voice" of Mahatma Gandhi on account of its form and matter.

2. People were made to become curious as to how they were governed and what they got from the taxes they paid. So they took

an interest in politics.

3. Politics was switched on to concern for the needs of the common people. The improvement of the lot of the poor, especially of the lives of the people of the neglected villages, was the goal of politics.

The standard of living of the people of the villages was raised. Subsidiary occupations for the agricultural poor during the off season were found. The housing of the poor was improved. The age-old wrongs of the depressed class, like untouchability, were removed.

(a) Things which ought to be done but omitted to be done and serious blunders committed in administration.

(b) No longer in the exclusive hands of small aristocracy but passed on to the hands of common men.

3

1. Bad temper is usually considered a very harmless weakness. It is spoken of as a mere infirmity of nature, a family failing, a matter of temperament.



who are all perfect, except for a badtempered disposition. III temper is often compatible with high moral character and is therefore referred to as "the vice of the virtuous".

 Sins of the disposition are worse than sins of the body. No bodily vice does more to un-Christianise society than evil temper.

Bad temper can embitter life, break up communities, destroy the most sacred relationships, devastate homes, wither up men and women, and take the bloom off children.



5. According to the author, there is no place in Heaven for bad tempered folk, because they could only make

Heaven miserable for all

the people in it.

breaking up : destroying ruining : devastating scandalising : withering souring : embittering easily or quickly offended : touchy

The statistics are correct.

There are cricketers who turn out mechanically; there is no colour in their play. It was so with Shrewsbury. He had technical perfection, but there was no enthusiasm, no sunshine in his play, no swift surprise. Thus in cricket many runs and much dullness are associated.

To many players cricket is not an adventure; it is a business. They turn out runs in a mechanical way with the result that there is no colour, no enthusiasm in their play. This is why cricket is losing its lustre.

Gaiety gives cricket its character.

5. Cricket should be played in a spirit of

adventure and unselfishness.

Jam Sahib was a lively player. To him cricket was an adventure, not a business. He never struggled to score or hoard up runs. His play showed his spirit of unselfishness and sacrifice. He never sounded dull and mechanical. It was a great treat to witness his play.

(i) Aim to be a lively player.
 Look upon cricket as an adventure.

6.

Be unselfish. Try to effect swift surprise.

Don't struggle to (ii) hoard up runs. Don't be dull and mechanical.

Don't look upon cricket as a business.

Don't be selfish. 5

1. It would be burdensome and inconvenient to pay in silver nickle, or copper coins, so the Government allows payment to be made in paper notes.

2. Both are of equal value.

- 3. We cannot have only paper money because (i) money must be something so useful that everyone wants, (ii) the metals are the best form of money, (ii) it would not be possible to print just the right amount of womey which would keep prices at their proper natural level. If too much money is printed, prices go up at once.
- Money facilitates exchange of things.
- When there is more paper money the

value of money goes down and consequently the prices of commodities go up.

The Government prints only a certain amount of paper currency so as to keep prices at their proper natural level. If it arbitrarily prints too much paper currency, prices rise.

If an author has genius, he suffers the penalty of genius. If he has only talent, various cares and worries make life extremely miserable. He takes great pains to compose. He meets with continuous disappointment at his inability to reveal himself. Also he is often faced with the difficulty of gaining the public ear. A literary life is, therefore, mostly an unhappy one.

Young writers hope that they will become

famous if they just throw that poem at the world's feet. They believe that they have only to get that novel printed to be acknowledged at once as a new light in literature.

No editors and publishers are a practical body of men; they conduct their business on the hardest fines of a Profit and Loss account. They cannot therefore be sympathetic to young authors.

It would be generally difficult for a young author to have his book published. After his book is brought out, he should be prepared to face hostile critics.

An author should take no heed of

criticism. He should not take criticism more seriously than the byc-play of clowns for a circus. He should not try to defend himself against his critics; he should be silent.



Sioux Indians : American Indians of a tribe now living in the Dakotas. Minnesota and Montanna, abandon the

profession of the pen : give up writing laurel-crown : honour won ("Laurel" is a shrub used by ancient Romans and Greeks as an emblem of victory and distinction): to run the gauntlet: to be exposed to severe criticism (literally to run between two rows of men who strike the victim as he passes) hounded to death; hunted to death, as with hounds.

The pangs of composition: trouble of writing buoyed up by the hope : keep up the hope mere brokers: those who merely buy and sell for others thirsting for your scalp : longing to overthrow you (American Indians tear off the skin as a token of victory)

- Unless we work we can have no money. It is therefore necessary to work.
- No. There is not enough money in the

country to make everybody rich if it were divided equally; each would perhaps get

about Rs. 150 a year.

Just as, if Mont Blanc was flattened out and spread over the whole of France, the level of the land would be raised only by about six inches, so also it would make very little difference if all the wealth of rich men in the country (who are only a few) was shared out among the rest.

The job that suits you is the best job in the world. By doing your work, whatever it be, you are helping to produce the things which other people need and thereby doing your part in the work of the world. You must therefore embrace it lovingly.

Put your back into it work at it with all your

6.

doing your bit : doing your tiny share of work. The world is compared to a great machinery. Every man is like a wheel which, however tiny it may be, is

essential for the running of the machinery, which is to provide for the wants of hundreds of millions of people.

Great thinkers must live and move on a high plane of thought.

No, a liberal education is not necessary to

produce great literature.

The ideas, sentiments, and expressions in a great book are quite beyond those of ordinary working life with the result that the reader becomes conscious of the contrast and grows melancholy and disappointed.

A habitual meditation on the vast problems that underlie human lifethoughts of immortality, of the littleness of mere man, of the greatness of man's soul, of the splendours of the universe that are invisible to the ordinary traffickers in the street-these things make it hard to understand the average human being.

Yes, poets are dreamers. They dream of B. things that may come true.

Yes, a poet is a practical man : only he is 2. ahead of his time unlike a logician or a scientist, who is abreast of his time.

Yes, dreamers are useful to the world, in that every forward step that man takes in any field of life is first taken along the dreamy paths of imagination.

Fulton dreamed the steamboat and paved the way for scientific wisdom to convert the vision into a reality of steel and wood.

If the poet did not dream there would 5. perhaps be no advancement in any field.

The poet is concerned with the future and cannot at the same time pay his attention to the present. He is thus a specialist. He gives the scientist a flash of the future, which the scientist takes and makes over into a fibre of today.

The artist enables us to see the beauty of the world. The artist lends his eyes to

people so that they can see and appreciate the beauty of the world, which is

God's artistic masterpiece. We often love things only when we see them painted.

The majority of men do not see the beauty of things unless they have seen them painted. They see in Nature what art has taught them to see in Nature. So Nature imitates art.

The artist's first duty is to love beauty-45 Unless he sees the beauty for himself first, he cannot communicate it to others.

The surest key to the knowledge of God is to get hold of beauty, for beauty is the best interpreter of God to man.

The artist's real function is merely to exhibit things. He should not prove things 6. nor exhort men to good works.

Art primarily consists in ideas. 7.

Art makes a sorrowful experience beautiful, and by making it beautiful, it makes it pleasant. Through this process sorrow becomes a joy.



### PRECIS-WRITING

### EXERCISE 148 =

#### 1. Patriotism

People of every country—Englishmen, Frenchmen, Germans, Italians and many

Indians—think too highly of themselves and consider their country—the best or the greatest. No country can be absolutely good, just as no man can be thoroughly good. We have to eliminate poverty and misery from our country. We have to keep what is good



in us and discard what is bad. We should accept whatever good we may find in other countries.

#### 6. The Roc

Weary of a quiet life in Baghdad, I set sail a second time with trustworthy friends, contrary to my previous intention. One day we landed on an uninhabitated island. I had my meal and fell asleep. When I awoke the ship was not to be found. I was greatly distressed. I saw something white at a distance and walked towards it. I supposed it to be a white dome. It had no door and was very smooth. Its circumference was fifty full spaces. I found no means of entering it.

Suddenly the sky was darkened by a gigantic bird, which was flying towards me. I concluded that it was the roc and the great dome her egg. The bird alighted on the egg.

### 7. Bad Habits

Bad habits, such as overeating, drinking, or smoking, are very easy to acquire. One should fight against the force of habit. Even good things can be very harmful when done to excess. The wise man is conscious of his bad



habits and checks them promptly.

The use of tobacco has spread almost all over the world. Those who have acquired this bad habit would hardly be able to get rid of it. Alcohol, which is commoner in cold countries than in hot ones, does nobody good in any way and should be avoided altogether particularly in India. Alcohol, even if taken in small quantities, tends to affect the health.

### H. Arabs in the Desert

Arabia is largely desert, with only sand and rock. In the desert there are a few scattered springs of water with green grass, fig trees and palm trees around them. Such shady places are called oases.

The Arabs who are not in the cities live in the desert throughout the year, shifting from one oasis to another. They eat figs and dates. Their horses are the finest in the world and are very dear to them. Camels are



more useful to the Arabs; they carry huge loads for many miles across the desert.

### 13. Rip Van Winkle

In a village at the foot of the Catskill mountains there lived a simple and good-natured person named Rip Van Winkle. He was very popular with the women and the children of the village. He was particularly helpful to the children at their sports. He did not like working for profit. But he was always willing to attend to other's business. He used to run on errands for women. He led an easy life. His wife repeatedly pointed out his idleness and irresponsibility. He said nothing in reply. His only good friend at home was his idle dog.

### 22. The Advantages of Poverty

Poverty is wrongly considered an evil. The poor lead a happier life than the rich. The children of rich men are not so fortunate as those of poor men. The home of poverty, free from care and social envy, is characterized by love and unity among its members. Most of the great men on earth are those who have sprung from the ranks of the poor. To abolish poverty would be to destroy the soil upon which mankind produces the virtues conducive to higher civilisation.

### **EXPANSION**

### EXERCISE 149

# 1. It is a great loss to a man when he cannot laugh

Laughter is indicative of joy. A man who laughs radiates happiness and wins friends. One who is incapable of laughter misses the zest of life. Laughter can be the best tonic. A man who cannot laugh fails



to attract friends, loses his health, grows pessimistic and deprives himself of any pleasure in life.

### 3. Slow and steady wins the race

This proverb is a reference to the fable of the hare and the tortoise. While the hare, confident of success, took things too easy, the slow tortoise plodded steadily on and managed to win the race. We should not be discouraged by the size of the task we have to do. If we do it little by little and steadily, we can achieve success. The following quotation from Ovid sums up the ideas: "What is harder than rock, or softer than water? Yet soft water hollows out hard rock. Only persevere."

#### 4. One who follows two hares catches neither

Do only one thing at a time. If you try to do two things at once, you will be able to do neither. If a hunter pursues two hares, he is sure to miss both. You must therefore concentrate on one thing or the other. If you have several bits of work to do, finish one and then proceed to the other. You cannot succeed if you attempt to do more than one job at the same time.

## 5. A great/city is, to be sure, the school for studying life

In a great city we encounter different types of men—the rich and the poor, the proud and the humble, the deceitful and the innocent, the rough and the gentle, and so on. We find there doctors, lawyers, teachers, philosophers, businessmen, loafers, and so forth; and men who come from different States and have different customs. If we live in such a city for a year or two, we shall be able to acquire a good knowledge of life. The

various facets of life can be found reflected in a large city.

### 8. Where there's a will there's a way

If you have the determination to do something, you are sure to find a way of doing it. There is usually nothing that is impossible to do. Napoleon, who rightly believed nothing to be impossible, ordered the army to march into Itlay. "Sire, the Alps," said the general. "There shall be no Alps," said the Emperor composedly. And no Alps came in his way. What may seem impossible will turn out to be easy to accomplish, if you go on to do it with determination. Goethe once said, "He who has a firm will moulds the world to himself."

# 11. They are slaves who dare not be in the right with two or three

Every man has freedom of thought. A man's judgement may differ from that of others. Sometimes it so happens that only two or three are in the right while the others are in the wrong.



If you are convinced that those two or three are in the right, you should not he sitate to join hands with them, whatever the consequences may be. Many of us have a tendency to suppor the majority, out of fear. It is slavish to be afraid of the majority and not to be with the few people who are in the right.

### 12. Great talkers are never great doers

Men who talk much are often those who do little. We come across many persons who are eloquent over great things and, when the time for action comes, keep themselves away. Many of those who deliver wonderful speeches about patriotism do no valuable service to the country, and what is more, they try to defraud the State of its revenue by corrupt practices. Men of action do not talk much. Those who do nothing are usually the most talkative.

### 16. Tell me not, in mournful numbers, Life is but an empty dream

Do not say that life is an empty dream. It is wrong to think that life has no meaning or purpose. Life is real and purposeful. We are born, not to die, but to achieve something before we die. There have lived on earth eminent thinkers, statesmen, writers, and so on, who are admired all over the world. We should follow their example and strive to do something remarkable before we make our exit from the world.

### 26. Custom reconciles us to everything.

Sometimes we have to put up with something irksome or unpleasant. As time goes by, we shall be able to adapt ourselves to it so that it will become part of our life. Thus we can get used to anything. Suppose we shift into a house near a

factory which keeps going all day. At first the noise of the machinery makes it impossible for us to sleep at night, but we find ourselves accustomed to it in the course of time.

# 32. Breathes there the man with soul so dead, Who never to himself hath said, This is my own, my native land?

It is difficult to find a man who is devoid of love for his motherland. Everybody is deeply attached to his motherland. When a man has stayed abroad for a long time, he naturally gets sick for his motherland and feels a thrill of pride and pleasure when he returns. If there should be anybody who is so spiritually dead as not to love his motherland, he is sure to fall into oblivion though he may be a man of high rank, of noble family and of abundant riches.

### ESSAY-WRITING

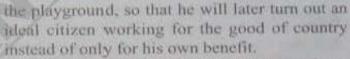
### EXERCISE 150

### 3. School Games

"All work and no play makes Jack a dull boy": there is a lot of truth in this proverb. Pupils should not always be reading. Unless they enjoy some form of recreation, they become stale and their reading suffers in consequence. Games provide the best form of recreation in schools. Pupils, after playing for an hour or two, can go back to their books mentally refreshed.

Games not only provide recreation for pupils, but make their bodies strong and keep them healthy. They give them valuable practice in making eyes, brain and muscles work together. The commonest of school games are cricket, tennis, badminton, football, hockey, volley-ball and kabaddi

Games are also very useful for character training. In every game there are certain rules to be observed, and by observing the rules pupils can imbibe discipline. Each of the players learns to work for his team rather than for himself on



Games should therefore be made compulsory for pupils.

### 7. Popular Superstitions

Look how the world's poor people are amazed at apparitions, signs, and prodigies! — William Shakespeare

A superstition is an irrational fear of what is unknown or mysterious. It is founded on ignorance and

illiteracy. People all over the world seem to have superstitions. Certain hours are believed to be auspicious and certain hours inauspicious. Charms and amulets are worn as protection against evil spirits. A comet in the sky is believed to herald the death of a great person. The hooting of an owl is supposed ominous, and so is the whining of a dog in the dead of night.

It is considered inauspicious to travel towards the north on Tuesdays and Wednesdays, and

towards the south on Thursdays. Some persons do not pay or lend money on Tuesdays and Fridays; they fear that they will be reduced to poverty if they do. Sneezing is regarded as a bad omen; if anybody sneezes before a journey is to be begun or some important work is to be started, it is postponed. If a cat crosses the way when a person is proceeding on important business, he fears that he will not succeed.

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In many European countries number thirteen is considered unlucky, and so many hotels do not contain rooms numbered 13. They believe that if 13 people sit at a dining table, one of them will die in a few days.

It is unfortunate that superstitions still persist in spite of the advancement of science. All superstitions are obviously baseless and absurd and prevent us from making progress in life. Man is a rational being. He should not allow the clear stream of reason to lose its way into the dreary desert of superstition.

#### 8. The Use and Abuse of Leisure

Leisure is perhaps as important as work. When we work continously for several hours we feel very tired and, unless we have some break.



we cannot carry on and our health may be injured. After a little relaxation, we can work more energetically and more efficiently.

We should take care to make the

proper use of leisure. Those who are engaged in manual work should, in the leisure, do the kind of work which exercises and entertains the mind. Those who do mental or brain work—for example, students, teachers, writers—should spend their leisure time in physical and athletic activities. Pursuits different from our regular business provide adequate relaxation.

There are various hobbies for us to pursue in our leisure hours: stamp-collecting, drawing, photography, music, gardening, and so on. A hobby is a pursuit in which one is really interested and therefore proves to be an excellent recreation. Evening walks, particularly in congenial com-

pany, can also be a relaxation, in that they provide opportunities to refresh ourselves in the open air and enjoy the beauty of nature.

Unfortunately, however, many of us have a tendency to abuse leisure. They spend their leisure time in drinking, playing cards, betting on horses and so forth. We should avoid unhealthy amusement. To sit idle is another way of abusing leisure. Idle hands are liable to do mischief. An idle mind is the devil's workshop. We should therefore be occupied with something recreative in our leisure hours.

### 12. Travel as a Part of Education

Travel, in the younger sort, is a part of education; in the elder, a part of experience.

-Francis Bacon

We can acquire a great deal of knowledge from books. But it is only second-hand knowledge. By travelling we come into direct contact with things that we wish to know. Our

knowledge of a distant land gained from numerous textbooks cannot stand comparison with that which a month's travel there would give us. Travel gives a character of experience to our knowledge.



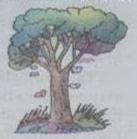
By travelling we not only gain knowledge but broaden our nature. Like the frog in the well, the man who sticks to his home has a narrow vision of the world. As Shakespeare says, "Rather see the wonders of the world abroad than, living duly sluggarized at home, wear out thy youth with shapeless idleness." In the places we travel about we are able to encounter men of different temperaments, customs and habits and learn to deal with them. We also learn to adapt ourselves to new manners and customs. We cultivate caution, forbearance and tact. And that is one of the chief aims of education.

Travel also helps us brush up our knolwedge of a foreign language. If, for example, we travel about England for a few weeks, we shall be able to speak English better through our contact with native speakers.

### 20. My Favourite Hobbies

When we have worked continuously for some time we need relaxation. To pursue hobbies is the best way of relaxing. My favourite hobbies are gardening, stamp-collecting and photography.

I have loved gardening since my boyhood. I enjoy watering my garden every morning and evening. If gives me enough physical exercise and sends me back to my work with renewed zest and vigour. It is very amusing digging up



fresh beds for new plants. I grow flowers as well as vegetables. I beam with satisfaction when I cast my eyes on my luxuriant garden. The sight of the lively garden is increasingly refreshing.

My second hobby is stamp-collecting. I have collected hundreds of stamps. I have arranged them in five books. My uncle, who often goes abroad on business, has been helping me to collect rare stamps. He sends me foreign stamps from the places he visits. Whenever I have a little leisure, I sit down at a table with my precious stamp-books, arranging new stamps in them and writing in the names of countries. Each stamp has a story to tell me of distant lands and strange peoples. Looking through the stamps, I can follow the history of nations.

I also love photography. Whenever I go for a picnic or on an excursion or travel round a strange place, I take my camera with me and snap interesting objects. I have a number of valuable snapshots, some of them highly recreational.

### EXERCISE 151

### An Important Day in my Life

It was March 25, 1998. That was the day when our school anniversary was celebrated.

The Governor was invited to be the Chief guest. Like many of my schoolmates I was very busy making arrangements for the function. We decorated the school, particularly the auditorium, as well as we could. The auditorium, where the function was to be held, looked like a fairyland.



Just at the stroke of five the

Governor's car entered the school campus. Accompanied by the Principal, the Vice Principal and the President of the Students' Union, the Chief Guest went to the dais and took his seat. In his valedictory speech the Governor stressed the importance of discipline among pupils.

The next item on the programme was distribution of prizes, which I had been eagerly awaiting. I was one of those who were to be awarded prizes on the occasion. I came in first in elocution competition. When my name was called I felt a thrill of joy. When I was receiving my prize, I heard the audience clapping. I shivered when the Governor shook my hand while giving me the prize. I thought it was a dream. When I felt the prize and looked at it, I realized that it was a reality. It was a book entitled Lives of Great Men.

That has been an important day in my life—a day which I can never forget. Whenever I see that book, it takes me back to the memorable day. I have read the book several times and every time I read it, it drives home H.W. Longfellow's wellknown lines "Lives of great men all remind us we can make our lives sublime....."

### 35, Some Wonders of Modern Science

Science has been making great strides particularly for the last five or six decades. Man has worked miracles in the field of science and there seems to be nothing that he cannot achieve.

The most important recent inventions have

been in the field of electronics and computers. Computers perform complex calculations in a fraction of the time that would have been needed in the past. Aircraft and ships use computers to monitor things like geographical position and fuel consump-



tion. The Internet, which links millions of computers worldwise, allows people to share information and communicate with each other. The Net has become a vital resource for of business, education and entertainment.

Electronic devices have made robots a reality. Many factories now have robots that do several

tasks such as painting and welding. Engineers have also developed 'intelligent' robots, which can act as guards and firemen, and may travel into space to distant worlds.

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For hundreds of years man had dreamed of travelling in space. That dream came true in 1961: a Russian, Yuri Gagarian, was the first man to travel in space. In 1969 Neil Armstrong became the first man to set foot on the moon. Hundreds of people have travelled in space, but unmanned space flight is much more miraculous. Unmanned craft are equipped with instruments to send television pictures and scientific information back to earth. They travel through the solar system and beyond, photographing planets.

Not many years ago, information could be



carried from one part of the world to another only by cables under or over the ground, or be broadcast from radio transmitters. Today satellites are used in the world-wide network of

telecommunications. Communications satellites are placed in orbit above the earth so that they can bounce radio signals from one part of the world to another. It is satellites that enable us to see on television events that are happening on the other side of the world a fraction of a second after they take place.

Rapid developments in modern medicine have eonquered many diseases and disorders. The latest developments include body scanners, which can produce a detailed picture of the interior of the human body. Radio-therapy is often used to cure cancer. Today surgery is so advanced that surgeons can repair or replace organs such as the

kidneys and the heart. Man has conquered nearly everything except death.

### 36. Educational Possibilities of Broadcasting

Broadcasting is one of the most beneficial scientific achievements. Besides being a source of various types of entertainment and recreation, it has a very important role in educating people, more particularly the masses.

The word "broadcasting" refers to both television and radio programmes. Broadcasting is the system of making and transmitting TV and radio programmes.

Particularly television has become one of the world's most important sources of information and opinion. It brings the world into our homes every day. Current affairs programmes, documentaries and chat shows are usually educative.

Speeches, discussions and symposia on a wide variety of subjects are broadcast regularly. Such broadcasts are of great educational value. For example, an opthalmologist introduces us to the structure of the eye and suggests precautions to be taken against eye diseases; a dentist points out the care of the teeth; a scientist expounds the theory of relativity; an educationist criticizes the present educational system and suggests measures for its improvement; a group of literary critics discuss the various aspects of Mulk Raj Anand's work; a scientist, a sociologist, an economist, a politician and a philosopher give their views on a topic of current interest from different perspectives.

Lessons based on school curriculums are also broadcast on some channels: they are of immense value to students

The BBC World service broadcasts a wide variety of programmes. We ought to watch the BBC broadcasts regularly: they expose us to the English of native speakers and help us to increase our proficiency in English.

### **AUTOBIOGRAPHIES**

### EXERCISE 152

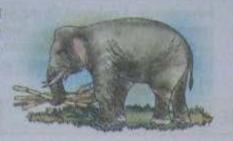
### 5. The Autobiography of an Elephant

I was born in a jungle. Till I was seven I had led a wild and free life with my companions.

One day a tame elephant entered the jungle. He offered to lead me to a sugarcane plantation. I was stupid enough to believe him. I did not know that he was a decoy, i.e., an elephant trained

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to lead his wild brothers into captivity. While following him I suddenly fell into a big pit. I had not noticed the pit as they had



carefully covered it so that poor elephants like me could be caught. Such traps or enclosures are called 'Keddas'.

I was left in that pit for nine days. I had nothing to eat. I grew terribly weak and, if I had remained there in that condition for two or three days longer, I would have perhaps starved to death. On the tenth day I was taken out of the pit and brought into a town. I was gradually tamed. I was trained to act as I was ordered.

My master treats me with kindness. He never

neglects to meet my needs. He provides me with plenty of leaves, grass, roots and bulbs to eat. I help him in many ways. I carry huge loads for him. I pile timber. Sometimes he lends me to huntsmen. Hunsmen sit on my back and drive to the spots where they can find tigers and fire at them. Once I was lent to a Maharaja. That day I was painted with bright colours and covered with silk and velvet clothes. I was used in a state procession. With the Maharaja on my back I walked with an air of proud majesty.

I enjoy myself very much when I am led into a tank for my bath. I draw up water by my trunk and skirt it all over my body like a shower bath.

Though I have to live a life of captivity, I am not at all unhappy. I have learnt many things by living with men. My master takes every care to make me feel comfortable. I don't think my wild brothers are happier than me.

### EXERCISE 153

### 16. The Autobiography of a Cobra

I belong to the genus 'Naga', the sort of snakes supposed to be highly venomous and characterized by the ability to flatten the neck into a hoodlike form when disturbed.

Till a few months ago I had been an object of dread. I wouldn't harm anybody unless they harmed me. If I am angry or frightened, I hiss and thus give men warning of my presence. Many men



would have trodden on me if it had not been for the fact that I give a loud hiss when anybody comes near. Once a person trod on my tail in spite of my hiss and I bit him. He was the only person whom I bit. When he cried in pain, several men rushed to the spot and searched for me. I hid in a hole and escaped being killed.

Now I am quite harmless. One day I was eaught by a snake-charmer, who removed my fangs so that I would no longer be poisonous. I am now his captive. I dance with my hood stretched as the snake charmer plays the flute. He shows me to people so as to earn his livelihood. He usually imprisons me in a basket. He does not give me enough food. I feel very miserable. Many times I have bitten that fellow, but to no avail. I am unable to take revenge on him as I have lost my deadly weapons (i.e., fangs).

### EXERCISE 154

### 4. The Autobiography of a Parrot

I very much wish I were free again. I lie imprisoned in a cage. Whenever I see my cousins flying in the sky, I feel like joining them. My master is very kind to me and supplies good food, but I am unable to feel happy all the same. Six months ago he bought me from a fowler, who had trapped me in his net.

My master has taught me to speak a few words and sing certain refrains. Whenever he is tired and wishes to relax, he comes to me to hear me speak and sing. He goes back refreshed. I have learnt to say 'Good morning', 'Good evening', 'Good night', 'How do you do?' 'Thank you', etc. Very often I say one for the other as I don't know the meaning of the expressions. One day when my master had gone to the office, I heard his wife say repeatedly to her neighbour, 'My husband is a stupid'. Honestly, I did not know what the words meant. I repeated the sentences several times after my master returned home.

## 134 KEY TO HIGH SCHOOL GRAMMAR & COMPOSITION

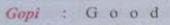
Then he scolded his wife and beat her black and blue.

I recollect the delightful days I had spent before I was captured by the fowler on that illfated day. I used to lead a life of activity and adventures. I enjoyed flying to a great height and roaming among clouds. Sometimes I used to compete with my companions in flying and five times I came in first. When can I have such thrills of pleasure again?

### DIALOGUE-WRITING

### EXERCISE 155

2. Between a temperance advocate and a young man on evils of intemperance.



afternoon, Mr. Shastri.

Shastri: Good afternoon, Gopi. Are you going

to the cinema?

Gopi : No, I'm going to the Social Club.

Shastri: My goodness! Are you also a member

of the Social Club?

Gopi : Yes, I joined the club just a fortnight

back. Why are you so surprised?

Shastri: I have never expected you to join the

club. What do you do there?

Gopi : We play chess, billiards, or cards for

relaxation.

Shastri: I am pleased you have told the truth.

Isn't drinking an evil?

Gopi : I don't think so-if one doesn't drink

in excess. On the contrary, I consider it a jolly social custom. It would be discourteous and unsocial not to comply when my friends invite me to join them in revelry. It makes me lively and happy after the day's strenuous work. It revives me when I am tired. Drinking is a manly habit.

Besides, it acts like a tranquilizer when I am troubled by cares.

Shastri: Well, you mean to say you don't drink

in excess. Alcohol, even in small amounts, affects the fiver and weakens the mental people. It is a slow poison. All people begin drinking only in small quantities and also intend never to drink heavily. But gradually they become drunkards and develop a persistent craving for alcohol, which would nearly be impossible to overcome. If you don't give it up now, you are sure to become a compulsive drinker in a few weeks-a literal slave to drink. It will not only damage your health but bring about a moral degradation, so that you will be hated and despised by your friends, your colleagues as well as your family.

Gopi : There is truth in what you say. I already notice a change in my wife's

attitude towards me.

Shastri: Now that you are convinced of the

evils of drinking, I suggest you mend your ways before it is too late. Drinking is not the only recreation: in fact, it can hardly be called recreation. There are several other ways of relaxing, when you are tired. Set an example to others by signing

the pledges.

Gopi : Thank you very much for your timely

help. Here is my pledge. I will completely abstain from alcoholic

drink. (Writes and sings).

### EXERCISE IS6

10. Between a spider and fly

Fly : What a beautiful house you have,

Spider! Who has built it for you?

Spider: It's so nice of you to admire my

house. I have built it myself.

Fly : You have built it yourself? Where

have you got that fascinating thread from?

1

Spider: I spin the thread out of my own body.

I have built a number of houses like this. The material is inexhaustible. I can go on producing thread till the moment of my death.

moment of my death.

Fly : How strange! Would you please

explain how you build your web?

Spider: Certainly. I shall be very pleased to let you know the technique in detail.

Please come in and have a cup of tea.

No, no! I am not too stupid to be

deceived by you. You plan to trap
me in your stickly web and make a
fine meal of me, don't you? I know
you are a cut-throat. You spin webs
to capture innocent insects and make
short work of them. Good-bye!

EXERCISE 157

2. The fable of "The Lion and the Mouse"

Lion: (Waking) Who is this damned little creature that's running up and down my body? Is it you, wretched mouse?

How dare you disturb the sleeping

King?

Mouse: I beg Your Majesty's pardon. It's only

by accident that I've moved on Your

Majesty's body.

Lion: I won't excuse you. You are under

sentence of death.

Mouse: O King of Beasts! Please show

mercy on this poor little creature! I shall be very grateful if you will spare my life. Some day perhaps I can do something to help Your Majesty.

Lion : Ha! Ha! Ha! What an amusing

braggart you are! How can you—a tiny little mouse—ever do to help me? Anyway, I spare you your life; it is beneath my dignity to kill you. Go away!

(After a few days the mouse finds the lion caught in a trap, tied with heavy

cord.)

Mouse: Very sorry to see you in this condition. I will try to set you free.

(He chews through the ropes and sets

the lion free)

tion: Thank you very much indeed for helping me. I was foolish to laugh at you when you said you might be of service to me some day. Help in time

of need can come from any course.

EXERCISE 158

7. Between two friends on a topic of common interest

Ramesh has got only
a second class while
Mohan has got a first
class.

Madhu: So am I. The present

system of examination is

defective and needs reforming.

Yes, I suppose so. It fails to discriminate between a bright hardworking student and a dull student.

Madhu: What is more, a dull student sometimes gets more marks than a

brilliant student. That is exactly what

has happened in the present case. Ramesh is very intelligent and hard-working. Mohan is only a boy of average intelligence. By memorizing a few select answers he has passed with flying colours.

Yes, he has. A student who sincerely reads the textbooks gets fewer marks than one who completely relies on

bazar guides.

I notice another defect in the examination system. What the student has studied for a year or two is assessed in two or three hours. This system tempted the student to put off his studies until the last month. He

Venu

Madha:

#### KEY TO HIGH SCHOOL GRAMMAR & COMPOSITION 136 feel like getting home again. doesn't have to work hard throughout But I find little enjoyment in the Karcem smoky air of a city and all its noise You are right. It would be advisable Venn and racket. to introduce periodic tests which are : Of course, in a city you cannot have spread over the entire academic year. Abdul the clean air and the quiet of the That is a good idea. Periodic tests Madhu: country, but that's a very small would compel the student to hard disadvantage compared with the work throughout the year. I also feel facilities provided by a city. We have that the essay type questions should in this city theatres, cinemas, give place to objective type of concerts, well-equipped hospitals, question. palatial buildings, and so on. We have I quite agree with you. Objective l'enu : here a wide variety of articles to testing would compel the student to choose from, if we wish to buy read the text-books through. It would anything. also help measure the student's ability That's why people living in a city tend accurately.....Oh! It's time I was Kareem : to become extravagant. Those who going, good night! go in for cheap entertainments can Madhu ; Good night! naturally enjoy city life. EXERCISE 159 III Abdul You are not completely right. A city 7. The advantages and disadvantages of life provides not only public in a great city (Bollis to New York? entertainments but various things that Abdul : Good morning, stimulate your mind-public Mr. Kareem libraries, museum, zoological It's long time gardens, art galleries, and so on. City since we last life is a great boon to young boys and met. When did girls in particular; they have the you arrive? benefit of excellent schooling. Be-Kareem : Good morning, sides, the city itself is a school for Mr. Abdul. I only arrived last night, studying life. In a city one comes into I have come here on business. I hope contact with men of different types, to return home tomorrow. I hate manners and customs. living in a great city like this. Kareem Yes, city life has certain advantages, Abdul Do you? Many people coming from too. I ought not to be so the country enjoy themselves so imallergic to it. mensely in the city that they don't EXERCISE 160 The pros and cons of lotteries your money on lotteries? Tom Just my luck! I have bought as many Tom I don't think I am wasting my money. as fifty If I get a prize, I shall become rich. lottery tickets. If I don't, I console myself with the but haven't got a thought that my money is going to single prize. be used for the welfare of the desti-Jack How unwise of you tute: to buy so many Jack Your case is different; you have lottery tickets ! decent income. What about those Why do you waste who are tempted to buy raffle tickets in spite of their very meagre

Jack

## KEY TO HIGH SCHOOL GRAMMAR & COMPOSITION

income for example, servants, scavengers, rickshaw-pullers? Do. you imagine how many poor men starve to enable themselves to buy raffle tickets?

Tom

As a matter of fact, I also feel the pinch of it, in spite of my decent income. I have been spending about sixty rupees on the average every month on lotteries. I have nevery

won a prize.

It's true the money saved through lotteries is used for the welfare of the poor, but lottery is not better than gambling. It can have a demoralizing effect. It gives the impression that one need not work at all to become rich.

So it does. It has never occurred to Tom me that lottery is an evil.

they were poor so that they could be

free from care and from social envies

and jealousies. How sweet and happy

the house of the poor is! How loving

and united its members are in the

common interest of supporting the

### EXERCISE 161

### Is poverty a handicap?

Why does Mr. Joshi Kishore:

unhappy? He is a millionaire and has no cause to worry.

(Give us this day) our daily bread.

Do you think Ashok those who have plenty of money can be happy and get a lot out

of life?

Yes. They can Kishore:

get whatever they want and make their life as comfortable as possible.

That's what most of us suppose. We Ashok : don't realize that the rich are usually unhappy. We wrongly think poverty is a handicap. Many rich men wish family! There is more genuine satisfaction in life in the humble cottage of the poor man than in the luxurious mansions of the rich. Moreover, the rich are more prone to vices than the poor. Poverty is not a handicap, but a blessing.

Your words remind me of what Jesus said to his disciples: "It is easier for a camel to go through the eye of a needle than for a rich man to enter into the kingdom of God!" Many strong, eminent men have sprung from the ranks of the poor.

### EXERCISE 162

You are not

keeping good health.

Any conson?

Kishore:

Patient: Good morning.

> doctor ! Can you spare me a few minutes?

Doctor Certainly Come in and sit down. Now. what is

the matter with

you?

I've caught a cold, and I'm constantly Patient

coughing.

Doctor : You aren't running a temperature, are

you?

Patient I suppose I'm not.

Let me examine you... Your heart and Doctor :

lungs seem to be all right. Now open your mouth wide... Now breathe in deeply through the nose... There doesn't seem to be anything radically wrong with you. But you are a little run down. Take a complete rest. Get these tablets at a chemist's. Take two tablets twice a day. You should be all right in three or four days.

Parient : Thank you doctor.

Doctor : Not at all.

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### THE APPRECIATION OF POETRY

### EXERCISE 163

1. (a) The poet condemns the kind of life full of care, which allows us no time to enjoy the beauty of nature.



(b) The 'stars' are the flowers that have dropped into the stream from the plants growing on the bank.

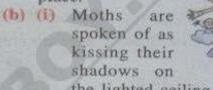
(c) This is Personification. 'Beauty' is represented as a person.

- (d) A glance at a beautiful object gives us delight. If we continue to look at it, the delight redoubles. the personification employed above is continued in these lines. The poet speaks of the hectic life which allows us no time to stop for a while to experience intense delight when we see a beautiful object.
- 2. (a) The poet regards great books as friends who can always be relied upon. Their company delights him. They provide solace when he is in misery. He feels that he is greatly indebted to them.

(b) They are the books which contain the minds of the great.

- (c) The poet's friends are the books. They can never part from him. They have been and will be helpful to him all his life.
- (d) The poet has often shed tears in gratitude for the books, which have been of great help to him.
- 3. (a) We should not think that whatever we have done or said is past and that we need not be concerned about it. Our actions and words have to be accounted for on the Day of Judgement.
  - (b) The seeds which we scatter carelessly grow to be plants or trees and the seeds yielded by these plants or trees grow to be plants or trees in turn, and so on. So also the effect of our actions will remain for ever. The effects of our bad actions are compared to weeds and those of our good actions to beneficial plants.

- (c) We act and speak carelessly. We little know that our actions and words will last and have to be answered for on the Day of Judgement.
- (d) On the Day of Judgement we meet the dreadful consequences of our actions.
- 4. (a) The poet sees sweet content in high and low ranks. He finds it in some quiet place.



the lighted ceiling as they dance around.

Heaven's bright face is represented

- (ii) Heaven's bright face is represented as twitching with the innumerable stars.
- (c) (i) "Blink with the blind bats' wings":
  Here three words ("blink", "blind",
  "bat") begin with the same letter.
  This is Alliteration.
  - (fi) "heaven's bright face...... thousands there": Heaven is personified. This is Personification.
  - (d) 'Content'.
- (a) Keats had read widely in English literature, particularly poetry.
  - (b) Homer is profound and difficult to understand.
  - (c) On reading Chapman's translation of flied. Keats felt like an astronomer when he discovers a new planet, or like Coretz when he stared at the Pacific with the eagle's eyes.
  - (d) "Much have I travelled in the realms of gold"
  - (e) "Pure serene": spendid thoughts contained in Homer's work.

    "eagle eyes": eyes as keen as an eagle's.
    "wild surmise": thoughtfulness tinged with excitement.



### PARAPHRASING

#### EXERCISE 164

1. Some people complain when they encounter a small misfortune in the course of their thoroughly happy life. On the other hand, there are some who feel quite satisfied and are grateful to God for His mercy if they come upon a small piece

tune during their miserable life.

of good for-

- 2. If we study the lives of great men we are reminded that we too can achieve greatness and, when we die, leave behind us footmarks so that in future somebody who is desolate like a shipwrecked sailor may, on seeing our footmarks, have guidance and be infused with new life.
- 3. More things can be accomplished by prayer than people imagine. Let your voice of prayer, therefore, rise from the depth of your heart for me, like a fountain coming up from the bosom of the earth. If men, who have knowledge of God, do not lift their hands in prayer for themselves and for their friends, they are no better than sheep or goats, which are devoid of intellect.
- This world is full of miseries. None can find here perfect happiness. Happiness, if it is found, is accompained by sorrow. It seems to be wise, and may not be an offence against the law of love, to compare our lot with the lot of those who are less fortunate, so that we may put up with our moderate misfortunes and sympathise with others who are more miserable.
- God, whatever the place of our birth, our language, or our complexion. Even after death we shall not be divided according to our language, colour, nationality or country. Our common Father, to whom we owe our life and activity, is our impartial judge, to whom distinctions of race, colour or languages have no meaning whatever. He will judge us strictly according to our actions, good or bad, which he will assess with the utmost impartiality.
- 6. There once stood a school in that spot

- fenced with gorse that puts forth beautiful flowers, which there are none to enjoy. The schoolmaster, who taught in that noisy building, was a strict disciplinarian. He was fearful to look at. All truants including the writer had experience of his sternness. Every morning, looking at their teacher's face. the trembling pupils used to forebode the misfortunes which the day had in store for them. He often cracked jokes and, whenever he did, they laughed with pretended joy. When he frowned, the terrible news was conveyed from one boy to another through whispers and circulated all around. Nevertheless, he was good-natured. If he was severe, it was because he was keen that his pupils should learn well.
- 7. It may be a weakness to love the place where we played in our childhood, but such weakness is praiseworthy. The man who is not moved by that scene is stone-hearted and incapable of being moved by anything. The wall on which we carved our names still visible; the bench on which we sat while fully occupied in reading, though it is damaged; the young children with their buttons unfastened, playing the same games on the same spot: all these are delighful to look at and call back to the mind our childhood pleasures. We seem almost to be sweet innocent children again.
- Human activities are made up of trifles and half of our misery is due to our failings. The real joy in life is derived from peace and ease. Only a very small number of men can save or serve their fellowmen, but it is possible for all men to be amiable. Every rude person should realize that a small act of unkindness causes great pain. We may not find ourselves able to bestow plentiful gifts on others, but it is quite possible to restrain ourselves from offending them. We may not be able to give them large quantities of wealth, to favour them with high positions, or to give them perfect health. But we are endowed with the capability to con-

other for doing wrong, and resist taunts.

God has ordained that happiness in life shall depend on these factors and misfortunes vanish when one has a true friend.

9. Now came quiet Evening. Twilight enveloped everything in grey light. There was silence. Beasts retired to their beds of grass and birds to their nests. The nightingale, which was awake, sang her love-song throughout the night. Her song was so engaging that silence did not mind being disturbed. The sky, covered with stars, looked as if it was adorned with sapphires.

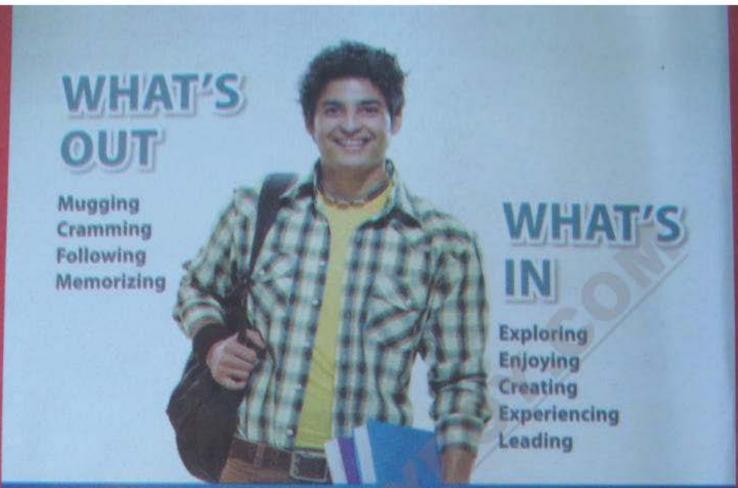
from behind a cloud in her queenly majesty and revealed her matchless splendour so that the world was enveloped in silver light.

10. If a person suffers misery as a result of his virtue, he deserves reverence. If his misery is due to some ill luck, he deserves sympathy. If it is due to vice he ought not to be affronted because his misery itself is perhaps a punishment proportional to his evil conduct. The nature of the man who censures a criminal about to be executed is not worthy of praise.

Hersperes, the leader of the stars, shone

most brilliantly till at last the moon rose





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